THE COMPILER.

A DEMOCRATIC AND FAMILY JOURNAL.

BY H. J. STAHLE. "TRUTH IS MIGHTY, AND WILL PREVAIL." TWO DOLLARS A YEAR.

40TH YEAR. GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.: MONDAY, OCT. 26, 1857. NO. 5.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

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Wm. B. McClellan,

Attorney at Law.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, 2 doors west of the Sentinel office. Gettysburg, August 22, 1853.

D. M'Conaughy,

Attorney at Law,

(Office removed to one door West of Buehler's Drug & Book-store, Chambersburg street.)

Attorney & Solicitor for Patents and Pensions,

BOUNTY Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other Western States.

☞ Apply to him personally or by letter. Gettysburg, Nov. 21, 1853.

Edw. B. Buehler,

Attorney at Law,

WILL faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store. Gettysburg, March 20.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

DENTIST.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran church, in Chambersburg street, and opposite Grammer's store, where those wishing to have any **Dental Operation** performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES: Dr. D. Gilbert, Dr. C. N. Berlachy, Dr. D. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D.D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. William M. Reynolds, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, Prof. H. L. Stover. Gettysburg, April 11, 1853. tf

Bounty Land Claims.

THE undersigned will attend promptly to the collection of claims for Bounty Lands under the late act of Congress. Those who have already received 40 or 80 acres, can now receive the balance, by calling on the subscriber and making the necessary application.

JOEL B. DANNER. Gettysburg, March 13, 1855. tf

Auctioneering.

ANDREW W. FLEMMING, residing in Breckinridge street, near James Pierce's, Gettysburg, offers his services to the public as a *Sale Crier and Auctioneer*. His charges are moderate, and he will on all occasions endeavor to render satisfaction. He hopes to receive a share of public patronage. Aug. 17, 1857.

REMOVAL.

WINGERD, WHITE & SWOPE,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES, CAPS, & STRAW GOODS; ALSO, IN FASHIONABLE

Moleskin, Silk, Felt and Fur Hats,

N. W. cor. BALTIMORE & HOWARD STS.,

Adam B. Wingerd, Daniel S. White, John A. Swope. } BALTIMORE, MD.

Aug. 3, 1857.

Tailoring.

Removed a Few Doors South of the Old Stand.

J. H. SKELLY respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally, that he continues the *TAILORING BUSINESS*, near his old stand, in South Baltimore street, where he will be happy to accommodate all who may patronize him. All work entrusted to his care warranted to fit and be of most substantial make. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage.

☞ *The New York Spring and Summer Fashions* are received. Call and see them. Gettysburg, April 9, 1855.

Black Silk Hats.

FALL and Winter Style, just received and for sale at COBEAN & PAXTON'S Fashionable Hat, Cap, Boot and Shoe Store.

COOK STOVES!—Four styles of Cook Stoves—the Noble Cook, Royal Cook, William Penn, and the Sea Shell—for sale at the Ware Room of SHEADS & BUEHLER.

STOVES!—Every variety of Cook, Parlor, Saloon and Office Stoves can be seen at the Ware Room of Sheads & Buehler, in West Middle street. Our Stoves are all purchased in Philadelphia, and will be sold cheaper than they can be bought at retail in the city or elsewhere. Call and see them. SHEADS & BUEHLER.

LUMBER!—On hand a supply of Lumber, of best quality. Orders for any amount can be filled Yard on Washington street, near Railroad street. SHEADS & BUEHLER.

MUSIC.—Violins, Flutes, Guitars, Accordeons, Harmonicans,—in short, from a Seraphine down to a Jew's Harp—now on hand and for sale at SAMSON'S.

POWDER and SHOT, the best manufactured, to be had at NORBECK'S.

PARLOR COOK.—This Stove is especially adapted to Dining Rooms and will recommend itself on the score of economy and convenience. It is very ornamental. Call and see it. SHEADS & BUEHLER.

FRUITS and Confections, nice and fresh, just from the city, to be had at GILLESPIE & THOMAS'.

FLOUR, CORN & OATS bought at all times by J. NORBECK, corner of Baltimore and High streets.

MENS and Boys' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, of all kinds, and at all prices, as cheap as the cheapest, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

SILVER.—A lot of Silver Spoons and Silver Forks, at low as city prices, now for sale at SCHICK'S. Call soon, as they sell rapidly.

The Muse.

A PLAIN MAN'S PHILOSOPHY.

BY CHARLES MACKAY

I've a guinea I can spend,
I've a wife, and I've a friend.
And a troop of little children at my knee, John Brown,
I've a cottage of my own,
With the ivy overgrown,
And a garden with a view of the sea, John Brown.

I can sit me at my door,
By my shady sycamore,
Large of heart, though of very small estate, John Brown;
So come and drain a glass
In my arbor as you pass,
And I'll tell you what I love and what I hate, John Brown.

I love the song of birds,
And the children's early words,
And a loving woman's voice, low and sweet, John Brown;
And I hate a false pretence,
And the want of common sense,
And arrogance, and fawning, and deceit, John Brown.

I love the meadow flowers,
And the briar in the bowers,
And I love an open face without guile, John Brown;
And I hate a selfish knave,
And a proud conceited slave,
And a lout who'd rather borrow than he'd toil, John Brown.

I love a simple song,
That awakes emotions strong;
And the word of hope that raises him who faints, John Brown;
And I hate the constant whine
Of the foolish who repine,
And turn their good to evil by complaints, John Brown;

But ever when I hate,
If I seek my garden gate,
And survey the world around me, and above, John Brown,
The hatred dies my mind,
And I sigh for human kind,
And excuse the faults of those I cannot love, John Brown.

So, if you like my ways,
And the comforts of my days,
I will tell you how I live so unvex'd, John Brown;
I never scorn my health,
Nor sell my soul for wealth—
Nor destroy one day the pleasure of the next, John Brown;

I've parted with my pride,
And I take the sunny side,
For I've found it worse than folly to be sad, John Brown;
Keep a conscience clear,
I've a hundred pounds a year,
And I manage to exist and to be glad, John Brown.

Miscellaneous.

Gen. Hardun's Resignation.

The General had been many years in commission, and it seemed to the anxious ones who were waiting either for his death or resignation, in order to advance, that neither of those desirable events would ever take place. The old man was tough—"devilish tough"—and clung to life and office with all the tenacity of a dog to a bone. He was a rare specimen of the "good fellow," and not a voice would have been heard even among the youngly ambitious to move for his removal. He was thus tolerated, although he was a sad block in the way of their official progress.

Their patience at last became exhausted, and after consulting together they agreed upon a ruse by which the old General would be driven into a resignation. Having laid their plans they prepared to carry them into execution.

One of them meeting the General the next day shook hands with him very cordially and told him he had just heard of his resignation, which he hoped was not true, and, before the General had a chance to reply, begged the old man to partake of a supper with a party of his fellow officers the next evening, as a parting tribute.

The General was much surprised, and informed his friend that he hadn't any intention of resigning and couldn't think, for the life of him, where the report came from. After a few remarks more on both sides they separated.

The General plodded along by himself thinking over what had been said and muttering—"What the devil does it mean? Have I said anything about resigning when I have had too much wine on? Perhaps I have."

"Good morning, General," said another officer, meeting him; "How are you this morning, sir?"

"Very well, very well, thank'ee," replied the General.

"So," continued the other, "you are going to resign, General; well, you have served the State long and faithfully and I should think you would like to rest."

"Where did you hear about my resigning?" said the General, more surprised than before.

"Col. Jones told me," was the reply; "I was in there after you had gone last night. Why can't you meet us to-morrow night at the tavern, General? We think of getting up a little supper in honor of your resignation."

"Thank you," said the General, "I'll be there."

The General turned away with the impression that he had, the night previous, while under the influence of the Colonel's wine, given the intimation that he was going to resign. "Hang my tongue at both ends," said he, "this is a queer state of things. I never thought of resigning. But——"

"Ah, General, good morning; glad to see you," said Col. Jones, coming abruptly upon his superior. "Well, your intended resignation gives the boys a chance to manifest their regard for you. They are having a fine supper preparing, to come off to-morrow night, in your honor, and you must reserve all your fire."

The General laughed, slapped his friend, the Colonel, on the back, and said, "Certainly, Jones; the fire of the flint is here yet. Good for twenty years."

He did not dare to ask Jones for an explanation, because it would be an admission that he was weak headed and approaching towards dotage to acknowledge that he had been overcome by wine, and that was the only way by which he could account for the resignation which they spoke about. He had rather actually resign than labor under such a stigma as this, and accordingly he said—

"Well, Jones, you know I've been in the service a good while, and want a little quiet; so you see I think it is best to resign. The poetry of 'dying in harness' is very well, but hang me if I fancy it."

They shook hands and parted—the General in a whirl of perplexity, and the Colonel in a fever of fun at the success of the ruse.

The next night a splendid supper was prepared, and a large number of military guests invited, who attended in the tallest feather.—The General was there in full regimentals, his face glowing with the excitement of the moment and from other causes, and the whole affair, as the village paper said the next morning, was "splendidly gotten up, happiness waved her illumined wing over the scene, and the genius of cheerfulness rested in genial content on every heart and beamed on every countenance." The Colonel, to quote the same authority, "presided at the table with his usual dignity," and when the cloth was removed he called upon all to fill their glasses to respond to a sentiment which he had to offer, which he would preface by a few remarks.

"We have," said he, "as our honored guest this evening, our beloved General Hardun, whose long service has been fully appreciated by us in common with the whole community. We rejoice to meet with him on this occasion, although our meeting is not one of unalloyed festivity. There is one bitter ingredient in our cup: General Hardun has signified his intention of resigning! This announcement, I need not say, was as unexpected as it was painful. Our connection has been so long and intimate that parting seemed impossible, yet such is the decree of fate. But while you flag floats in triumph over our head will we remember the undying glory shed upon it by the illustrious man who now withdraws from its support. I pledge you the health and long continuance of our gallant friend, Gen. Hardun."

The speech was received with nine cheers, and a "Tiger," perhaps, but whether the growl which now resounds from all sorts of junglos was then known is a matter of doubt. The greatest enthusiasm was displayed, and his health was drunk in three brimming glasses, one after another. As soon as silence was restored the General rose to respond.

"Friends," said he,—holding to the table, for his emotions made him unsteady, and his voice was husky, from the same cause,—"Friends, your kindness overpowers me. I never till this moment dreamed that I was half so much regarded by you. Gentlemen, fellow soldiers, brethren in arms—it gives me pleasure to meet with such good fellows. My association with you has been of the most pleasant, I may say glorious character. We have long served together on the tented field, and fought, bled and died, so to speak, or would have done so, at duty's call, cemented together like bricks in the deadly imminent breathes of war. With a full remembrance of this, I will say, that in view of all your regard and of the feeling you display about losing me, I should be an ingrate if I allowed a selfish consideration to inspire me. Therefore, whatever I may have said about resigning, I hereby retract and declare that I'll stick to you to the last. It will be impossible for me to leave such a glorious set of boys."

A shout of laughter responded to the speech, and Col. Jones gave an extended wink around the board very expressive of the belief which he at that moment entertained that they were all especially humbugged, and that the General wasn't. This impression continued till the next day, when the ones who ordered the supper had to pay the bills.

Where did that Man Go To?—In a certain hotel in this village, there is employed a certain bar-tender who is in the habit of taking his "tod" pretty freely, but always makes it a point never to drink in the presence of his employer. A few days ago, while he was in the act of drawing his "tod" preparatory to taking a drink, the employer came into the bar-room rather unexpectedly.—Finding himself caught in the act, he set the tumbler and its contents on the counter, and casting his eyes around with a look of surprise, exclaimed:—"*Where in thunder did the man that ordered this drink go to!*"—*Newburgh Telegraph.*

Lend Your Paper.—By all means lend your paper. Do not suffer a man who is too mean to buy it to go without it. He borrows it every week. Do lend it to him. Don't give him a hint to take it himself. He won't do it.—Be kind, lend it before you have read it, and then ask him if he would not like to borrow your cup of hot coffee.—*Exchange.*

☞ An assembly of friends, a lady was apologised for by an acquaintance, who said she was detained by a little incident. "Ah, yes!" exclaimed Mrs. Clatterbell, "a beautiful little 'incident' it was, too—weighs just nine pounds and a half."

☞ An Irish woman, who had been convicted of illegally selling spirits, on receiving sentence, fervently clasped her hands and prayed that "his Honor might never live to see his wife a poor widow and obliged to sell rum to support the childer."

Bit of Advice.

Have you enemies? Go straight on and do not mind them. If they get in your way, walk around them, regardless of their spite. A man that has no enemies is seldom good for anything—he is made of that kind of material which is so easily worked that everybody has a hand in it. A sterling character—one who thinks for himself, and speaks what he thinks, is always sure to have enemies. They are as necessary to him as fresh air—they keep him alive and active. A celebrated character, who was surrounded by enemies, used to remark: "They are sparks, which if you do not blow will go out themselves." Let this be your feeling while endeavoring to live down the scandal of those who are bitter against you. If you stop to dispute, you do but as they desire, and open the way for more abuse. Let the poor fellows talk; there will be a reaction, if you but perform your duty, and hundreds now alineated from you, will flock to you and acknowledge their error.

A Source of Eloquence.—Daniel Webster, on being commended for his eloquence on a memorable occasion, is said to have replied:

"Sir, I am far from thinking that my poor effort the other day had the remotest claim to the panegyric you have been pleased to bestow upon it; but if anything I have ever said or written deserves the feeblest encomiums of my fellow-countrymen, I have no hesitation in declaring that for their partiality I am indebted, solely indebted, to the daily and attentive perusal of the Sacred Scriptures, the source of all true poetry and eloquence, as well as of all good and all comfort."

Mrs. Partington on Banks.—"Are you afraid of Banks failing?" asked the cashier, as Mrs. Partington went to draw her pension. "Banks failing!" said the dame; "I never had any idea about it at all. If he gets votes enough I don't see how he can fail, and if he don't I can't see how he is to help it." "I meant," said he, "the banks that furnish currency for the country." She stood a moment counting her bills.—"Oh, you did, did you?" said she; "Well, it's about the same thing. If they have money enough to redeem with—and Heaven knows there's need enough for redemption for a good many of them, and more grace than they allow their customers—they may stand it; but doubtful things are uncertain." She passed off like an exhalation and the cashier counted out one hundred and fifteen dollars and seventeen cents fifteen times while pondering what she said, in order to catch her meaning.—*Boston Gazette.*

Logical.—"John," inquired a dominie of a hopeful pupil, "what is a nailer?"

"A man who makes nails," replied hopeful, quite readily.

"Very good. Now what is a tailor?"

"One who makes trils!" was the equally quick reply.

"Oh! you blockhead," said the dominie, biting his lip—"a man who makes tails!—did you ever!"

"To be sure, sir," quoth hopeful,—"if the tailor didn't put tails to the coats he made, they would all be *jackets!*"

"Eh!—eh!—well!—to be, sure. I didn't think of that. Beats Watts' Logic. Go to the head of the class, John—you'll be President of the United States some day."

To Preserve Apples.—Weigh equal quantities of good brown sugar and apples. Peal, core, and mince them small. Boil the sugar, allowing to every three pounds a pint of water. Skim it well, and boil it pretty thick. Then add the apples, the grated peel of one or two lemons, and two or three pieces of white ginger. Boil till the apples fall, and look clear and yellow. Apples prepared in this way will keep for years.

☞ "Well," said his honor to an old negro, who had been hauled up for stealing a pullet, "what have you to say for yourself?" "Nuffin but dis, boss—I was crazy as a lodbug when I stole dat ar' pullet, cos I might hab stole de big rooster—and I neber done it. Dat shows 'clusively dat I was laboring under delirium tremendous."

☞ The following is the inscription on a tombstone in San Diego, California: "This year is sacred to the memory of William Henry Shrunken, who came to his death being shot with a Colts' revolver—one of the old kind, brass-mounted, and of such is the kingdom of heaven."

☞ Men who boast loudly that they never show quarter are certain in times of danger to show none but their hind ones.

☞ The Siamese twins, now about 45 years of age, have fourteen children. They are about to proceed to Cuba to exhibit themselves.

☞ "What are the chief ends of man?" asked a school-teacher of his pupils.—"Head and feet," was the prompt reply. The teacher fainted.

☞ Whenever you see a lady whom you think handsome, ask your wife's opinion on the subject. That is the way to get free, unbought opinion of the people.

☞ "I say, Pat, isn't one man as good as another?" "Of course he is, and a great dale better."

☞ To resuscitate a drowned Englishman, broil beef under his nose.

Hard Times—A Remedy.

"Really, the times are so hard," says Mrs. Spendall, "I don't know what we are coming to. Mr. Spendall looks as blue as indigo if I hint at money, and talks of nothing but failure and ruin.—I can't understand it." We understand it, Mrs. Spendall; you constantly carry the solution of the problem about with you. Your costly and innumerable dresses, your costly handkerchiefs and collars, and your extravagant jewelry, plainly indicate what the trouble is.—Then there are your wasteful and ungoverned servants, and your own idleness and spendthrift habits generally. No wonder your husband looks blue, and "talks of failure and ruin." You are enough to ruin any man. And if you would avert the threatening calamity, *go to work.* Discharge your servants, sell your gewgaws, retrench expenses, stay at home, make yourself useful, save your husband from "failure and ruin," and be happy—which you never can be while you are simply ambitious to rival other women as stupid as yourself, in senseless display and stupendous selfishness.—*N. Y. Ledger.*

Don't Press.

There is a good deal of truth embodied in the following anecdote, which is worthy of special attention just now.—Don't press a creditor if you can possibly avoid it. Times are hard just now, and by and by he may work through, if he has a reasonable chance.

It is related of a Frenchman who had deposited a sum of money for safe keeping with a friend, that hearing the latter was about to fail, he called upon him and said, "Sare, I wants my monie." "Certainly, sir," replied the other, drawing out his check book from which he was about to fill up a check, when the Frenchman said, "Stop, sare, you got ze monie?" "Why of course," said his friend, "I will give you a check for it immediately." "No, no," said the Frenchman, "if you got ze monie, I no want him, but if you no got him zen I wants him."

☞ It was rumored on Monday last that a "run" would probably be made on the Salina Bank, whereupon a crowd of "Salt Pointers" gathered around the doors of the institution, threatening personal chastisement and "riding on a rail" to all who attempted to embarrass the bank. The run was not made. Bank officers who are anxious to keep their specie will made a note of the example.

☞ One of the clergymen at a recent camp meeting in Tolland county, Ct., was opposed to the use of tobacco as incompatible with true piety! Speaking of the raising of tobacco in the Connecticut River valley, as connected with the worship of Mammon, he "wished that God Almighty would send a hail-storm and destroy the whole crop on the river!" An exemplary christain, that!

☞ There is a place in Pennsylvania known as Troverton Manor, which has been described as being covered with stones, and under each stone there were fifteen rattlesnakes, and nothing but hemlock knots and huckleberries were produced in addition to stones and rattlesnakes. Fremont had a majority there last fall.

☞ "Tom, you sot," said a temperance man to a tippling friend, "why do you drink such stuff as you do? Why the very hogs wouldn't touch that brandy?" "That's 'cause they is brutes," said Tom. "Poor creatures! they dunno what's good."

☞ "Isn't it time to think about getting up?" said the wife as she rattled at the door. "Yes, my dear, I have been thinking about it an hour and a half."

☞ We have no personal experience in the matter, but there seems no quackery in this recipe: "If you wish to cure a scolding wife, never fail to laugh at her with all your might until the cease, then kiss her."

☞ "You've destroyed my peace of mind, Betsy," said a despairing lover to a truant lass. "It can't do you much harm, John, for it was an amazing small piece you had, any way."

☞ In one of the Courts lately there was a long and learned discussion as to whether a witness should be allowed to answer the question "What did Mary say?" Three judges gave long and elaborate opinions in the affirmative, and the question being repeated, the answer was "Not a word."

☞ Some of the Western papers have placed their money columns in mourning, by inverting the column "rules" and putting an obituary head at the top.

Death at a Wedding.—A young man named White, who attended a wedding party in Lancaster county, Pa., last Thursday week, drank too much, and was found dead on the premises the next morning.

☞ At the Buffalo fair grounds a day or two since an Indian ran ten miles in 56 minutes and 19 seconds—a speed unprecedented.

☞ Poverty is no disgrace, save in the eyes of fools whose forefathers were paupers.

☞ The good heart, the tender feeling, and the pleasant disposition, make smiles, love and sunshine everywhere.

The Financial Pressure.

The present Bank crisis is leading to a general discussion of the banking system, and the current is running for a more enlarged specie basis, for further limitation of discount, and against bills under $10 or $20. The New York Courier has this view:

I. A limitation of bank circulation to three dollars for one of specie. II. No bills under five dollars for the present; and none under twenty dollars after January, 1859. III. Loans on all to be limited to five per cent of capital. IV. Long credits to be relinquished by our importers and jobbers—4 to 6 months to be substituted for 8 to 9 months.—V. No loans to be granted to Railroad companies except in extreme cases; no Railroad companies can be well managed whose expenditures exceed their receipts. VI. Abolish the usury laws, and let money be free between the borrower and lender.

Logical.

The Black Republicans are mixing up their old familiar cry of "Bleeding Kansas" with an occasional squeak about the "tariff of 1846," and ascribing all manner of results to that cause. A bank loans about half of its capital to speculators in sugar, molasses, &c., who are thereby enabled to monopolize the stock of those articles and raise the price, for months, upon every family, rich and poor, in the land. A diminished consumption and increased production causes this nice little scheme to "gang agley," the speculation falls, the speculators deservedly are badly bitten, they tumble in, the bank loses the amount loaned to them, it totters, suspends, fails—a panic arises—a run ensues upon the Philadelphia banks—*they* suspend—other banks follow suit—and then "scurvy politicians" avail themselves of the occasion to impress upon those who are shallow enough to be so gulled that it is all attributable to the tariff of 1846!—*York Gazette.*

The Filibusters.—It is stated that orders have been issued to the commander of the gulf squadron to arrest the filibustering expedition wherever it may be found. Lord Napier has ordered Captain Erskine, who is in command of the British squadron, to take them and deliver them to the American commander.

☞ In Petersburg, Virginia, the other day, two free negroes were ordered to be whipped for attempting to fight a duel. It seems that they were both enamored of a wise old widow, who promised to marry both, provided one kept the secret from the other by keeping it to himself, and, also, provided that one steal more flour for her benefit from the mill, in which they both were working, than the other. The trick was discovered by one of the party, and a duel was the inevitable consequence. But they were arrested before either had fired a shot.

☞ The *Journal of Commerce* says: "A friend of ours, who a year or two ago bought two life policies, from passengers who were about going to California and who found this the only means of paying their passage, will soon come into possession of $4,500, by virtue of those policies, which did not cost him above $500. The parties whose lives the policies covered were on board the Central America on her recent trip to New York, and are among the lost."

☞ The Chicago *Democrat* says that there is a large produce house in that city which realized some thousands of dollars by having agents in New York to purchase a few hundred bushels of corn at a high figure, and send these sales by telegraph as the *true* condition of the market. As soon as these high prices get wind or change, the uninitiated buy corn of the very house in Chicago which has caused the fictitious advance in New York. Such sharp transactions are but a fair sample of the gambling which pervades all branches of trade.

☞ Louis and Mena Heldenbart, brother and sister, died near Niagara Falls, N. Y., from the effects of a dose of morphine, given in mistake for quinine by a druggist, in Niagara city.—These drugs are precisely similar in appearance and taste.

☞ James Ward, of Chicago, who owns a large number of houses, has been to his tenants and reduced the rents, in view of hard times, about twenty per cent. The newspapers are handing around the name of this man with a soul, and want to know who will go and do likewise.

☞ In Rochester, women who wear the "Bloomer uniform" are warned to do military duty. A good idea. As they want their rights, let them take the first instalment by carrying a fourteen pound musket through the mud all day.

☞ There is a chap out west with hair so red that when he goes out before daylight he is taken for sunrise, and the cocks begin to crow.

From Forney's Philadelphia Press of Wednesday last.

The Relief Bill A Law!

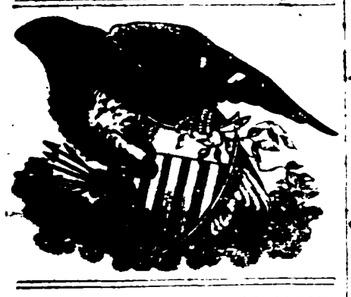
The passage of the relief bill is recorded in our correspondence from Harrisburg. Its provisions will be understood by the general reader, and require no elaboration at our hands.—We are gratified at this result. When the *principle* of legalizing suspensions was yielded, the *expediency* of fixing a time for resumption became comparatively subordinate. Our earnest hope is now, that the community of business men and the banks may once more act in concord and in confidence. The banks are on trial before the people, *and before the next Legislature.* We appreciate to the full all their difficulties. We know that they will be compelled to contract, in anticipation of the meeting of the new Legislature; but we think, and we are glad to believe, that that Legislature will not deal harshly by them, *should they honestly endeavor to sustain the soundest business men of Philadelphia.* Now, if ever, may they become great curses or great benefits to the working people. We are on the threshold of winter. Thousands of men have been thrown out of employment by the hard times. The worst apprehensions are entertained by the wisest men. The benevolent are preparing to extend support and comfort to the suffering poor. It is not, therefore, a question of politics, but of humanity, that animates us, when we say that it will best become us, in the times like these, to exert ourselves to lighten the common burden, by *confidence and by concession.* We postpone the subject of reform in the banks, before the vaster and weightier subject of relief to the discharged laboring man. Let this sentiment inspire us in all our actions between now and the meeting of the new Legislature.

We deem this a proper occasion to allude to the efforts of a few of the Opposition prints and leaders on the subject of the action of the Legislature.—General PACKER was yesterday elected Governor of Pennsylvania by a great majority. The Legislature which is to commence its session in January will be overwhelmingly Democratic. The facts are patent and notorious. But they should invoke us to no emotions of Revenge, because such prints as the *North American* have sought to revive old party prejudices against the Democratic party, and to array the merchants and manufactures of the State against the Democratic ticket—having, we regret to say, too well succeeded in their work of injustice. On the contrary, we must now *ignore* these miserable party partialities—these discreditable exhibitions of personal feelings, and go together as one man, resolved first to save the burning city, to rescue our threatened interests, and to pluck from the flames our fellowmen; and after this noble duty has been discharged, then to inquire who set the building on fire, and to punish him accordingly.—This will be the task of THE PRESS.—We shall labor faithfully and fearlessly to this end. We have no interests of our own to accomplish, beyond the love we bear to the State of our nativity.—We do not owe a dollar to any banker in the world. We are in favor of a new system of banking, as we believe this community is. We profoundly respect and will obediently follow the doctrines of the Democratic party. But we feel that we are now in the midst of an incredible Peril! For the present, party feelings must be postponed. There is a black cloud of dismay hanging over us. The best men, the strongest houses, have gone down into the great deeps of financial disaster. Credit, heretofore unimpaired; character, heretofore impregnable, has failed to save thousands from ruin. In such an hour, we cease to be a politician, and remember only that we are a man; and we see our first great duty in the fulfilment of our obligations to those who in any emergency would command our confidence, but who in this, the crisis of their extremest woe, command and expect our warmest sympathy and most energetic support.

Hoarding.—Now is the time when gold dollars are hid in old stockings. Now is the time when sixpences are tucked away in snob nosed teapots. Now money is laid by in cupboards—for mice to nibble; thrust into corners—for thieves to rummage; carried in wallets for pickpockets to grub at; hid behind the wood work—for the next generation to find; and buried in the ground to be lost and forgotten. Now men frantic to draw cash out of safe places and put into unsafe ones. Now poor families lose five per cent. for the purpose of having their savings where they will keep them awake of nights. Now farmers hang up dollars in the shot pouch behind the door, house-wives sew up gold pieces in their skirts, and travelers weigh themselves down with body belts of coin. Now the unprofitable servant who hid his talent in a napkin is canonized into a bright and shining Scriptural example, while those who "put their money to the exchanges" are looked askance upon, as rash speculators in Jewish Fancy Stocks. Now all money is distrusted but such as can be heard to chink. Now men privily put all their cash under lock and key, and then publicly lament that it has ceased to circulate. Now men with well filled pockets refuse either to pay their debts or forgive their debtors. Now the butcher must wait and the baker must go unpaid, and the printer must be put off for the nineteenth time. The era of hoarding has come round again with all its blind, unreasoning fears, and all its self-imposed curses of poverty, idleness, distrust and decay.—*Sunday Journal.*

☞ Winter is coming.

The Compiler.



H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, Oct. 26, 1857.

☞Hon. Geo. W. Brewer has our thanks for a copy of the fourth volume of the Transactions of the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society.

☞There is to be a grand military parade at Harrisburg on the inauguration of Gov. Packer.

☞We are glad to see our friend Hopkins, of the *Jeffersonian*, and the whole Democratic ticket elected in Chester county. *Col. H.* will make a capital member of the Legislature.

☞Rutherford (B. R.) is elected Senator in the Dauphin district by a majority of only 12 votes! Our friend Haldeman, of the *Patriot*, the Democratic candidate, made an extraordinarily good run, but, he could not quite reach it. We are sorry for it. Last year the majority in that Senatorial district against the Democracy was 1560!

☞President Buchanan has directed one of the new Sloops of War, ordered by Congress, to be built at the Philadelphia Navy Yard. This will afford employment during the fall and winter to hundreds of mechanics.

Snow Storm.—It is stated that a snow storm occurred in Preble county, Ohio, on Thursday morning week, and that the ground was quite white with snow, which remained until melted by the sun. The previous night it both rained and hailed pretty severely.

☞The Russian 84 gunship La Forte was recently capsized between Reul and Cronstadt, in the gulf of Finland, and *fourteen hundred souls*, including three admirals and the wives and children of the crew, were all lost but six.

☞It is rumored that some of the leading New York banks are making arrangements for an early resumption of specie payments. Several of them are now paying specie both on checks and bills where it is needed for legitimate purposes and not for speculation.

☞Bank men are divided in opinion as to the bill passed at the Extra Session, and doubtless the question of its acceptance will give rise to earnest debate in more than one Board of Directors. But we apprehend few or no Banks will reject it.

☞Banks of issue are unknown in California. The currency is all hard money, and for large transactions drafts.

Sickly.—The Waynesboro' *Record* says chills and fever are at present alarmingly prevalent in the neighborhood of Waterloo, about four miles southeast of Waynesboro'.—Scarcely a family in that region has thus far escaped attack from the disease.

Two Children Poisoned.—On Thursday two children of John Cahill, of Jersey City, N. J., were taken with violent spasms from eating the seeds of the Jamestown weed. The elder, a boy six years old, died the next morning, and the other, a little girl, aged four years, will, it is hoped, recover.

Conspiracies in Mexico.—Advices from Mexico to the 1st inst. state that a deep laid conspiracy to overthrow the government had been discovered and several arrests made, including ex-President Gen. Salas. Various other pronunciamentos are mentioned.

Grain at Chicago.—It is stated that there is no less than 25,000,000 bushels of grain in store in Chicago, but not more than 1,000,000 will be brought forward previous to the closing of the canals, for want of money to send it on.

Sharp, But True.—The Albany *Argus* says "the traffic in free negroes, as a political commodity, must soon cease. We expect to announce among the bankruptcies in November, the following: Greeley & Co., dealers in human wool—suspended, owing to the short crop, and the fact that the clip now on hand has no sale."

A Royal Wedding.—The Berlin correspondent of the Manchester Guardian says that it is understood that the marriage of Prince Frederick William with the Princess Royal of England will be celebrated at Buckingham Palace on the 18th of January, and the royal couple will make their public entry into Berlin on the 3d of Feb.

☞Thomas Allibone, Esq., has resigned the Presidency of the Bank of Pennsylvania—reason, ill health!

☞On the Hoosac Mountain, in Massachusetts, on the 18th inst., snow lay six inches deep.

☞The Philadelphia Morning Times, a republican paper, has ceased to exist.

The Last of the "Proviso."

When the Republican State Convention put David Wilmot *in nomination* for Governor, they did what every Democrat in Pennsylvania desired them to do. Mr. Wilmot was the author of the mischievous "Proviso" which bears his name, and which was the great issue of the last Presidential election. The principles of that "Proviso," Congressional interference in the domestic affairs of the Territories, was condemned by the people in the election of Mr. Buchanan. All that was wanted to complete the triumph of the defenders of the Constitution, was a verdict against the great agitator himself. That has now been had, and David Wilmot and his disunion doctrines will no longer trouble the true and loyal people of Pennsylvania. They have been sunk "deeper than plummet ever sounded," and with them has gone to the bottom all that was left of the great Republican party after the Presidential election. That party now sleeps a sleep from which no shriek for freedom can awake it. What we shall have in its stead is beyond our ken, but (remarks the Valley Spirit) it would be doing injustice to the Greeleys, the Chases and the Wilsons of the opposition, not to suppose that they will get up some other equally unpatriotic organization. But it will take them from now till the next Presidential election to get rightly under way again.

Exit Mr. Wilmot.

Mr. Wilmot, the candidate for Governor of the Republicans, departs the scene of his late troubles with little of dignity. We admonished him of his fate in advance, in the very kindest spirit. We foretold his fate. We implored him to desist from his labors. But he refused our counsel, and lo! he is almost as badly worsted as if he had started out to run for the fewest votes. There is a moral in the catastrophe. Mr. Wilmot was the author (putative or real) of the Proviso that bears his name. He has been a sort of trumpet of sedition ever since 1846, passing through various phases of politics since that time, and changing his coat and his name almost as often as the rider in the circus who starts out, like Mr. Wilmot, a very fat man, and ends a very lean one indeed. The only element to which he has been true in all his experience has been Abolitionism. But this has proved to be the saddest of all his speculations—it has weighed him down from the first, until it has sunk him, politically, deeper than plummet ever sounded. The place where he descended will be avoided by all aspiring politicians hereafter, as the fatal current is shunned by the cautious mariner. His overthrow ends the race of mere demagogues on the slavery question in this quarter. It stops the career of fanaticism in Pennsylvania. It completes and closes by such a popular decree as this nation has never yet seen, the career of a man, who, to gratify his own purposes, has for ten years disturbed and divided as happy a people as the sun, in all his course, has ever shone upon. There are larger lessons taught than this, but rarely one so forcible.—*Philadelphia "Press."*

Poetical—Political.

The following "refrain" is said to be "all the rage" with the party now preparing for a long voyage up Salt River:

"I never had a piece of bread,
Particularly large and wide,
But what it fell upon the floor,
And always on the buttered side!"

For particulars see result in this county.——Speaking poetically, by the by, we are inclined to think the politicians referred to above are a good deal in the same plight as the hapless wight who sings a lullaby to his own misfortunes in the following appropriate stanza:

"When I remember all
The girls I've met together,
I feel like a rooster in the fall,
Exposed to every weather;
I feel like one who treads alone
Some barn yard all deserted,
Whose oats are fled—whose hens are dead,
And off to market started."

Their "oats" have fled, *their* hens are dead, and off to market started, and a very poor market at that!

A Good Story Spoiled!

☞The following story was "going the rounds" in the Wilmot papers for several weeks before the election. They thought it "Good!"—"Capital!"—"Excellent!"

Are we Aground, Capting?—On the Mississippi once, not long since, there was a fellow passenger on a slow boat, a regular Varmounter, who looked as if he didn't know nothing, and allers did. He took notice of everything, and what was very remarkable for a Yankee, said very little. The Captain was a grum old specimen, who looked as if he were an old ship's figure head turned into life—a most forbidding sort of personage. The Yankee had once or twice signally failed to draw the Captain into a conversation, and looked as mortified as a Yankee usually does at a rebuff.

"Our boat" was a remarkably slow one, and presently, some miles astern, was descried a gallant steamer, which in a little while was nearly "neck and neck" with us—both going the same direction. In a few seconds the Peytona was leaving us far astern. The Varmounter quietly stepped up to the grum old Captain, and quietly said to him: "*Capting, ain't we aground?*"

The Captain made a threat to put the Yankee ashore, but he did not.

At the next election, some one, seeing the swiftness of the steamer David Wilmot, in the gubernatorial race, will say to the Captain of the steam tug Packer, *ain't we aground?*—*Philadelphia Sun.*

Well, it *is* rather a good story, now!

Think of "the swiftness of the steamer David Wilmot!" We begin to see the cream of the thing!—York Gazette.

"A Note Made of" Adams.

From the Fulton Democrat.

Adams County.—Our friend Stahle, of the Gettysburg *Compiler*, sends us good news. The entire Democratic ticket, from top to bottom, is elected.—Packer's majority is 463! The Democratic candidate for the Legislature, Will, has cleaned out the great Musselman!

From the York Gazette.

☞Scarcely a county in the State was derelict to duty last Tuesday—Every where unexpectedly favorable results were attained. But we do not think that any where a better fight was made than that by which the sterling Democracy of our neighbor ADAMS achieved the election of their entire county ticket, and contributed the handsome majority of 463 to the brilliant victory of their brethren on the state ticket. Wilmot was in Adams, too!

We heartily congratulate our friend Stahle, of the *Compiler*, upon a result that must be so deeply gratifying to him, as an evidence of the ability and fidelity with which he has conducted that staunch Democratic journal.

☞We feel proud of our county—proud of her people—proud of the party to which we belong. Our opponents cannot have the lame excuse to offer that they were not united, for there was a perfect union of the Republicans and Know Nothings against the Democratic party.

Few counties in the State are entitled to more credit than the "Young Guard," Adams. Our majority, 463, is a brilliant one, and worthy of our sterling people. Let our Democratic friends of the different townships remain united, and let harmony prevail in all our councils, and we will soon be able to give a much larger majority against our opponents, no difference what name they may hereafter fight under, or what principles they may advocate.

☞Your Jeremy Diddlers are always in earnest. One will rob a hen roost and appropriate the property to his own use with as grave unconcern as though it was the product of his own toil; and as to denying the theft, nobody can be more earnest—more innocent.

The *Star* is not unlike one of these fellows in *coolness*. It will assail with all the low epithets in its vocabulary the members of a prominent religious sect, as well as those of our citizens who first saw the light in another land; it will spit all the filth it can scrape up at respectable Democrats, and deal in the most extravagant laudations of the popularity of its own candidates. All this *before* election; but let the result be known and against its party, and then twit the editor playfully about it, and you have him rearing and pitching—complaining of "malevolence," "personal assaults," and so on, with all the *earnestness* imaginable—just as though he were sincere in what he was writing about! But it is sheer humbug from beginning to end, the coolness of which would be laughable, if it were not for the low state of political morals which it exhibits in the editor of that delectable sheet.

The *Star* to talk of "decency!" Satan might as well claim the purity of an angel.

☞The Opposition in this county appear to be in no little trouble to account for their *wholesale* defeat on Tuesday week. One wing contends that it was mainly owing to the *Star's* foolish harping on the "Molly Maguire" story; others that their ticket was lost by letting "*Sambo*" into the same harness with "*Sam*"—only to balk him; and still others insist that "*Sambo*" would *himself* have pulled the load through the mud, if it had not been for some of "*Sam's*" senseless conduct.

Whether the family quarrel will result in solving the problem to the satisfaction of all, managers and followers, is doubtful; but it is of no sort of consequence, at least so far as the Democracy are concerned. The Opposition ought to know by this time THE FACT that their principles are despised by the people of Adams county, and that all the cunning and underhand trickery of their leaders will avail nothing in view of it.

Their party might be run through a half dozen "Smut Machines," and if there should be anything clean left, it would be so small as to require microscopes to discover it. Badly, very badly *smutted!* But what else can be expected when "Sam" *and* "Sambo" *manage.*

☞"Where does Bushey stand?"—*Star.*

☞The people have elected him Prothonotary of Adams county, for three years, by the very handsome majority of 419! That's where he stands. Rather a comfortable position—and particularly so when compared with that of the opposition candidates.

"*Our* 'wheat' don't need cleaning."—*Star.*

☞Your wheat is like the old woman's cider—"*just all any more!*" It has been sprouting nothing but chaff for years, and now it seems to have run out altogether. Small loss to the public interests!

Steamer Sunk and Lives Lost.—St. Louis, Oct. 19.—The steamer Tropic was sunk in the Missouri river on Thursday, when eight or ten lives were lost.

THE OLD KEYSTONE.

Tremendous Majority for Packer and the Whole State Ticket!!!

The official returns from all the counties of the State have not been received. We will publish a full table of the result next week. The *Bulletin* contains the official vote of thirty counties, and estimates that General Packer's majority will be OVER FORTY-THOUSAND, as follows:

PACKER OVER WILMOT.	
Thirty Counties Official,	36,711
Twenty-one Counties Reported,	6,093
Packer's majority in 51 counties,	42,804
Thirteen Counties estimated to give a maj. for Wilmot of about	400
Probable majority for Packer	42,404

Although the vote on the Amendments to the Constitution is very small, the opposition to them throughout the State is quite insignificant, and they are adopted by a very large majority.

The Next Legislature.

The returns of the recent election in this State would indicate the following result:

	DEM.	K.N. REP.	DOUBTFUL.
Senate,	20	12	1
House,	71	29	
	91	41	1

Dem. majority on joint ballot, 49.

Of the 33 members of the Senate—13 Democrats and 8 Republicans hold over from last year. Of the new members elected, 7 are Democrats, 4 Republicans, and 1 doubtful.

Elections.

Minnesota.—Chicago, Oct. 22.—Returns from twenty-five counties in Minnesota give Sibley, the Democratic candidate for Governor, 1,700 majority. The fourteen counties to hear from will probably increase the majority.

Ohio.—Cleaveland, Oct. 22.—Official returns from 72 counties give Mr. Chase 2,027 maj. The indications are that the Senate will stand 15 republicans, 18 Democrats, and the House 47 republicans, 57 Democrats.



DEMOCRATIC JOLIFICATIONS.

Packer and the Whole Ticket!

☞The Democrats of Hamiltonban celebrated our Victory in the County and State, at Fairfield, on Thursday evening last, in handsome style. Pine-knot Bon Fires were kindled at five or six different points of the town, making it "as light as day" almost—a number of the dwellings were also illuminated, and a procession with torches and stirring martial music marched from one end of the village to the other. When the procession reached the residence of Isaac Robinson, Esq., a halt was called, and a short speech was made by H. J. Stahle. The line again formed, and arriving at Shively's hotel, a very pretty display of Fire Works, on a small scale, was had. When concluded, three cheers were proposed for the success of Packer and the Whole Ticket, and bravely given. The demonstration, which was in every respect gratifying, then closed.

☞The celebration of the Victory, on Saturday evening last, in Gettysburg, was a brilliant affair. Early in the evening, a Bon Fire was kindled in the Public Square, and a number of Transparencies with appropriate mottoes, were placed upon the long portico in front of Wattles's Hotel. Martial music then paraded the streets, and a large crowd assembling in front of the "Globe Inn," a speech of congratulation was made by E. B. Buehler, Esq. At the conclusion of his remarks the Fire Works were started in the Diamond, and continued an hour or more. The pieces consisted of verticle, illuminated and triangular wheels, battery, mines, rockets, bengolas, &c., eliciting throughout expressions of admiration from the large numbers of all ages and sexes, congregated in the vicinity. After the Display, a procession with martial music paraded nearly all the streets of the town, the most lively enthusiasm prevailing. Arrived at Wattles's, three cheers were given with a will in honor of the success of Packer and the whole ticket. S. J. Vandersloot made a brief speech, which ended the demonstration. Notwithstanding the "rainy" weather, the attendance was large, and the Fire Works "went off" very well.

☞The *Star* managers are determined that the editor of the *Compiler* shall be one of the "best abused" of men. We thank them for the compliment implied, and shall continue to pursue a straight-forward Democratic path, more firmly convinced than ever of the justice of our course and our cause. The "Maguires" will please consider us in their debt.

"It is rather a rich spectacle that of the editor of the *Compiler* assailing a man like John Scott."—*Star.*

☞Indeed! "On what meat doth *this* Cæsar feed, that *he* has grown so great?"

☞The Baltimore American, the most respectable Know Nothing paper in Maryland, in speaking of the Council Election in that City, says:

"The election for members of the First Branch of the City Council took place on Wednesday, and was, we regret to say, a mere mockery of the elective franchise, accompanied by riot and bloodshed."

☞Wilmot visited Adams during the late campaign. It is conceded that there are few ablar exponents of the doctrines of which he is the embodiment. Look at the result of his visit:

For Packer,	2365
For Wilmot,	1902
Maj. for Packer,	463!!!

The Recent Election in Baltimore.

We have before alluded to the scenes of riot, mob-violence and murder which were enacted in Baltimore, at the recent election held in that city. They were such as to shame even the former apologists of that political party by whose adherents the polls were surrounded, and peaceable, quiet citizens refused the privilege of depositing their votes!! We "hanker" after that comfortable feeling which is produced by the possession of one's "winter wood."

LOST!

A small Medallion, containing daguerreotypes of two of the children of the editor of the *Compiler*, has been lost.—The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office.

Thanksgiving Day.

Gov. Pollock, of Pennsylvania, has issued his proclamation setting apart the 26th of November as thanksgiving day, which is the same day designated in Maryland, New York and New Hampshire.

Property Sold.

The property of Samuel Miller, deceased, 42 acres, in Mountpleasant township, about one mile from the Railroad, was sold on Saturday week, at public sale, at $74,62½ per acre. Mr. John Hanes purchaser. The one half in hand, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest.

Mr. Samuel Hildt, of same township, also about one mile from the Railroad, sold his farm lately, 71 acres, for $60 per acre. One half in hand, and the balance in four equal annual instalments, without interest. Philip Hamler buyer.

Mr. Peter Haverstock, in the same neighborhood, about ¼ mile from the Railroad, lately sold his farm, 48 acres, for $1800—ten hundred in hand, and the balance in four equal annual payments, without interest. John Hayes stock purchaser.

The brick dwelling, late of Gen. Reed, in Gettysburg, was sold on the 10th, by Wm. M. Watts, Esq., Guardian of John Reed, for $2,000—Capt. R. M'Curdy purchaser.

The following properties of Thos. Warren were sold at public sale, on the 26th ult., by S. Weaver, Assignee:

Brick dwelling house on Carlisle street, to Shryock & M'Nair, for $2860—afterwards sold by them to D. M'Conaughy and John Horner, for $3000.

Brick dwellings on Chambersburg street, for $1575—Mathew Eichelberger purchaser.

Plastered house, corner of Chambersburg and West streets, $765—David Starner.

Lot adjoining above, $100—D. Troxel.

Lot do $100—P. Boitler.

Factory property in Freedom township, $1200—S. M'Nair.

Lot on West Middle street, $75—Waybright Ziegler.

5 acres near the College, $230—D. Kendlehart.

A Cunning Rogue.

A few weeks ago, a young man, pretending to be deaf and dumb, traversed the neighborhood between New Chester and New Oxford, asking charity by means of a printed paper; and, in the absence of the family, some of whom were a short distance from the house at the time, entered the dwelling of Jacob Melhorn, Esq., opened a bureau and took about $27 out of a pocket book, and a silver watch which was hanging in the room, and made his escape. The villain has not been heard of since.

Premiums to Adams County.

At the late Agricultural Fair in York, the following premiums were given to citizens of Adams county:—Christopher Rice, for a grey stallion, $12; Charles W. Griest, do. do., $3; Abraham Reiff, for a chesnut bay, $5; John R. Hersh, best boar under 2 years, $2—best breeding sow under 6 months, $1—best lot of pigs, $4; Joseph Shireman, best small seed planter, diploma and $2; the same, for best mower, diploma and $5.—*Sent.*

Death of Chester Case.

The gentleman whose sudden and violent death is noticed in the following paragraph, clipped from the *Reading Gazette*, was known to many of the citizens of this county, both in town and country, where and among whom he transacted business for many years and was well-esteemed:

"Chester Case, a silk pedlar, was killed at Cherryville, near Easton, Pa., on Friday last, while unhitching his horses. He had loosened the traces and was in the act of unloosening the tongue strap, when he fell, and the horses becoming frightened started off, and two wheels passed over his head, killing him instantly. He is well known throughout the country, and many in town had become acquainted with him, having been through this section very often. He was about sixty years of age, was a bachelor, and worth, it is said, about sixty thousand dollars.—From letters found in his pocket, it is supposed the deceased has a brother and sister living in Hartford, Connecticut. He was buried at Cherryville."

Snow.

On Tuesday morning, the 20th inst., we had quite a sudden change of air, from the pleasant and balmy to the cold, *blustering and bracing, in the midst of* which there was a fair specimen of a snow storm—fair for the first.

☞Our friend W. Ross White, Esq., of Freedom township, no doubt knowing something of our fondness for, and ability to make "a full hand" at, good things, sent us, the other day, a very fine Snapper—"alive and" *crawling*—one of the largest we have seen for years. Mr. W. has not only our thanks, but also those of the household.

Truth for Once.

It is not often we find a grain of truth in the New York *Herald*, but the following may be safely set down in that category. It is not the tariff, or any other measure of political economy, to which the country owes its present difficulties—but just what the *Herald* says—speculation, overtrading, and a wide spread demoralization among the business community. But to the *Herald* article itself:

Is it the Tariff?—Or is it the Banks and Stockjobbers?—The old Whig party hue and cry against a low tariff is raised again as the cause of our late excessive importations. Even the late free trade David Wilmot, of Pennsylvania, takes up this cry against the low tariff of '46 as the cause of the present revulsion; but we cannot concur with these high tariff philosophers in this solution of the financial troubles that have so thickly come upon us. No. We cannot trace them to the tariff of '46; but we can trace them to the banks and stockjobbers, the railroad and land speculators, the fashions, flummeries, fopperies, nincompoopories, extravagances, vanities, licentiousness, rogueries, defalcations, embezzlements, forgeries, frauds, perjuries, and all the other rascalities of a wide-spread demoralization among men and women, saints and sinners—from puritanical Boston to Sabbath-breaking New Orleans. These are the potent causes of a revulsion, and a two hundred per cent. tariff against these terrible evils of the times would have been as powerless as a row boat in the rapids of Niagara. Millionaire railroad jobbers, stockjobbers, banks, speculators, peculators, and forgers, fast young men, fast old men, fast women, fast horses, brandy, billiards and faro, French gewgaws, fashionable rivalries in wasting money, and all such rubbish, stuff and abominations, have done the business. The tariff of '46 can't be made the scapegoat of the revulsion of '57. We have been enjoying a high carousal, and are now called upon to foot the bills. That's all.

Heavy Failure.

Our exchanges are unanimous in the opinion that the heaviest failure of this great season of failures, occurred on Tuesday the 13th, when the firm of Wilmot & Co. made a dead break. Wilmot and Co. were extensive dealers in wood, and the sudden decline in that commodity has ruined them.

Local Matters.

WE WANT WOOD!

☞Winter is approaching, and yet we have no Wood laid in to meet its rigors. Will not such of our patrons as design paying their subscriptions in that article, be good enough to bring it in? We "hanker" after that comfortable feeling which is produced by the possession of one's "winter wood."

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The property of Samuel Miller, deceased, 42 acres, in Mountpleasant township, about one mile from the Railroad, was sold on Saturday week, at public sale, at $74,62½ per acre. Mr. John Hanes purchaser. The one half in hand, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest.

Mr. Samuel Hildt, of same township, also about one mile from the Railroad, sold his farm lately, 71 acres, for $60 per acre. One half in hand, and the balance in four equal annual instalments, without interest. Philip Hamler buyer.

Mr. Peter Haverstock, in the same neighborhood, about ¼ mile from the Railroad, lately sold his farm, 48 acres, for $1800—ten hundred in hand, and the balance in four equal annual payments, without interest. John Hayes stock purchaser.

The brick dwelling, late of Gen. Reed, in Gettysburg, was sold on the 10th, by Wm. M. Watts, Esq., Guardian of John Reed, for $2,000—Capt. R. M'Curdy purchaser.

The following properties of Thos. Warren were sold at public sale, on the 26th ult., by S. Weaver, Assignee:

Brick dwelling house on Carlisle street, to Shryock & M'Nair, for $2860—afterwards sold by them to D. M'Conaughy and John Horner, for $3000.

Brick dwellings on Chambersburg street, for $1575—Mathew Eichelberger purchaser.

Plastered house, corner of Chambersburg and West streets, $765—David Starner.

Lot adjoining above, $100—D. Troxel.

Lot do $100—P. Boitler.

Factory property in Freedom township, $1200—S. M'Nair.

Lot on West Middle street, $75—Waybright Ziegler.

5 acres near the College, $230—D. Kendlehart.

A Cunning Rogue.

A few weeks ago, a young man, pretending to be deaf and dumb, traversed the neighborhood between New Chester and New Oxford, asking charity by means of a printed paper; and, in the absence of the family, some of whom were a short distance from the house at the time, entered the dwelling of Jacob Melhorn, Esq., opened a bureau and took about $27 out of a pocket book, and a silver watch which was hanging in the room, and made his escape. The villain has not been heard of since.

Premiums to Adams County.

At the late Agricultural Fair in York, the following premiums were given to citizens of Adams county:—Christopher Rice, for a grey stallion, $12; Charles W. Griest, do. do., $3; Abraham Reiff, for a chesnut bay, $5; John R. Hersh, best boar under 2 years, $2—best breeding sow under 6 months, $1—best lot of pigs, $4; Joseph Shireman, best small seed planter, diploma and $2; the same, for best mower, diploma and $5.—*Sent.*

Death of Chester Case.

The gentleman whose sudden and violent death is noticed in the following paragraph, clipped from the *Reading Gazette*, was known to many of the citizens of this county, both in town and country, where and among whom he transacted business for many years and was well-esteemed:

"Chester Case, a silk pedlar, was killed at Cherryville, near Easton, Pa., on Friday last, while unhitching his horses. He had loosened the traces and was in the act of unloosening the tongue strap, when he fell, and the horses becoming frightened started off, and two wheels passed over his head, killing him instantly. He is well known throughout the country, and many in town had become acquainted with him, having been through this section very often. He was about sixty years of age, was a bachelor, and worth, it is said, about sixty thousand dollars.—From letters found in his pocket, it is supposed the deceased has a brother and sister living in Hartford, Connecticut. He was buried at Cherryville."

Snow.

On Tuesday morning, the 20th inst., we had quite a sudden change of air, from the pleasant and balmy to the cold, *blustering and bracing, in the midst of* which there was a fair specimen of a snow storm—fair for the first.

☞Our friend W. Ross White, Esq., of Freedom township, no doubt knowing something of our fondness for, and ability to make "a full hand" at, good things, sent us, the other day, a very fine Snapper—"alive and" *crawling*—one of the largest we have seen for years. Mr. W. has not only our thanks, but also those of the household.

The Amendments.

The following is the official report of the vote in Adams county on the Amendments to the Constitution of the State, which were not included in the published returns last week.

VOTE ON THE AMENDMENTS.

	1st		2nd		3rd		4th	
	For.	Against.	For.	Against.	For.	Against.	For.	Against.
Gettysburg,	318	21	314	24	319	23	314	22
Cumberland,	177	19	178	18	180	19	180	19
Littlestown,	80	44	80	44	23	99	77	44
Oxford,	46	12	45	11	47	12	44	14
York Springs,	236	30	227	32	239	29	227	31
Millerstown,	226	17	217	18	208	12	213	16
Berlin,	109	32	108	33	111	33	106	23
Menallen,	201	43	203	43	202	43	201	41
Hunterstown,	246	11	233	16	238	17	236	15
Franklin,	195	10	193	10	195	10	194	10
Conowago,	30	48	30	48	29	48	30	48
Heidlersburg,	116	5	115	6	112	6	111	5
Mountjoy,	154	13	153	13	154	13	155	12
Mt. Pleasant,	89	64	90	64	91	61	99	63
Hampton,	72	42	72	43	70	43	66	51
Berwick bor.,	41	4	39	3	40	3	40	4
Berwick tp.,	43	21	40	19	41	19	39	21
Freedom,	75	1	75	1	75	1	75	1
Union,	134	10	84	12	12	92	35	10
Butler,	75	45	76	44	75	41	77	42
Total,	2663	462	2522	502	2461	623	2525	503

Jurors—Nov. Term.

GRAND JURY.

Huntington—Jonas Johns, Jesse Johns.
Cumberland—Joseph Baily, Cornelius Lott.
Mountpleasant—Samuel Hanes, Philip Hemler.
Hamilton—Michael Dellone.
Oxford—Alex. Himes, John Stock, Henry Kuhn.
Conowago—John Rahn.
Mountjoy—David Zuck, Jacob Palmer.
Reading—Michael Bushey, Jacob Hains.
Germany—George Gonder, Rufus Dotterer.
Menallen—John McKendrick, Henry Beamer.
Union—Martin Grove.
Berwick—Daniel Bucher
Latimore—Christian Chronister.
Gettysburg—Samuel Weaver.
Liberty—Gregory P. Topper.

GENERAL JURY.

Huntington—Francis Coulson, Arnold Gardner, Leonard M'Elwee, Wm. B. Brandon, Jacob B. Miller, Wm. M'Geary, Thos. E. Gardner, Wm. R. Gardner, Warner Townsend.
Cumberland—David Horner, Jesse Sharretts, Wm. Ross, Daniel Heintzelman, Henry Butt, John F Currens, Wm. Allison.
Oxford—Peter Diehl,
Union—Enoch Lefever, Henry Gutelius, John Hostetter, jr.
Germany—Geo. Hesson, Abraham Rankert, Jacob Klunk,
Berwick—Michael Crist, David Hollinger, Henry Bittinger, Samuel Horner, Jeremiah Bender.
Menallen—Samuel Swope.
Gettysburg—Wm. Smith, Wm. Stallsmith, George Geyer.
Conowago—Jacob Dellone. John L. Gubenator, Jesse Waltman.
Hamiltonban—Henry Landis, Wm. Bowling, John Bennett, James H. Marshall.
Strabau—Isaac F. Brinkerhoff, Edward Moritz.
Latimore—James Gardner, Allen Robinette
Hamilton—Jacob Hartman,
Mountpleasant—Samuel Hilt.
Tyrone—John Eicholtz.
Reading—Henry Rummell, James Townsend.

☞Capt. Lightner has received his commission, and is now the Sheriff of Adams county. He will take up his quarters in the Jail building—*front* part—in a few days. That he will make in all respects an excellent officer, all who know the man must admit.

Sheriff Thomas retires with the honor of having discharged his public duties promptly and faithfully. No one has had occasion to regret supporting him for the position three years ago.

Look to your Chimneys.

A little care now may prevent a fire, and may be, a destruction of property. See that your chimneys are cleansed of the soot that has accumulated there during the last winter, before you make a rattling fire in your stoves.

☞You that are given to "blues," read "A Plain Man's Philosophy," on our first page. To make the best use of the hints they contain, we would suggest that the stanzas be cut out and pasted in your hats. We'll warrant that with an occasional perusal, you'll

"Manage to enjoy life to be glad, John Brown!"

☞Several columns of news matter will be found on the fourth page.

"Molly Maguire" Missed fire!

Mr. Editor:—You must have in your town a sorely disappointed pack of Know Nothing politicians. One of them appears in yesterday's *Star*, over the name of "Junius," dealing in filthy abuse of yourself and your journal.—Surely it cannot be that all this bile has been stirred up by the laughable caricature of "Molly Maguire" which some of your town boys got up whilst at the Hunterstown Democratic Meeting, for the benefit of such chaps as "Junius." I cannot believe that he could have bottled his wrath since that time; but must be allowed to suspect that it all comes of the sound drubbing which the candidates of his party got at the late election! That's where the shoe pinches, most likely!

"Junius" may *pretend* to be indifferent to political matters, but his real partisan feelings *will* occasionally stick out. "Straws show."

Oct. 24. Straban.

A Chapter of Horrors.—Boston, Oct. 19.—On Saturday night an affray occurred here in which Henry L. Sutton killed John Hilton and also stabbed John Donovan, supposed mortally. Sutton was captured after a desperate resistance, in which he stabbed Jacob Todd seriously. The same night policeman Hodgdon was killed by a pistol shot while arresting a suspected burglar.

New York, Oct. 19.—A man named Jno. Swenson was killed on Saturday night by three rowdies, whilst walking the streets, accompanied by his wife.—The murderers escaped.

An Unlucky Operation.—A man in Brooklin, N. Y., last Saturday, fearing a Savings Bank in that city would "bust," drew out $200—all he possessed. He told all his friends of his good luck in getting the money, took several drinks, got "tight," and had his pocket picked of every dollar. He did not make much by that operation.

☞The man in white pants has left town.

A Glorious Victory.

The result of the election in Pennsylvania has overwhelmed the Black Republicans, and forever sealed the fate of the traitorous crew. The people of the old Keystone have thus, in thunder tones, proclaimed to the world their devotion to the Union, and the triumphant election of Gen. PACKER and a Democratic Legislature has sounded the death-knell to the hopes of the Disunionists every where.

The majority for Governor PACKER, and the State Officers generally, will not be probably less than 42,000 over WILMOT, and 12,000 over WILMOT and HAZLEHURST combined.

The Democracy of Pennsylvania performed a great day's work on Tuesday.

Counterfeits.

The following description of a batch of counterfeit notes, which first made their appearance in Lancaster county a few weeks since, may be of some service to our citizens at the present time when *any kind* of money almost is eagerly taken. The dealers in counterfeit and bogus money will doubtless be on the alert in these pinching times to get rid of their rascally trash, and it would be well for every one to keep a sharp look out for them:

ONE—*Columbia Bank*, Columbia, Pa. Bank has no 1's.

THREE—*Columbia Bank*, Pa.—Bank has no 3's.

FIVE—*York County Bank*, Pa.—Vig. man and horse plowing—Franklin's head on right—girl on left end.

FIVE—*York County Bank*, Pa.—Vig. two men, horses and plow: Franklin on right; boy, girl and dog on left.

FIVE—*Columbia Bank*, Pa., altered—Vig. three females reclining: portrait of Washington on the right; goddess of liberty on left.

TEN—*Harrisburg Bank*, Pa.—Vig. Washington and Rittenhouse; canal boat on one end, and a male and female on the other; unlike the genuine.

Horrible Tragedy in Arkansas.—We learn that, on last Monday night, the 12th instant, a widow lady, Mrs. Hill, and a negro woman, were murdered near Berlin, Arkansas, by two negro men. After perpetrating the horrible deed, the bodies of the victims were thrown into the house, which was set on fire and burned to the ground. It is supposed that the negro woman, from the evidences of the blood and brains near the well, was the first victim, and the rest of the hellish deed was perpetrated either to conceal the crime or for purposes of plunder. Several negroes were arrested a short time after the murders were committed, and it was not known who were the guilty parties until last Friday, when two negroes among the number who were arrested confessed that they had committed the most atrocious act. *A bon-fire was made and the miserable wretches were thrown into it.—Boston Advocate.*

Coin in Boston.—There is said to be plenty of small coin in circulation in Boston. The proprietor of a prominent exchange office in State street had the curiosity on Monday forenoon to note the amount of the sums of specie offered to him for sale within a few hours. The total was $13,518, in lots from $2,000 downward. The holders were somewhat indignant at the terms offered, which was one-half per cent., and refused to sell at so low a rate, as it would not repay them for the trouble for carrying their heavy burdens.

Convention of New York Country Banks.—SYRACUSE, Oct. 22.—The convention of the officers of the country banks of this State held here to-day resolved as follows: That it is their duty to prepare for the early resumption of specie payments; that before said resumption they will endeavor to keep their bills as near the specie basis as possible; that they will increase their line of discounts to the extent of their ability to aid in forwarding produce.—They also appointed a committee to effect an association of the country banks for mutual protection; to arrange a system for redemption and exchanges, and report to a future meeting.

☞A baggage car, mail and two passenger cars, with 60 passengers, were thrown down an embankment twenty feet, on the Central Railroad, west of Syracuse, N. Y., on Thursday week, in consequence of a piece of the road being washed away. A Miss Brown was drowned, a man named Brownson killed, and twenty others injured, some of them seriously.

The Great Fire and Loss of Life at Chicago.—The telegraph has already given the main particulars of the destructive fire and serious loss of life at Chicago on Monday morning. Nine buildings, occupied as stores, were consumed and eleven lives lost by the falling walls. The fire originated in the hardware store of Cormick, Cross & Co., on South Water street, whose loss is $42,000; insurance $32,000. Some of the bodies presented a most shocking spectacle. The Times says:

A Milwaukee fireman named Cooper was taken out of the ruins, after having been buried there for about two hours. He was insensible when first taken out, but soon revived and commenced *swearing at his rescuers for not digging him out sooner!*

☞It is conceded that the free State party have obtained a very small majority in the Kansas Legislature, but under circumstances and from causes which leave ample ground for the belief that the Democratic party has a majority in the Territory.

☞Information has been received from an official source to the effect that the constitutional convention of Kansas will submit the constitution to the legal voters of the territory for adoption or rejection.

☞Dr. Brandreth, the "pill doctor," is a candidate for the New York State Senate.

Paper from Chinese Sugar Cane.—The Boston Journal has seen a specimen of wrapping paper made from the fibre of the Chinese sugar cane, in Newton, Mass. It says the specimen proves conclusively that paper can be made from that plant.

How Prophetic!—The following is an extract from a speech made by President Buchanan, when in Congress, on the independent treasury bill:

"The evils of a redundant paper circulation are manifest to every eye. It alternately raises and sinks the value of every man's property. It makes a beggar of the man to-morrow who indulged in dreams of wealth to-day. It converts the business of society in a mere lottery, while those who distribute the prizes are wholly irresponsible to the people. When the collapse comes—as come it must—it casts laborers out of employment, crushes manufacturers and merchants, and ruins thousands of honest and industrious citizens."

☞*The Big Safe*, measuring 5½ feet high, by 4½ feet wide, and weighing 4,360 pounds, has been attracting much attention at the office of the FARMER'S AND MECHANIC'S SAVING'S INSTITUTION, in S. W. corner of the public square. Everybody nearly in town has been to see it. Our friends from the country have been and are still dropping in, to see this, *the largest Safe ever brought into the county.*

This Safe furnishes another ground for confidence to depositors. The *security* for the deposits they make is of the same character, and as extensive as those afforded by a bank to its depositors, the stockholders in the one and the other being in the same manner liable. The safe keeping of the monies and the security to depositors thus afford a *double safeguard* to those thinking of depositing their monies *where, instead of lying idle, they will produce interest—in the Saving's Institution.*

☞It is a most undoubted fact that Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, or Liver Remedy, is one of the greatest discoveries made in medicine the past century. It has been a study of the Dr. during twenty years' practice to find what particular organ, when diseased, caused the greatest number of ills or pains, and his conclusion is, that the liver is the greatest regulator of the system and the most liable to disease, while if kept free from disease is a preventative of Dyspepsia, Jaundice, general debility, &c., while last but far from least we mention consumption; for our experience is that more cases of consumption occur from diseased liver than from all other causes put together.

Taking this to be a correct hypothesis, we have but to find a remedy with which to correct the liver, and we have a cure of nearly all the diseases we are subject to by simply using a preventive. That the Invigorator is such a remedy, is beyond doubt to all who try it, for its virtues are such that for all complaints arising from liver derangements, it is an unfailing remedy, while as a family medicine, for all diseases of the stomach or bowels, which are caused in a greater or less degree by liver derangement, it is the safest, surest and most efficacious remedy known.

☞A. D. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg: Wm. Berlin, Hanover; and Charles R. Henry, Abbottstown. Oct. 19. 1m

☞*Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.*—In our advertising columns is to be found an advertisement of this popular restorative.—We know nothing of its merits save what we read, but that is sufficient, particularly when we see such testimonials of its efficacy as the following, which we clip from the Ottowa *Free Trader*:

"Having tried successively sundry highly recommended 'hair tonics' on our own half denuded crown, we about lost all confidence in nostrums of that sort, until a week ago we met a distinguished politician of this State whom we had seen three years ago with thin hair, and as 'gray as a rat,' but now boasting as fine a head of hair as one could wish.—We demanded the secret of his improved appearance, when he readily accounted for it by ascribing it to the virtues of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. We shall try that next.—*Rock River Democrat.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Oct. 19. 2w

Market Reports.

Corrected from the latest Baltimore, York & Hanover papers

Baltimore—Friday last.

Flour, per barrel,	$5 20	@	5 55
Wheat, per bushel,	1 06	@	1 40
Rye, "	58	@	70
Corn, "	50	@	68
Oats, "	26	@	38
Clover-seed, "	5 00	@	5 25
Timothy-seed, "	2 25	@	2 50
Beef Cattle, per hund.,	6 00	@	7 75
Hogs, "	8 00	@	9 00
Hay, per ton,	12 00	@	18 00
Whiskey, per gallon,	21	@	22
Guano, Peruvian, per ton,			65 00

Hanover—Thursday last.

Flour, per bbl., from wagons,			$5 50
Do. " from stores,			6 50
Wheat, per bushel,	1 10	@	1 20
Rye, "			65
Corn, "			60
Oats, "			30
Cloverseed, "			6 00
Timothy, "			2 50
Plaster, per ton,			6 50

York—Friday last.

Flour, per bbl., from wagons,			$5 25
Do., " from stores,			6 25
Wheat, per bushel,	1 08	@	1 20
Rye, "			65
Corn, "			55
Oats, "			30
Cloverseed, "			4 75
Timothy, "			2 50
Plaster, per ton,			6 50

Marriages

On Tuesday last, at the Conowago Chapel, by the Rev. Father Enders, Mr. GEORGE A. CODORI, son of Mr. Nicholas Codori, of this place, to Miss JOSEPHINE SMITH, daughter of Dr. J. N. Smith, of Butler township, this county.

[☞The Printer has, of course, been handsomely remembered—nothing short of this was to have been expected from so clever a pair. We tender, with our thanks, sincere congratulations, and wish the happy couple uninterrupted happiness and prosperity throughout a long life.]

Deaths

Suddenly, on Thursday last, at the residence of Mr. George Weaver, in Butler township, GEORGE, son of Mr. Jonathan Neely, aged about 3 years.

COBEAN & PAXTON have just returned from the city with, and are now opening the largest stock of *Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes*, ever opened in Gettysburg, and are selling off at very low prices.

COBEAN & PAXTON have the Fall and Winter style of Black Silk Hats.

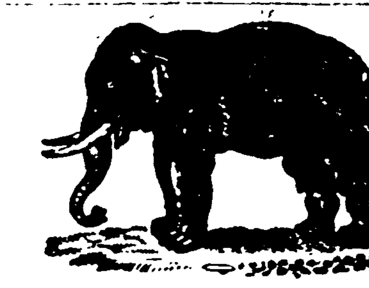
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES of all kinds, qualities, sizes, and shapes, for Men, Boys, Youths and Children, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

SEGARS & TOBACCO—best quality, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

OLD Quarters, Levies, Fips, and all other old coin, taken at full value, for Clothing and Notions, at SAMSON'S.

A SPLENDID lot of Buffalo Robes, Buffalo, Gum and Calf-Skin Overshoes, selling very cheap, at SAMSON'S.

THE Ladies are particularly invited to call at COBEAN & PAXTON'S, and examine their stock of Shoes, Gaiters, Boots and Slippers.



GRAND SHOW!

AT GETTYSBURG, PA.

M. Samson, Manager & Proprietor.

Doors open at 6 o'clock, A. M.—Performance to commence immediately after.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Adults, ... FREE.
Children, (under 12 years of age,) Half Price.

GRAND COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT TO THE PUBLIC!

The subscriber, thankful for past favors, respectfully informs the inhabitants of Gettysburg and surrounding country, of the fact that he has just received from the New York Auctions a

SPLENDID STOCK OF GOODS!

which he is determined to sell at astonishingly low rates for CASH. In return for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him, he will give a Grand Complimentary Benefit, on which occasion will be presented

TWO MAGNIFICENT PIECES!

On Wednesday, October 28,

and every day until further notice, will be presented the very popular Tragedy of

GOOD FITS!

with the following unrivalled cast:—Fashionable Clothing, from the finest to the lowest priced qualities. Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, in great variety. Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., to suit all tastes.

An Intermission of Ten Minutes,

to allow those making large purchases time for Lunch, &c., &c.

The whole to conclude with M. Samson's successful Play, entitled

VARIETIES!

the beauty of which will cause great excitement among the Ladies and Gentlemen.

Oct. 26, 1857. tf

Assignee's Sale.

VALUABLE IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY & REAL ESTATE.

On Tuesday, the 17th day of November next,

THE subscriber, Assignee under a Deed of Voluntary Assignment for benefit of Creditors, by THOMAS WARREN and wife, will sell at Public Sale, at the Court-house, in Gettysburg, the following valuable Property, to wit:

No. 1. TWO LOTS OF GROUND, fronting on Railroad street, on which is erected a valuable Iron and Brass Foundry, known as the "GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY," with all the necessary apparatus, Steam Engine, Flasks, Patterns, Tools, &c. The Foundry is now in running order, and doing a first-rate business.

☞The Gettysburg Railroad passes immediately in front of the lots on which the Foundry is located.

No. 2. HALF LOT OF GROUND, on East Middle street, adjoining properties of Ephraim Hanaway and George Swope, on which is erected a good Two-story FRAME DWELLING, back-building, well of water, &c.

☞Sale will commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

SAMUEL WEAVER, *Assignee.*

Oct. 26, 1857. ts

Fresh Oysters, &c.

ANTHONY LITTLE most respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he will open, on the 2d of November, an OYSTER SALOON, in the rooms recently occupied by E. Ziegler as a Store, on South Baltimore street, between the *Compiler* and *Star* offices, where he will constantly keep prime fresh OYSTERS, and do them up in any desired style, as the tastes of customers may suggest. Tripe, Fruit, Nuts, &c., can also be had at his Saloon.

He hopes by strict attention to business, and an earnest desire to please, to merit and receive a share of public patronage. Give him a call—you will find everything gotten up in the most palatable manner.

Gettysburg, Oct 26, 1857. 4t

Poclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district, and DAVID ZIEGLER and DAVID HORNER, Esqrs., Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 17th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, *on Monday, the 16th of November next;*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroners and Constables within the said county of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

HENRY THOMAS, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Aug. 25, 1857. td

Notice.

BANK OF GETTYSBURG, Oct. 22, 1857.

THE Stockholders in the Bank of Gettysburg, are requested to meet at the Banking House of said Bank, *on Tuesday, November 3rd*, for the purpose of taking into consideration the Law passed by the Legislature on the 13th inst.

J. B. M'PHERSON, *Cashier.*

Oct. 26, 1857. td

To Collectors.

THE Collectors of Taxes in the different townships in Adams county are hereby notified that they are required to make collection of Taxes, and to pay the same over to the Treasurer of the county, on or before the *16th day of November next.*

☞After the first Monday in December no exonerations can be granted on Military Taxes.

GEORGE MYERS,
H. A. PICKING,
JOSIAH BENNER, } Com'rs.

Attest—J. M. WALTER, *Clerk.*

Oct. 26, 1857. td

Prepare for Winter.

BUFFALO, Seal Skin, Lion Skin and Whirlpool Over Coats, Talmas, Raglans and Loops—in short, every new style of Over Coat; also Frock, Dress and Business Coats; Pants and Vests, of innumerable styles and patterns, suitable for old and plain men, as well as for the gay, and for boys. All these are to be had at the very lowest prices at Oct. 26. SAMSON'S.

Estray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Cumberland township, about six weeks ago, a White Boar, weighing about 140 lbs. live weight—no special marks. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take it away.

AMOS PLANK.

Oct. 26, 1857. 3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN persuance of sundry writs of *Venditioni Exponas* and alias *Fieri Facias*, issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Penna., and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court-house, in the borough of Gettysburg, on *Saturday, the 14th day of November*, 1857, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

A TRACT OF LAND, containing 10 Acres, more or less, situate in Latimore township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Abraham Ziegler, Jacob Forscht, and others, on which are erected a Two-story LOG HOUSE, a One-story Log Kitchen, Log Stable, and other out-buildings; also, Fruit-trees on said Tract. Taken in execution as the property of WILLIAM HINKLE.

—ALSO—

A LOT OF GROUND, situate on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, adjoining lots of Dr. Huber, on the West, and George Geyer on the East, on which are erected a BRICK HOUSE, two story and an attic, with a two story weatherboarded Back Building, and a well of water near the door. Taken in execution as the property of SAMUEL LITTLE.

—ALSO—

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in York street, Gettysburg, adjoining lots of Andrew Schick and Maria Winrott, on which are erected a two story BRICK HOUSE and a Brick Back Building, a Frame Barn and other out-buildings, a neverfailing well of water near the door. Also 13 Acres of Land, more or less, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Nicholas Codori, George Wilson and others. Taken in execution as the property of GEORGE C. STRICKHOUSER.

—ALSO—

A LOT OF GROUND, situate on the corner of West and High streets, adjoining lot of the heirs of Daniel Herr, dec'd., on which is erected a one story Frame HOUSE, Frame Blacksmith Shop, and Stable, with a well of water near the door. Taken in execution as the property of MATTHEW BECK.

HENRY THOMAS, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 26, 1857. ts

☞Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down, and on failure to comply therewith, the property will again be put up for sale.

PERSONAL PROPERTY AT

Public Sale.

WILL be sold at Public Sale, at the late residence of JACOB BOBLITZ, deceased, in Mountjoy township, Adams county, on the Turnpike leading from Gettysburg to Baltimore, about 4 miles from the former place, *on Thursday, the 29th day of October inst.*, the following property of said deceased, viz:

HORSES,

1 Colt, rising two years old; Cows and Young Cattle, Sheep, 3 Wagons, (one a light Two-horse,) Ploughs, Cultivators, Double Plough, 2 setts of Hay Ladders, Stone Bed, Rolling Screen, Corn Sheller, Winnowing Mill, Horse Gears, Cow Chains, Forks, Shovels, Grain Cradles, Mowing Sythes; a lot of Ash Plank and Oak Boards; Wheat, Rye, Oats and Corn, by the bushel; Hay by the ton; a lot of Corn-fodder, and Grain in the ground.—Also, a set of Blacksmith Tools, and a variety of Carpenter Tools, Paint Stone, Turning Plane, Mould-board Pattern; with a variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of Tables, Chairs, Beds and Bedding, Laubach Cooking Stove, Ten-plate Stove, Barrels, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

PETER BOBLITZ, *Adm'r.*

Oct. 19, 1857. ts

Election.

BANK OF GETTYSBURG, October 19, 1857.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders in the Bank of Gettysburg, that an Election for THIRTEEN DIRECTORS, to serve one year, will be held at the Banking-house, on *Monday, the 16th day of November next.*

A general meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the same time.

J. B. M'PHERSON, *Cashier.*

Oct. 19, 1857. td

Administrator's Notice.

WILLIAM HARTZEL'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration, de bonis non, on the estate of William Hartzell, late of Mountjoy township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Cumberland township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB HANKEY, *Adm'r de bonis non.*

Sept. 21, 1857. 6t

Strayed Away.

STRAYED away, on Tuesday evening last, from the residence of the subscribers, on the Railroad, in Straban township, a RED STEER, with one horn broken off. Any person returning said Steer, or giving information where he may be got, will be suitably rewarded.

Oct. 19, '57. 3t DOLAN & LANE.

Coffin-Making.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to make COFFINS, of all styles, at short notice, and at moderate rates. He is also provided with an excellent new HEARSE, which will enable him to convey corpses to any burial place desired. His establishment is located in Hamilton township, Adams county, near John Heagy's store, and about one and a half miles from New Oxford, where he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

THOMAS ALWINE.

Oct. 19, 1857. 3m

Notice.

I WOULD again remind all those indebted to me either by note or book account, that I am now settling up my old business.—Please call and pay, as longer indulgence cannot be given. GEO. ARNOLD.

Oct. 19, 1857.

$10 Reward.

A SET of Pump Augers, eight in number, were recently stolen from the subscriber, residing near Littlestown, for the return of which he will pay a reward of ten dollars.

HENRY BITTLE.

Oct. 19, 1857. 3t

Money Found.

A SUM of money was found in front of the Post-office, in this place, on Tuesday last. The owner can have it by identifying it and paying for this advertisement. Enquire at the Post-office. Oct. 19, '57.

FLOUR, CORN & OATS bought at all times by J. NORBECK, corner of Baltimore and High streets.

COBEAN & PAXTON have all the latest Styles of Plush, Fur, and Cloth Caps.

COBEAN & PAXTON have all kinds of Silk, Fur, Felt and Wool Hats, for Men, Boys, and Children.

LADIES, Misses and Children's Gaiters, Boots, Buskins and Slippers, of all kinds, styles and prices, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

SHIRTS, Colars and Bosoms, wool and cotton Under-Shirts and Drawers, Hosiery, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Umbrellas and Walking Canes—not to be beat in quality or price. Call at SAMSON'S.

BOOTS, Shoes, Hats and Caps, Carpet Bags, Trunks, Valises,—an immense lot, and selling low, to make room, at SAMSON'S.

Call at Picking's

IF YOU WANT BARGAINS!

New Clothing & Variety Store.

FRANKLIN B. PICKING has the pleasure of announcing to the citizens of Adams county, that he has opened a **New Store**, in the room formerly occupied by D. Middlecoff, on Chambersburg street, a few doors east of the "Eagle Hotel," and immediately opposite the English Lutheran Church, where he will be pleased to see his friends. I have just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore with the *largest* and *best* assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, ever opened in Gettysburg, which I am prepared to sell at prices so LOW as to astonish. My stock consists in part of Over Coats, Frock Coats and Dress Coats of every description and variety, Pantaloons and Vests of all kinds and prices, for Men's and Boy's wear, Monkey Jackets, Shirts, Bosoms, Colars, Under Shirts, Drawers, Backskin, Woollen and Cotton Gloves; Hosiery of all kinds, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Trunks, Buffalo Over-shoes, Gum-shoes, eight-day and 30 hour Clocks, Guitars, Accordeons, Violins, a large assortment of JEWELRY, choice Segars and Tobacco, Canes,—in short everything belonging to a well assorted CLOTHING & VARIETY STORE.

☞Call and see me. No trouble to show Goods. All I ask is an examination of my Goods and prices. F. B. PICKING.

Gettysburg, Oct. 19, 1857. tf

Fall & Winter Goods,

FOR 1857.

J. L. SCHICK would avail himself of this medium of announcing to the community and public in general, that he has received from the cities the largest and most complete stock of DRY GOODS, that it has ever been your pleasure to examine in this place, all of which has been selected with time, the utmost care, and with particular reference to the tastes and wants of the people of this locality, and which for beauty of style and cheapness, he challenges competition. In the LADIES' DEPARTMENT, he has all styles, qualities, shades, and colors of Goods, suitable for the season. He invites the Ladies to call and take a look through his selections at their earliest convenience. FOR THE GENTLEMEN, he has a choice stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., &c., all good and cheap.

Don't pass by Schick's—he will always be found ready to show Goods and sell cheap—among the very cheapest.

Gettysburg, Oct. 19, '57.

Great Excitement!

BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH STILL AHEAD!

TAKE NOTICE that we have just received a new and splendid lot of *HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES*, which we offer to the public CHEAPER than ever, having put down our stock to the *lowest* living profits.—Under these arrangements we can put our goods within the reach of ALL, as to style, quality and PRICE. Our motto is quick sales and small profits. Call and examine our stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the sign of the "BIG BOOT," Chambersburg street, below Buehler's Drug Store.

☞Boots and Shoes made upon the shortest notice and by the best of workman.

October 19, 1857.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the *Administration Accounts* hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on *Monday, the 16th day of November next*, viz: (These are a portion of those to be presented.)

288. The first account of John A. Myers, Executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Myers, deceased.

290. The first account of Samuel Hobf, Guardian of the person and estate of Henry Slothour, minor son of George Slothour, deceased, settled by Frederick Quickle, Administrator of the estate of the said Samuel Hobf, Deceased.

291. The first and final account of Wm. T. Reed, Executor of Sally Reed, deceased.

292. The first and final account of John Busbey, Executor of the estate of Henry Small, deceased.

300. The account of Cornelius Jacobs, one of the Administrators of John Jacobs, who was Administrator of Elias Jacobs, deceased.

301. The first and final account of Jacob Benner, Administrator of Magdalena Miller, deceased.

302. The second and final account of William Leas and Jacob King, Executors of the last will and testament of John Leas, dec'd.

WM. F. WALTER, *Register.*
Per DANIEL PLANK, *Deputy.*

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 19, 1857. td

Littlestown Railroad!

THE Sixth Monthly Instalment of Five Dollars per Share on the Stock subscribed, will be due and payable to the Treasurer of said Company, *on the 28th day of Oct. inst.*

☞By a Resolution of the Board of Directors, passed on Saturday, July 25th, all persons in arrears after Aug. 23th will be charged interest at the rate of one per cent. a month on their back payments, in accordance with the Act of Assembly. E. F. SHORB, *Secretary of the Board.*

Oct. 5, 1857. td

N. B.—Any of the Directors will receipt for payments on Stock.

Executors' Notice.

ABRAHAM SNYDER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Abraham Snyder, late of Tyrone township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, the first named residing in Hamilton township and the last named residing in Straban township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SNYDER,
FREDERICK HOLTZ,
Executors.

Oct. 5, 1857. 6t

Administrator's Notice.

DANIEL HOLLINGER'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Daniel Hollinger, late of Tyrone township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Huntington township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN STARRY, *Adm'r.*

Sept. 28, 1857. 6w

Administrator's Notice.

WILLIAM LIGHTNER'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the estate of William Lightner, late of Germany township, Adams county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Union township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH L. SHORB,
Adm'r with the will annexed.

Sept. 28, 1857. 6t

Notice.

THE Notes of JOHN NEELY, formerly of Freedom township, Adams county, having been placed in the hands of the subscriber, residing in the same township, for collection, he hereby gives notice that they will be due on the *3rd of November next*, when if not paid, they will bear interest from date.

JOHN McCLEARY.

Oct. 19, '57. td

JEWELRY, Watches, Pistols, Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Harmonicans, Eight-day, Thirty-hour and Alarm Clocks, at all prices, to be had at SAMSON'S.

COBEAN & PAXTON have a large Stock of Gum Shoes and Buffalo Socks for Ladies and Gentlemen, of the best quality.

TRUNKS, Umbrellas and Carpet Bags, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT

PUBLIC SALE.

THE Subscribers, Executors of ABRAHAM SNYDER, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 31st day of October inst.*, on the premises, that

DESIRABLE FARM,

on which decedent resided upwards of twenty years, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, adjoining lands of George Meckley, Heirs of John Flickinger, Jr., Anthony Deardorff, Samuel Deardorff, and David Hoover, containing 202 ACRES, more or less, with good proportions of Timber and Meadow. The improvements consist of a Two-story Weatherboarded Dwelling HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib attached, Cooper Shop, and other out-buildings; 2 never-failing wells of water, one at the house, the other at the barn; and an excellent Apple ORCHARD, with a variety of other choice fruit. Conowago Creek runs through the Farm, and there are also two springs on the property. The fences, mostly of chesnut rails, are good, and the land is in a good state of cultivation, two-thirds of it having been limed. Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call at the dwelling thereon.

Also, at the same time and place, will be offered, A TRACT OF MOUNTAIN LAND, containing 7 acres, more or less, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, adjoining lands of George Meckley, Jacob Gulden, and others.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN SNYDER,
FREDERICK HOLTZ,
Executors.

Oct. 5, 1857. ts

☞If not sold, the Farm will be Rented, on said day.

Public Sale.

THE Subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Butler township, Adams county, one mile from Arendtsville, *on Friday, the 13th day of November next*, the following Personal Property, viz:

TWO HORSES,

1 Yearling Colt, 4 Cows, 4 head of Young Cattle, 5 Fat Hogs, 6 Shoats, Sow and Pigs, 9 head of first-rate Sheep; Winnowing Mill, Ploughs and Harrow, Shovel Ploughs, Corn Fork, Hay Carriage, Seeds; Corn by the bushel, and Hay by the ton.

Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, a first-rate Hathaway Cooking Stove, a Ten-plate Stove, Iron Kettle, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN HOFFMAN.

Oct. 12, 1857. ts

Summons in Partition.

Noah Worman, Plaintiff, vs. Susannah Baile, Rebecca Myers, Juliana Hoke, John Myers, Jesse Myers, Wesley Myers, Mary Ann Hooper, Mary Catharine Hartsock, Juliana Hartsock, John Wesley Hartsock, Martin Luther Hartsock, Jesse Marshall Hartsock, Rachel Ann Hartsock, Defendants. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, No. 9, November T. 1857. Summons in Partition.

ADAMS COUNTY, SS.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, Greeting:—If Noah Worman make you secure of prosecuting his claim, then we command you that you summon the defendants to appear before our Judges at Gettysburg at our County Court of Common Pleas, there to be held, the *16th day of November next*, (1857,) to shew wherefore they deny and do not permit partition to be made between the said plaintiff and the said defendants, of the following described lands and premises, which together and undivided they now do hold, to wit: A certain Plantation or Tract of Land, situate in the townships of Mountpleasant and Oxford in said county, adjoining lands of Michael Levinstine, Christian Zinn, Joseph Stough, Charles Smith, and others, containing Two Hundred and Five Acres, more or less, with appurtenances. Witness the Honorable Robert J. Fisher, President Judge of our said Court, at Gettysburg, the 11th day of September, A. D., 1857.

JOHN PICKING, *Proth'y.*

HENRY THOMAS, *Sheriff.*

Oct. 5, 1857. td

NOTICE

To Retailers and Distillers.

THE Retailers of Goods, Wares and Merchandise, as well as the Distillers, in Adams county, who have not yet lifted their Licenses are requested to do so before the November Court, without fail. The law binds me to urge this matter upon delinquents, and it is hoped that no further steps will be necessary to induce them to comply immediately.

J. L. SCHICK, *County Treasurer.*

Oct. 19, 1857.

Cheap Clothing.

GEORGE ARNOLD & CO. have now on hand, at their Clothing Emporium, a large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, all of our own getting up, made out of our own cloths, and warranted to be made in the very best manner and style, among which are Dress Coats of every variety, Over-coats, Pantaloons, Vests, Monkey Jackets, &c., also Black, Blue, Olive, Brown, Claret, Drab and Green Cloths, for Over-coats, with trimmings to suit, sold cheap; also cheap Cassimeres, Cassinets, Jeans, Cords and men's wear generally. We have just received the fall fashions, and have hands constantly employed cutting out and making up, and if we cannot please you in a garment ready made, we will take your measure and make you a suit on short notice. Call and see us. The above goods will be sold cheap for cash.

Oct. 12, 1857.

New Goods! New Goods!

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS, have just received their usual large supply of Fall and Winter Goods, to which they invite the attention of the public. The Goods were purchased low, and will be sold very cheap. Call and examine at the Sign of the Red Front. Oct. 5.

New Goods.

GEO. ARNOLD & CO. have just received a large stock of New Goods, among which are Ladies' Dress Goods in great variety, cheap Cloths, Over-coatings, Cassimers, Jeans, Satinets, Cords, Vestings, Flannels, Shawls, Carpets, and Domestics generally, with a large stock of Ready-Made Clothing, all of our own making; warranted to be well made and to fit well, also a large stock of Groceries, all of which will be sold cheap for cash. Call and see us.

Oct. 12, 1857.

☞A few STOVES on hand will be sold cheap.

New Goods!

J. HOKE has just returned with a large stock of FALL & WINTER GOODS, which he will sell low for cash or country produce. Please give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as you will find it to your interest to do so. ☞All Goods cut free of charge. JOHN HOKE.

Oct. 12, 1857.

Fall Millinery.

MISS McCREARY invites the ladies to call and examine her large and fashionable stock of Fall and Winter Millinery, consisting of Bonnets, Bonnet Velvets and Silks, with Feathers, Flowers and Ribbons to match, Lace, Nets and Sashes, Veils, Mohair Caps and Fancy Head Dresses, Bonnet Frames of all kinds and sizes and of the latest styles. Also, Mantillas and Fancy Goods of every description—all of which she will sell at the lowest cash prices.

☞Milliners who wish to buy to sell again, will find it greatly to their advantage to give her a call. Oct. 19, 1857. 3t

A VERY VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, desiring to quit farming, offers for sale the FARM on which he resides, situate in Straban township, Adams county, on the road leading from Hunterstown to Chambersburg, 2 miles west of the former place, and 4½ miles north east of Gettysburg, adjoining lands of David Shriver, [formerly Minnich's,] William Wirt and others, containing about 108 Acres of Patented Land, about 18 acres of which are well Timbered, about 15 acres of Meadow. The rest is cleared and in an excellent state of cultivation, and the whole under good chesnut rail fence. The improvements are a large two story Log Dwelling HOUSE, part weatherboarded, with a one story Kitchen attached, two neverfailing Springs and Spring House, a Bank Barn, as good as new, with wagon shed and corn crib attached, carriage house, hog stable, shop, and other outbuildings; a neverfailing well of water at the barn yard, with a chain pump in it; also an Apple and Peach Orchard, with a variety of other fruit. ☞It is certainly one of the most desirable Farms now in market, and demands the attention of capitalists.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing thereon.

MICHAEL HOMF.

Oct. 5, 1857. 4t

A VALUABLE LIMESTONE FARM, At Public Sale.

THE Heirs of JAMES BLYTHE, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Wednesday, the 11th day of November next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M.,

THE FARM,

of said deceased, situated in Carroll's Tract, Adams county, Pa., 8 miles west of Gettysburg and 2 miles north of Fairfield, adjoining lands of John and Daniel Mickley, James Donaldson, John Rhea, and others, containing 127 ACRES and 152 PERCHES, of Patented Land, with a fair proportion of Meadow and Timber land. The improvements consist of a Two-story STONE HOUSE, with Back-building, and a well of neverfailing water at the door; Blacksmith Shop; a Double Log Barn with Sheds, Corn Crib, and a well in the Yard—also, running water through the Farm. There is a variety of fruit trees and an excellent ORCHARD on the premises. The land is in a good state of cultivation, being principally a Limestone soil, with an abundant quarry of stone and a substantial lime kiln but recently erected.

☞Persons wishing to examine the property prior to the sale will call upon one of the heirs, residing thereon.

☞Terms made known on day of sale.

Oct. 5, 1857. ts THE HEIRS.

New Cheap Cash Store.

THE subscribers having entered into partnership under the style and firm of H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH, respectfully inform the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that they have opened a new, large and well-selected assortment of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

at the old-established stand, on South East corner of the Diamond, formerly called the Jew's corner, comprising every variety, style and price. In part of **Dry Goods.**—Black Silks, Black Alpaccas, plain and fancy Delaines, Bereges, Ginghams, plain and fancy Jaconets, plain and dotted Swiss Victorines, Lawn, Mull, Mouslins, blue and unbleached Shirtings, Osnaburg, Bed Ticking, Jaquered Diaper.

Gents' and Boy's Wear.—Black Cloth, Black Cassimeres, fancy and plain Cassimeres, silk and fancy Vesting, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Denims, Cottonades, Farmer's Drill—every style and price. A fine assortment of Gloves and Hosiery of every style and quality.

Groceries.—Brown, Crushed, Granulated, Pulverized, and Clarified Sugar, D. & W. Syrup, New Orleans Molasses, Ground Alum and fine Salts, Dairy do., Queensware, Glassware, Cutlery, Cedar-ware, and every other article found in a well-conducted Dry Goods and Grocery Store.

Having selected their stock with care, they are enabled to sell cheap for Cash, and respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

☞All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.

H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH.

Oct. 5, 1857.

Stauffer & Harley.

Cheap Watches and Jewelry.

WHOLESALE and Retail, at the Philadelphia Watch and Jewelry Store, No. 148 (Old No. 96) North Second street, corner of Quarry, Philadelphia.

Gold Lever Watches, full jeweled, 18 carat cases, $28 00; Gold Lepines, 18 carat, $24 00; Silver Levers, full jeweled, $12 00; Silver Lepines, jewels, $9 00; superior Quartiers, $7 00; Gold Spectacles, $7 00; fine Silver do. $1 50; Gold Bracelets, $3 00; Ladies' Gold Pencils, $1 00; Silver Tea Spoons, set, $5 00; Gold Pens, with pencil and silver holder, $1 00.

Gold Finger Rings, 37½ cents to $80; Watch Glasses, plain, 12½ cents; patent 18¾; Lunet 25; other articles in proportion. All goods warranted to be what they are sold for.

STAUFFER & HARLEY.

On hand, some gold and silver Levers and Lepines, still lower than the above prices.

Oct. 12, 1857. 1y

Fall Millinery.

MISS SOPHORA HOWARD, at the residence of T. F. Frazer, Baltimore street, one door South of the *Compiler* office, Gettysburg, has just received from the city an unusually large assortment of FALL MILLINERY, with the Fashions for the season, to which she calls the attention of the Ladies, confident that they will be pleased by an examination of the Goods.

☞Prices as low as the lowest—both for Goods and Millinery work.

Oct. 5, 1857. 3m

Administrator's Notice.

MARGARET GALBRAITH'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Margaret Galbraith, late of Menallen township, (now Butler) Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Butler township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN B. GALBRAITH, *Adm'r.*

Sept. 28, 1857. 6t

Administrator's Notice.

JANE BELL GALBRAITH'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jane Bell Galbraith, late of Butler township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN B. GALBRAITH, *Adm'r.*

Sept. 28, 1857. 6t

Administrator's Notice.

ANN GALBRAITH'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Ann Galbraith, late of Butler township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOHN B. GALBRAITH, *Adm'r.*

Sept. 28, 1857. 6t

GAS BURNERS.—A new and excellent style of Coal Stoves, for Parlor or Chamber use. It is especially intended for chambers, as it consumes the gas, and thus removes one of the objections to the use of coal. A scuttle of coal will burn for 18 hours without regulating. Call and see it.

SHEADS & BUEHLER.

[illegible] Murder in Montgomery County.

A Woman Nearly Decapitated by her Husband—Arrest and Confession of the Murderer.

One of the most shocking tragedies that we have heard of for a long time, occurred yesterday morning in Upper Merion township, Montgomery county, about one mile west of Norristown. The scene of it is a tenant house belonging to Capt A. Shaueline, and occupied by a man named Thomas Kilby, his wife, Mary Kilby, and three young children.

At an early hour in the morning Kilby went to the house of some neighbors and aroused them, telling them that his wife had been murdered by three negroes. He also went himself in search of a constable to arrest the alleged murderers. The neighbors hurried to the house, and there a shocking sight presented itself. The body of Mrs. Kilby was found lying on the bed, with the head nearly severed from the body, from a blow with an axe. There were two beds upon the bedstead, both of which were completely saturated with the blood of the murdered woman.

Kilby declared that three negroes had come to the house, forced their way in, and had committed the dreadful deed; but the suspicions of the neighbors were aroused, and, upon questioning him further, he contradicted himself, and finally he admitted that he himself had slain his wife, in order to prevent the negroes from doing it. There can be no doubt that the story about the negroes is all a fiction, and that Kilby alone committed the crime. A Coroner's inquest was held; after a full examination, Kilby was arrested and lodged in the prison at Norristown.

It appears that Kilby, who is a quiet and inoffensive man when sober, has been intemperate in his habits, and when in a state of intoxication has been very violent towards his wife. Lately he has threatened her repeatedly, and she has been frequently in fear of her life. It is presumed he was drunk when he committed the murder, though he showed but little sign of it after the crime was discovered. The axe with which the murder was committed was found on the premises, showing the marks of blood which had been partially wiped off by the murderer.

Mrs. Kilby was an interesting young woman, of an English family, and we believe had no blood relatives in this country, except the three young children who are more than orphaned by this horrible tragedy. The trial of Kilby will take place in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Montgomery county, which meets at Norristown on the third Monday of November.—*Evening Bulletin.*

A Little Girl attacked by Hydrophobia.

Our citizens will remember that a few weeks ago we chronicled the fact that a little girl was bitten by a rabid dog on Jackson street. We have now the sad office to speak of her again, since that terrible malady, hydrophia, has taken hold of her with all of its horrible malignity. On Wednesday her agonies were such that physicians who have become veterans in their profession, men who have stood at the bed-sides of those suffering under almost all manner of diseases, and witnessed many heart-rending death scenes, shuddered at the sight of that little girl's convulsed form. Her sufferings were most piteous. Frothing at the mouth, she would bend backward until her head would almost reach her heels so intense was the pain, and only recovered to be convulsed again. Medicines were administered, and even that powerful remedy, chloroform, without avail, and only when nature became exhausted did her convulsions cease. Yesterday morning she was quite low; her attending physician, Dr. Dorn, did not expect her to live out the day, and we suppose that now, while the reader is glancing over this account, her little spirit has taken leave of its earthly tabernacle.—*Dubuque Express and Herald.*

Horrible Murder.—A most horrible murder was committed near Princess Anne, Md., on Wednesday week. The Snow Hill Shield says:

A negro man, who has been sometime attempting to pass himself as partially deranged, met on the road after night a white woman whom he attacked, cut open her bowels, strewed them by the roadside, and otherwise horribly mutilated the body. He also cut off the right hand at the wrist, which cannot be found. The demon was arrested, confessed the deed, and gave as a reason for the act that a conjuress named Pusey had told him that if he could get the right hand of a female corpse and wear it about his person, he would at all times be able to overcome his enemies. He is represented as a desperate, dangerous negro, and has for a long time escaped just punishment for his villainies by feigning insanity.

Caution to Ladies.—A lady residing in the village of Stamford, Conn., was very severely burned on Friday last in the following manner: She had been applying to her hair a mixture of castor oil and alcohol, and approaching too near a lighted lamp, her head became enveloped in a blaze, and the flame was not extinguished until the lady was so severely burned that she is now considered to be in a critical situation.

The Odd Cent.—Some days ago a produce dealer in one of our markets sold a customer a half peck of potatoes for a levy, and in taking his pay from a quarter dollar, returned twelve cents change. This the customer declined to receive, claiming thirteen cents as his due. A dispute ensued, which ended in the customer getting out a warrant for the odd cent, and, the case being tried, he recovered it.—*Washington Star.*

A coffin-maker having apartments to let, posted his bills announcing the same upon the coffins in the window —"Lodgings for single gentlemen."

Says the lovely Clementina to the bewitching Fanny, "Why is a new baby like a cow's tail?" Fanny blushed and answered; "Because it was never seen before." [illegible]

A bachelor advertised for a help-mate, one who would prove "a companion for his hand, his heart, and his lot." A girl one replying, asked very earnestly "how big is your lot."

The Crash.

An Exciting Day in New York—Heavy Run on the Banks—Suspension of Specie Payments by Eighteen Banks—Others Holding Out, &c.

New York, October 13.—Wall street has been blocked to-day. The excitement was intense and all business paralyzed. The Post of this afternoon says:

There has been some drawing by depositors from the city banks generally for a number of days past, though it was carried on quietly. Yesterday there was the first decided manifestation of a systematic run. It was directed particularly against the North River, Ocean and Merchants' Exchange Banks. The first named was reduced $10,000 in coin at three o'clock. A conference was then had with some of the officers of the leading banks as to the proper course to be pursued. If the run re-commenced this morning the advice was to close the doors at once.

As soon as the hour for drawing checks arrived this morning the depositors showed an unmistakable determination to withdraw their balances in gold. They were paid long enough to assure the officers that the process would go on, and that an exhaustion of their means was only a question of a few hours.

The North River, the Merchants' Exchange and the Ocean banks resolved to close immediately. The intelligence spread over the city as rapidly as an alarm of fire. In an hour more the Marine Bank was added to the list. Knots of bank directors and other officers were seen in consultation in every banking room. The alarm was now an established epidemic. Residents who yesterday would not admit the possibility of a suspension, began to share in the common consternation.

Soon after the St. Nicholas, the People's, Butchers and Drovers', Bull's Head, Bank of New York, Irving, Market, Chatham, Tradesmen's and New York Exchange Banks all announced their inability to continue specie payments. Heavy runs also upon the Continental, Metropolitan, American Exchange, Nassau and Phenix banks followed, but all of them met the demands.

David Leavitt, Esq., of the American Exchange Bank, made a speech to the crowd, declaring his determination to pay to the last dollar. He also announced that an agreement had been made with several of the strongest banks to go through without suspending.

The officers of one of the principal Wall street banks advised its dealers yesterday that it would not take certified checks on deposit without reserving the right to return them if not made good at the clearing-house. The consequence was that gold was drawn from all the banks that were not likely to go through another day. This aggravated the excitement among dealers; and it is understood that some of the heaviest houses have drawn gold and replaced it as special deposit, with the understanding that it might be counted in the average.

Later—Great Run on the Banks and Failure of Some of the Strongest in the City.

The run upon the Mechanics' Bank of America, Manhattan and American Banks was very severe, and continued up to the close of business.

The Broadway Bank held out till nearly 8 o'clock and paid out $140,000 in specie, when it gave out.

The Leather Manufacturers' Bank subsequently closed its doors.

The Seventh Ward and Fulton Banks held out under a tremendous pressure.

The People's Bank closed at 2 o'clock, after paying out $19,0000 in specie during the day.

The Bank of the State of New York paid out its last dollar and certified all checks presented, and then yielded.

The American Exchange Bank paid all demands upon it, but several others shut out their customers at 3 o'clock.

The Bank of North America suffered protest this afternoon.

The Corn Exchange Bank refused to pay specie or bills, but certified checks.

The Oriental, Mechanics and Traders', Bowery Savings, Shoe and Leather, Continental, American Exchange and Metropolitan paid every demand up to the usual hour of closing.

A bank meeting was held this afternoon, at which it is understood the proposition of a general suspension was to be discussed, as also the propriety of urging the Governor to convene an extra session of the Legislature.

At the second board of the stock exchange, stocks took a rise, under the belief that the banks will suspend specie payments to-morrow.

Still Later—The Banks Resolved to Suspend.

New York, Oct. 13—11 P. M.—The following official announcement has been made from the bank meeting:

The banks have all resolved to suspend specie payments, as far as paying at the counter is concerned, and to make a regular exchange of each other's bills at the Clearing House. It has also been resolved to send a committee to confer with the Governor in reference to calling a meeting of the Legislature. The committee will leave for Albany to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

It appears that the Marine Bank was stopped by an injunction, at the instance of one of its customers. It is presumed that the other stoppages were effected in the same way. By this means the penalty of winding up which attaches to suspension under the banking laws of this State is evaded, and it is rendered probable that the suspension in most cases is only temporary. This understanding relieves the excitement.

A Corpse with a Life-Preserver on.—On Saturday about noon, the Star of the West passed the dead body of a man floating upon the surface supported by a life-preserver. It was off the capes of Virginia, and the sea was rough at the time. It was supposed to be one of the passengers of the Central America.

Shocking Catastrophe.—A romantic father whose name was Rose, called his daughter "Wild," so that she grew up under the appellation of "Wild Rose." But in a few years the girl fell in love with a man named Bull, which sadly interfered with the romance of the lady's name, "Wild Bull."

The Franklin House,
(FORMERLY THE GOLDEN HORSE.)
Corner of Franklin and Howard Streets,
BALTIMORE.

DANIEL McCOY, PROPRIETOR.

Permanent and Transient Boarders accommodated with First-Class Board and Pleasant Rooms. Charges Moderate.

H. K. CADY,
Sept. 28. General Superintendent.

WHY IS IT THAT
MARCUS SAMSON

CAN sell cheaper than anybody else?—Because he buys at auction, for cash.

Look at his Hats, that he sells hundreds of. Gentlemen have bought and paid for such Hats from $3 50 to $4 00—but Samson sells them at $2 25. And why does he sell them so cheap? Because he bought at auction.

Look at his Boots and Shoes—look at his Gaiters—the same kind sold at other places at from $3 00 to $4 50, he sells at $1 87½ to $2 87½. And why? Because he bought at auction.

Look at his Clothing, and, in fact, everything in his line. He will sell a Coat, Pants and Vest, some linen and some cotton, for from $1 75 to $2 00 per full suit. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

Also, black Summer Cloth Coat, Pants and Vest, he sells for $3 00. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

I am confident that my old friends and customers will bear me out in the above.—I would say to those who live at a distance from town, suppose you need but a Hat, or pair of Gaiters. Why don't you come to my establishment? Even if you lose a whole day by so doing, you will be saving from $1 12½ to $1 75 in the purchase of either—and that is as much as most of men make a day by hard work. Beside this, you can save much more in the purchase of such other articles as you may need. Recollect, my stock is a large and varied one, and all articles sold astonishingly low. Come to town, get your dinners and horses fed, and you can never fail of saving the price of a day's labor by buying at the Cheap One-Price Store of M. SAMSON,

July 13, 1857. opposite the Bank.

WM. GILLESPIE. HENRY THOMAS.
Family Grocery & Provision Store.

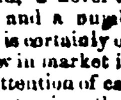
GILLESPIE & THOMAS respectfully inform the people of Gettysburg and the public generally, that they have just returned from the city with a general assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and VEGETABLES, which they are prepared to sell as low as the lowest. FLOUR and FEED always on hand, and sold at small profits.

Store on York street, one door east of Wattles' Hotel.

Gettysburg, Aug. 3, 1857.

One of the Best Farms,
FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, his FARM, situate in Straban township, Adams county, on the Hanover road, and adjoining the Gettysburg Borough line. The farm contains 154 Acres, more or less, the land being of the best quality, much of it "granite"—with fair proportions of meadow and timber. Fences good and the soil in excellent cultivation. The improvements are a comfortable Stone



Dwelling HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn crib, &c.—first rate Apple Orchard, a never-failing well of water at the door, and a number of springs upon the tract. It is certainly one of the most desirable farms now in market in this county, and demands the attention of capitalists.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing thereon. DANIEL BENNER.

July 13, 1857. 3m

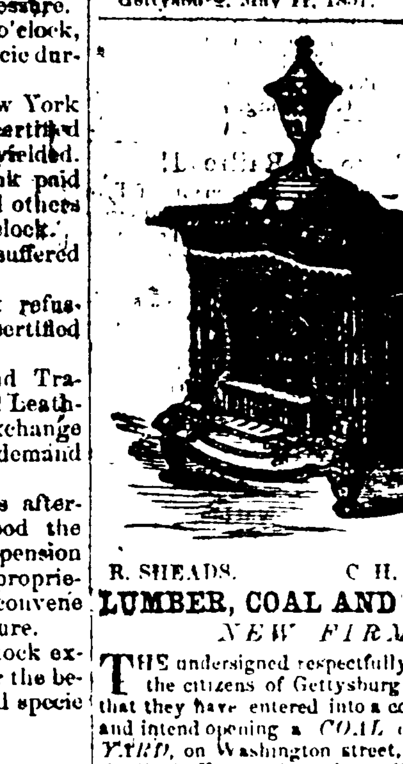
JUST FROM THE CITY.
With a Larger Stock than Ever

JACOB NORBECK has just received from the city a large stock of GROCERIES, FISH, &c.,—the largest he has yet offered to the public, and which he is now opening, at his new location, *Kerr's Corner*, on Baltimore street. Give him a call! You will find his

Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Teas,

and everything else, the best and the cheapest to be had in town—he having bought at low rates, and being determined to sell fast at small profits. Recollect, Kerr's old corner, Baltimore and High Streets.

Gettysburg, May 11, 1857.



R. SHEADS. C. H. BUEHLER.
LUMBER, COAL AND STOVES!
NEW FIRM!

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that they have entered into a co-partnership, and intend opening a *COAL & LUMBER YARD*, on Washington street, in the rear of the Eagle Hotel, where they will be happy to see all who may favor them with a call. They will furnish every variety of *Stove, Blacksmith and Limeburner's COAL*, at the lowest possible wholesale rates, in order to introduce it into general use. They also intend keeping a full and general assortment of LUMBER, as soon as the Railroad is completed. They will keep constantly on hand every variety of COAL and WOOD STOVES, among which are the celebrated William Penn, Noble Cook, Royal Cook and Sea Shell Cook Stoves. Also the Charm, Capitol, Victor, Planter, Premium and Parlor Cook Stoves, Air-tight, Star, Franklin, Hot-air Parlor Grate, Lady Washington, Oak, Magnolia, Union, Air-tight Bare Cylinder, Tropic and Harp Cannon Stoves.

Persons wishing to examine their stock will please call at their Stove Ware Room, on West Middle street, at the residence of Robert Sheads.

Orders promptly attended to.
ROBERT SHEADS,
C. HENRY BUEHLER.
Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1857.

A LARGE lot of SUMMER CLOTHING, selling at very small profits at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

FOR anything in the Flour, Grocery and Provision line, call at GILLESPIE & THOMAS'.

2,000 PIECES OF WALL PAPER just received and for sale at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

ORANGES, Lemons, Candies, Crackers, Spices of all kinds, Fancy and Common Soap, Hair Oils, &c., at NORBECK'S.

TRUNKS, Carpet Bags, Valises, &c., of best quality, and low rates, at SAMSON'S.

JEWELRY & STATIONERY—any quantity and the best stock ever brought to this place. If you doubt it, call in and see for yourselves—at SCHICK'S.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Parasols and Shawls, to be had very cheap at FAHNESTOCKS'.

A SUPERIOR article of Black Lead for blackening Stoves, for sale by SHEADS & BUEHLER.

ADAMS COUNTY
Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
Incorporated March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—David M'Creary.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS.—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. M'Curdy, Jacob King, A. Heintzelman, D. M'Creary, J. J. Kerr, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, A. B. Kurtz, Andrew Polley, S. Fahnestock, Wm. B. Wilson, H. A. Picking, Wm. B. M'Clellan, John Wolford, R. G. McCreary, John Horner, E. W. Stahle, J. Aughinbaugh, Abdiel F. Gitt.

This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, *without any assessment*, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2, P. M.

Sept. 28, 1857.

FULL STOCK OF
Fall Dry Goods.

EYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH & ARCH streets, Philadelphia, respectfully request *Cash Buyers* to examine a fine stock of SEASONABLE GOODS, adapted to Best Pennsylvania Trade.

Full Line of Fall Dress Goods.
New Designs of Fall Shawls.
Rich Silks of Newest Styles.
Good Black Silks of all widths.
4 Cases assorted French Merinoes.
7 " Poil de Shevres, New Goods.
British and American Dark Prints.
Satinets, Cassimeres, Cloths and Vestings.
Muslins, Linens, Flannels, Blankets, &c.
N. B. Auction Bargains from New York and this City daily received. Particular attention given to Country orders for Desirable Goods. Terms NETT CASH.

August 31, 1857. 3m

REMOVAL,
AND NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Cabinet and Chair-making business, in Baltimore street, near Middle, where they will manufacture all kinds of FURNITURE, such as Dressing and Common Bureaus, Tables of various descriptions, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Stands, and every other article in their line—ALL of the best workmanship and good materials, which will enable them to warrant their work. Also, every variety of CHAIRS.

COFFINS made at short notice, and in the various styles.

House Painting and Papering attended to, and done in the best manner.

Their prices will be as low as the lowest, as all who may patronize them will acknowledge.

Lumber and country produce taken in exchange for work.

NORBECK & REILLEY.
Gettysburg, Feb. 23, 1857. 1y

Still Another Arrival of
NEW GOODS,

AT JACOBS & BRO'S, Baltimore street, near the Diamond, where greater bargains than ever can be secured. "Quick sales and small profits"—always better for seller and buyer—is the motto they *practice* as well as preach. Give them a call for anything in the Merchant Tailoring line—you won't regret it.

Gettysburg, July 13, 1857.

New Hardware Store.

THE subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public that they have opened a Hardware Store, in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of David Ziegler, Gettysburg, in which they always intend to offer to the public a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel, Groceries,
CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS,
SPRINGS, AXLES,
SADDLERY
Cedar-ware, Shoe Findings,
Paints, Oils, and Dye-stuffs

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business, to which they invite the attention of Coachmakers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoe-makers, Saddlers, and the public generally. Our stock having been selected with great care and purchased for cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased anywhere.

We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, June 9, 1851. tf

Removed to Hanover.

FRANCIS J. WILSON, late of the Washington House at Abbottstown, has taken HERSHEY'S OLD AND POPULAR STAND, in Hanover, where he will be happy to entertain all who may patronize him. His Table is supplied with the best the market and garden can afford, and his Bar with the choicest of liquors. His Stables are commodious, and attended by careful Ostlers. Give him a call. You will always find FRANK. on the spot, ready and willing to make everybody comfortable. [April 27, 1857.

Hanover B. Railroad.

TRAINS over the Hanover Branch Railroad now run as follows:

First Train leaves Hanover at 9 A. M., with Passengers for York, Harrisburg, Columbia and Philadelphia. This Train also connects with the Express for Baltimore, arriving there at 12 M.

Second Train leaves at 2.15 P. M., with Passengers for Baltimore and intermediate places, and returns with passengers from York, &c.

Aug. 3. J. LEIB, Agent.

Stone Peach & Tomato Bottles.

WE have just received a large lot of Peach and Tomato Stone Jars—an excellent article for preserving fruit. If you want something that will not rust and injure the fruit, by all means use stone ware.—There is nothing equal to it. Call and see them at FAHNESTOCKS'.

Hover's Liquid Hair Dye.

THE following, from that eminent Physician of Philadelphia, Dr. Brinckle, added to the testimony of Professor Booth, only confirms what is evidenced by thousands who have used Hover's Dye:

"Girard Row, Chesnut street,
Philadelphia, Dec. 22, 1853.

"In regard to *Hover's Hair Dye*, I can state unhesitatingly that it contains no deleterious ingredients, and may be used with entire safety, and the utmost confidence and *success.*"

W. D. BRINCKLE, M. D.

Hover's Writing and Indelible Inks are so well and widely known, as to require no eulogy of their merits, it is only necessary to say, that the steady and increasing demand, gives the best evidence that they maintain their character for superiority which distinguished them when first introduced, *years ago.* Orders addressed to the Manufactory, No. 416 RACE street, above Fourth, (old No. 144) Philadelphia, will receive prompt attention by

JOSEPH E. HOVER, *Manufacturer.*
Sept. 7. [April 13. 1y)

QUEENSWARE, China, Glass and Stoneware—a large assortment and selling cheap, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

McREA'S
Celebrated Liquid Glue,

THE GREAT ADHESIVE.—Most useful article ever invented, for house, store and office, surpassing in utility every other glue, gum, mucilage, paste or cement ever known. *Always Ready for Application.* Adhesive on Paper, Cloth, Leather, Furniture, Porcelain, China, Marble or Glass. For manufacturing Fancy Articles, Toys, etc., it has no superior, not only possessing greater strength than any other known article, but adheres more quickly, leaving no stain where the parts are joined. NEVER FAILS.

Within the last three years upwards of 250,000 bottles of this justly celebrated LIQUID GLUE have been sold, and the great convenience which it has proved in every case, has deservedly secured for it a demand which the manufacturer has found it, at times, difficult to meet; acknowledged by all who have used it, that its merits are far above any similar article or imitation ever offered to the public.

This GLUE is extensively counterfeited—observe the label "McRea's Celebrated Liquid Glue, the Great Adhesive." Take no other.—TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

Manufactured and Sold, Wholesale and Retail, by

WM. C. McREA, *Stationer,*
No. 907 Chesnut St., Philadelphia.

Liberal inducements offered to persons desirous of selling the above article.

Sept. 28, 1857. 1y

THE FARMERS' & MECHANICS'
Savings Institution of Adams Co.

THIS Institution receives deposites for which it pays interest as follows:

For over 10 months, 4 per cent. per annum. For 3 and not over 10 months, 3 per cent. per annum. For transient deposites, not less than 30 days, 2 per cent. per annum, payable on demand without notice.

A joint fund (capital) of $10,000 has been paid in.

For loans apply on Wednesday.

Sums received on deposite as low as a dime. Interest to be allowed whenever the deposites amount to $5,00, and on each additional $5,00 and upwards.

Office in South West Corner of Public Square, next to George Arnold's store. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and for receiving deposites every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

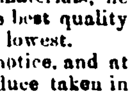
President.
GEORGE THRONE.
Treasurer & Secretary,
GEORGE ARNOLD.
Directors,

John Brough,	John Horner,
Samuel Durboraw,	George Arnold,
A. Heintzelman,	Jacob Musselman,
D. McCreary,	D. McConaughy,
William Culp,	John Mickley,
Robert Horner,	John Throne.

April 6, 1857.

Carriages, Buggies, &c.
GOOD AND CHEAP!

THE undersigned would inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his establishment, in East Middle Street, (near the east end,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he has on hand a first-rate lot of work, and is prepared to put up to order whatever may be desired in his line, viz:—Rockaway and Boat-Body *Carriages; Falling-Top, Rockaway & Trotting Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.*



With good workmen and good materials, he can pledge his work to be of the best quality—and his prices are among the lowest.

Repairing done at short notice, and at reasonable rates. Country produce taken in exchange for work. Call!

JACOB TROXEL.
June 15, 1857.

Fancy Furs for Ladies.

JOHN FAREIRA & CO., (New No.) 818 MARKET Street, above Eighth, Philadelphia, Importers, Manufacturers and dealers in Ladies', Gentlemen and Children's FANCY FURS Wholesale and Retail. J. F. & Co., would call the attention of Dealers and the public generally to their immense Stock of Fancy Furs for Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children; their assortment embraces every article and kind of *Fancy Furs*, that will be worn during the Season—such as Full Capes, Half Capes, Quarter Capes, Talmas, Victorines, Boas, Muffs and Muffatees, from the *finest Russian Sable* to the lowest price Domestic Furs.

For Gentlemen the largest assortment of Fur Collars, Gloves, Gauntlets, &c.; being the direct Importers of all our Furs and Manufacturers of them under our own supervision, we feel satisfied we can offer better inducements to dealers and the public generally than any other house, having an immense assortment to select from and at the Manufacturers' prices. *We only ask a call.*

JOHN FAREIRA & CO.,
No. 818 Market Street, above Eighth, Phila'a.
Sept. 21, 1857. 4m

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. CIRCULATION OVER 100,000 COPIES WEEKLY.

25 WITNESSES;
OR,
THE FORGER CONVICTED.
JOHN S. DYE IS THE AUTHOR,

Who has had 10 years experience as a Banker and Publisher, and author of *A Series of Lectures at the Broadway Tabernacle,*
when, for 10 successive nights, over 50,000 People
Greeted him with rounds of applause, while he exhibited the manner in which Counterfeiters execute their frauds, and the surest and shortest means of Detecting them!
The Bank Note Engravers all say he is the greatest Judge of Paper Money living.

GREATEST DISCOVERY
OF THE PRESENT CENTURY FOR
DETECTING COUNTERFEIT BANK NOTES.
Describing every Genuine Bill in existence, and exhibiting, at a glance, every Counterfeit in Circulation!
Arranged so admirably that REFERENCE IS EASY AND DETECTION INSTANTANEOUS.
No index to examine! No pages to hunt up! But so simplified and arranged that the Merchant, the Banker and Business man can see *all at a Glance.*

English, French and German.
THUS EACH MAY READ THE SAME IN HIS OWN NATIVE TONGUE.
MOST PERFECT BANK NOTE LIST PUBLISHED.
Also, a list of
ALL THE PRIVATE BANKERS IN AMERICA.
A Complete Summary of the Finance of Europe and America will be published in each edition, together with all the important News of the day. Also,
A SERIES OF TALES,
From an old Manuscript found in the East. It furnishes the most Complete History of
ORIENTAL LIFE,
Describing the most Perplexing Situations in which the Ladies and Gentlemen of that country have been so often found. These Stories will continue throughout the whole year, and will prove the most entertaining ever offered to the public.

Furnished Weekly to Subscribers only, at $1 a year. All letters must be addressed to

JOHN S. DYE, Broker,
Publisher and Proprietor, 70 Wall street,
April 27, 1857. 1y New York.

REMOVAL.
Alex. Fraser, Watch and Clock-maker,

HAS removed his shop to Carlisle street, below Hake's store, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.

Gettysburg, May 18, 1857.

TOBACCO & SEGARS, of best brands, and at astonishingly low rates these high times, at the Flour, Provision and Grocery Store of GILLESPIE & THOMAS.

NEW FIRM.
Family Groceries and Confections.

THE undersigned have purchased the Grocery Store of E. H. MINNIGH, on the Northwest corner of the Diamond, formerly occupied by A. B. Kurtz, where they invite the attention of all who may wish Groceries, Confections, Fruits—Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Starch, Soda, Spices of all kinds, Lemons, Figs, Almonds, &c. Also, a fine assortment of chewing and smoking Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c. Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

WM. BOYER & SON.
September 7, 1857.

JUST IN SEASON
AND NEVER OUT OF SEASON!

FARMERS, read this, and then come and buy, for we still have "a few more left!" The subscriber takes this method of calling the attention of the public in general to that valuable piece of machinery, styled

Hersh's Patent Hay Hoister and Manure Excavator.

Having the right of all Adams county, he will sell either machines or township rights.

H. G. CARR.

Also, at the same place, you can be accommodated with as fine BUGGIES as can be got up in the State for the same money—constantly kept on hand.

Repairing done, neatly and cheaply, at short notice. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 18, 1857. 6m

The Rev. C. S. Burnett,

WHILE laboring as a Missionary in Southern Asia, discovered a simple and certain Cure for *Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Nervous Debility*, and all impurities of the *Blood*; also, an easy and effectual mode of Inhaling the *Remedy*. Actuated by a desire to benefit his suffering fellows, he will cheerfully send the Recipe (free) to such as desire it, with full and explicit directions for preparing and successfully using the Medicine. Address

REV. C. S. BURNETT,
831 *Broadway, N. Y. City.*
August 3, 1857. 6m

Important Discovery.

CONSUMPTION
And all Diseases of the Lungs and Throat are Positively Curable by Inhalation,

WHICH conveys the remedies to the cavities in the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent. in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent, for the Lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill.—Even, however, in the last stages, Inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge, which annually destroys ninety-five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.

Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful and the gifted. By the help of that Supreme Being from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate effect produced by their deposition in the lungs is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire system. Then surely it is more rational to expect greater good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy, after Inhaling remedies. Thus, Inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain; inhaling the ordinary burning gas will destroy life in a few hours.

The inhalation of ammonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead.—The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled, and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the fact that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air—is not this positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs should produce the happiest results? During eighteen years' practice, many thousands suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat, have been under my care, and I have effected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is no longer a fatal disease. My treatment of consumption is original, and founded on long experience and a thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tubercles, &c., enables me to distinguish readily, the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and apply the proper remedies, rarely being mistaken even in a single case. This familiarity, in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enables me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted chests, to enlarge the chest, purify the blood, impart to it renewed vitality, giving energy and tone to the entire system.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States and Canadas by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. But the cure would be more certain if the patient should pay me a visit, which would give me an opportunity to examine the lungs and enable me to prescribe with much greater certainty, and then the cure could be effected without my seeing the patient again.

G. W. GRAHAM, M. D.,
Office, 1131 Filbert St., (old No. 109,) below 12th,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
July 20, 1857. 1y

200 Doz. Knives and Forks.

HAVING just received of our own importation, from England, a large and extensive assortment of Cutlery, we invite the attention of those in want of any style of Knives and Forks, Carvers, Nut Picks, &c., to come and examine. We will sell at such prices as will defy competition. Also, a large assortment of Table Forks, which will be sold separately. Don't forget to examine the stock at FAHNESTOCKS'.

Country Merchants can be supplied at a small advance. May 18.

THE PERRY COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE
Insurance Company,

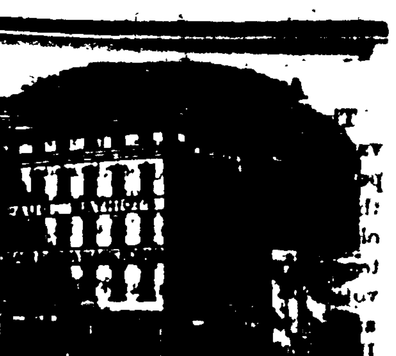
CAPITAL $139,586—effects insurances in any part of the State, against loss by fire; prudently adapts its operations to its resources; affords ample indemnity, and promptly adjusts its losses.

Adams county is represented in the Board of Managers by Hon. Moses McClean.

WM. McCLEAN, *Agent,*
Office of M. & W. McClean, Gettysburg.
May 26, 1856.

COAL!—Persons desiring to lay in their Winter's supply of Coal, will please send in their orders at once, as it can be furnished cheaper from wagons, than from the Yard.—Office in West Middle street.

SHEADS & BUEHLER.



THE LARGEST [illegible]
Chair & Furniture Establishment
In Baltimore.

MATHIOT'S GAY ST. WAREROOMS, *No. 25 North Gay street, near Fayette*, where are kept always on hand, or made to order, every style of French TETE-A-TETES, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

French Full Stuff and Medallion Parlor ARM CHAIRS, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

French Full Stuff Carved PARLOR CHAIRS, in sets, with Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

SOFAS, half French Spring Mahogany, and Walnut Parlor CHAIRS, in Hair, Cloth or Plush.

ROCKING CHAIRS—various designs, in Hair, Cloth and Plush.

Stuff Spring LOUNGES—a large assortment, always on hand, or any pattern made or covered with any goods to order.

CHAMBER SUITS—in Mahogany or Walnut, complete, from $34 up.

CANE CHAIRS and Rocking do.—the largest assortment ready made in any one house in the United States—from $12 a doz en up.

Bar Room, Office and Dining CHAIRS, in Oak, Walnut or Mahogany, with Cane, Wood or Stuffed Seats—an assortment embracing over 50 dozen.

Wood seat CHAIRS and SETTEES and Rocking Chairs—over 100 dozen.

A. MATHIOT, 25 North Gay Street, near Fayette street.

May 18, 1857. 1y

CHOICE FARM LANDS
FOR SALE.

THE Illinois Central Railroad Company is now prepared to sell about

1,500,000 Acres of
CHOICE FARMING LANDS,

in tracts of about FORTY ACRES, *on long credits and at low rates of interests.*

These lands were granted by the Government to aid in the construction of this Road, and are among the richest and most fertile in the world. They extend from North East and North West, through the middle of the State, to the extreme South, and include every variety of climate and productions found between those parallels of latitude. The Northern portion is chiefly prairie, interspersed with fine groves, and in the middle and Southern sections timber predominates, alternating with beautiful prairies and openings.

The climate is more healthy, mild and equable, than any other part of the country—the air is pure and bracing, while living streams and springs of excellent water abound.

Bituminous Coal is extensively mined, and supplies a cheap and desirable fuel, being furnished at many points at $2 to $4 per ton—and wood can be had at the same rate per cord.

Building Stone of excellent quality also abounds, which can be procured for little more than the expense of transportation.

The great fertility of these lands, which are a black rich mould from two to five feet deep, and gently rolling—their contiguity to this Road, by which every facility is furnished for travel and transportation, to the principal markets North, South, East and West, and the economy with which they can be cultivated, render them the most valuable investment that can be found: and present the most favorable opportunity for persons of industrious habits and small means, to acquire a comfortable independence in a few years.

Chicago is the greatest grain market in the world—and the facility and economy with which the products of these lands can be transported to that market, make them much more profitable, at the prices asked, than those more remote at government rates—as the additional cost of transportation is a perpetual tax on the latter, which must be borne by the producer, in the reduced price he receives for his grain, &c.

The Title is Perfect—and when the final payments are made, Deeds are executed by the Trustees appointed by the State, and in whom the title is vested, to the purchasers, which convey to them absolute titles in Fee Simple, free and clear of every incumbrance, lien or mortgage.

The Prices are from $6 to $30; Interest only 3 per cent. Twenty per cent. will be deducted from the credit price for Cash.

Those who purchase on long credit, give notes payable in 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 years after date, and are required to improve one-tenth annually for five years, so as to have one-half the land in cultivation, at the end of that time.

Competent Surveyors will accompany those who wish to examine these Lands, free of charge, and aid them in making selections.

The Lands remaining unsold are as rich and valuable as those which have been disposed of.

Sectional Maps will be sent to anyone who will enclose fifty cents in Postage Stamps, and Books or Pamphlets, containing numerous instances of successful farming, signed by respectable and well known farmers living in the neighborhood of Railroad Lands, throughout the State—also the cost of fencing, price of cattle, expense of harvesting, threshing, etc.—or any information—will be cheerfully given on application, either personally or by letter, in English, French or German, addressed to

JOHN WILSON,
Land Commissioner of the Illinois Central R. R. Co.
Office in Illinois Central Railroad Depot, Chicago, Illinois.

April 20, 1857. 6m

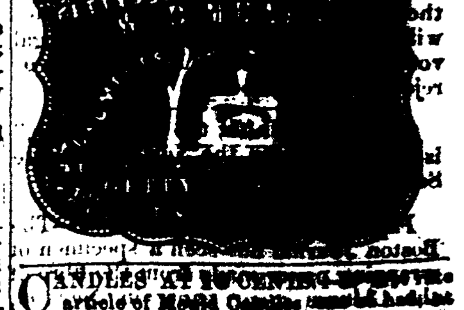
TWO DAILY LINES
TO HANOVER.

EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.—The undersigned returns his thanks to the public for the encouragement heretofore extended to him, and takes pleasure in announcing that he has completed arrangements by which TWO DAILY LINES of Coaches will run between Gettysburg and Hanover, to connect with the trains to and from Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c. Persons desiring tickets or information will call on the undersigned, or on CHARLES TATE, Ticket Agent, at the Eagle Hotel, in Chambersburg street.

Special attention given to all packages, &c., or other business entrusted to the undersigned between Gettysburg and Hanover, which will be promptly and carefully attended to.

The undersigned has also effected arrangements by which he will be able to supply Coaches, Stages, &c., for Funerals and other occasions, at moderate charges.

NICHOLAS WEAVER.
Gettysburg, April 13, 1857.



CANDLES AT [illegible]—a superior article of Mould Candles—[illegible] 16 cents per pound, at NORBECK'S. [illegible]

THE COMPILER.

A DEMOCRATIC AND FAMILY JOURNAL.

BY H. J. STAHLE. "TRUTH IS MIGHTY, AND WILL PREVAIL." TWO DOLLARS A-YEAR.

40TH YEAR. GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.: MONDAY, OCT. 26, 1857. NO. 5.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

☞ *The Republican Compiler* is published every Monday morning, by HENRY J. STAHLE, at $1,75 per annum if paid *endorsed*—$2,00 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, until all arrearages are paid.

☞ Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. Job Printing done, neatly, cheaply, and with dispatch.

☞ Office in South Baltimore street, directly opposite Wampler's Tinning Establishment, one and a half squares from the Court-house, "COMPILER" on the sign.

Wm. B. M'Clellan,

Attorney at Law.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, 2 doors west of the Sentinel office. Gettysburg, August 22, 1853.

D. M'Conaughy,

Attorney at Law,

(Office removed to one door West of Buehler's Drug & Book-store, Chambersburg street.)

Attorney & Solicitor for Patents and Pensions,

BOUNTY Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other Western States.

☞ Apply to him personally or by letter. Gettysburg, Nov. 21, 1853.

Edw. B. Buehler,

Attorney at Law,

WILL faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store. Gettysburg, March 20.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

DENTIST.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran church, in Chambersburg street, and opposite Grammer's store, where those wishing to have any **Dental Operation** performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES: Dr. D. Gilbert, Dr. C. N. Berluchy, Dr. D. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D.D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. William M. Reynolds, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, Prof. M. L. Stever. Gettysburg, April 11, 1853. tf

Bounty Land Claims.

THE undersigned will attend promptly to the collection of claims for Bounty Lands under the late act of Congress. Those who have already received 40 or 80 acres, can now receive the balance, by calling on the subscriber and making the necessary application.

JOEL B. DANNER. Gettysburg, March 12, 1855. tf

Auctioneering.

ANDREW W. FLEMMING, residing in Berkheimer township, near James Pierce's, Gettysburg, offers his services to the public as a *Sale Crier* and *Auctioneer*. His charges are moderate, and he will on all occasions endeavor to render satisfaction. He hopes to receive a share of public patronage. Aug. 17, 1857.

REMOVAL.

WINGERD, WHITE & SWOPE,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES, CAPS, & STRAW GOODS; ALSO, IN FASHIONABLE

Mokeskin, Silk, Felt and Fur Hats,

S. W. Cor BALTIMORE & HOWARD STS.,

Adam B. Wingerd,
Daniel S. White,
John A. Swope.
} BALTIMORE, MD.

Aug. 3, 1857.

Tailoring.

Removed a Few Doors South of the Old Stand.

J. H. SKELLY respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally, that he continues the *TAILORING BUSINESS*, near his old stand, in South Baltimore street, where he will be happy to accommodate all who may patronize him. All work entrusted to his care warranted to fit and be of most substantial make. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage.

☞ *The New York Spring and Summer Fashions* are received. Call and see them. Gettysburg, April 9, 1855.

Black Silk Hats.

FALL and Winter Style, just received and for sale at COBEAN & PAXTON'S Fashionable Hat, Cap, Boot and Shoe Store.

COOK STOVES!—Four styles of Cook Stoves—the Noble Cook, Royal Cook, William Penn, and the Sea Shell—for sale at the Ware Room of SHEADS & BUEHLER.

STOVES!—Every variety of Cook, Parlor, Saloon and Office Stoves can be seen at the Ware Room of Sheads & Buehler, in West Middle street. Our Stoves are all purchased in Philadelphia, and will be sold cheaper than they can be bought at retail in the city or elsewhere. Call and see them. SHEADS & BUEHLER.

LUMBER!—On hand a supply of Lumber, of best quality. Orders for any amount can be filled. Yard on Washington street, near Railroad street. SHEADS & BUEHLER.

MUSIC.—Violins, Flutes, Guitars, Accordeons, Harmonicans,—in short, from a Seraphim down to a Jew's Harp—now on hand and for sale at SAMSON'S.

POWDER and SHOT, the best manufactured, to be had at NORBECK'S.

PARLOR COOK.—This Stove is especially adapted to Dining Rooms and will recommend itself on the score of economy and convenience. It is very ornamental. Call and see it. SHEADS & BUEHLER.

FRUITS and Confections, nice and fresh, just from the city, to be had at GILLESPIE & THOMAS'.

FLOUR, CORN & OATS bought at all times by J. NORBECK, corner of Baltimore and High streets.

MEN'S and Boys' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, of all kinds, and at all prices, as cheap as the cheapest, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

SILVER.—A fine lot of Silver Spoons and Silver Forks, as low as city prices, now to be had at SCHICK'S. Call soon, as they sell rapidly.

The Muse.

A PLAIN MAN'S PHILOSOPHY.

BY CHARLES MACKAY

I've a guinea I can spend,
I've a wife and I've a friend
And a troop of little children at my knee. John Brown,
I've a cottage of my own,
With the ivy overgrown,
And a garden with a view of the sea, John Brown

I can sit me at my door,
By my shadowless camore,
Large of heart, though of very small estate, John Brown;
So come and drain a glass
In my arbor as you pass,
And I'll tell you what I love and what I hate, John Brown

I love the song of birds
And the children's early words,
And a loving woman's voice, low and sweet, John Brown,
And I hate a false pretense,
And the want of common sense,
And arrogance, and fawning, and deceit, John Brown.

I love the meadow flowers,
And the briar in the bowers,
And I love an open face without guile, John Brown;
And I hate a selfish knave,
And a proud conceited slave,
And a lout who'd rather borrow than he'd toil, John Brown.

I love a simple song,
That an likes emotions strong;
And the word of hope that raises him who faints John Brown;
And I hate the constant whine
Of the foolish who repine,
And turn their good to evil by complaints, John Brown;

But ever when I hate,
If I seek my garden gate,
And survey the world around me, and above, John Brown,
The hatred dies my mind
And I sigh for human kind,
And excuse the faults of those I cannot love, John Brown

So, if you like my ways,
And the comforts of my days,
I will tell you how I live so unrevil, John Brown;
I never scorn my health,
Nor sell my soul for wealth—
Nor destroy one day the pleasure of the next, John Brown;

I've parted with my pride,
And I take the sunny side.
For I've found it worse than folly to be sad, John Brown,
I keep a conscience clear,
I've a hundred pounds a year,
And I manage to exist and to be glad, John Brown.

Miscellaneous.

Gen. Hardun's Resignation.

The General had been many years in commission, and it seemed to the anxious ones who were waiting either for his death or resignation, in order to advance, that neither of those desirable events would ever take place. The old man was tough—"devilish tough"—and clung to rile and office with all the tenacity of a dog to a bone. He was a rare specimen of the "good fellow," and not a voice would have been heard even among the youngly ambitious to move for his removal. He was thus tolerated, although he was a sad block in the way of their official progress.

Their patience at last became exhausted, and after consulting together they agreed upon a ruse by which the old General would be driven into a resignation. Having laid their plans they prepared to carry them into execution.

One of them meeting the General the next day shook hands with him very cordially and told him he had just heard of his resignation, which he hoped was not true, and, before the General had a chance to reply, begged the old man to partake of a supper with a party of his fellow officers the next evening, as a parting tribute.

The General was much surprised, and informed his friend that he hadn't any intention of resigning and couldn't think, for the life of him, where the report came from. After a few remarks more on both sides they separated.

The General plodded along by himself thinking over what had been said and muttering—"What the devil does it mean? Have I said anything about resigning when I have had too much wine on? Perhaps I have."

"Good morning, General," said another officer, meeting him; "How are you this morning, sir?"

"Very well, very well, thank'ee," replied the General.

"So," continued the other, "you are going to resign, General; well, you have served the State long and faithfully and I should think you would like to rest."

"Where did you hear about my resigning?" said the General, more surprised than before.

"Col. Jones told me," was the reply; "I was in there after you had gone last night. Why can't you meet us tomorrow night at the tavern, General? We think of getting up a little supper in honor of your resignation."

"Thank you," said the General, "I'll be there."

The General turned away with the impression that he had, the night previous, while under the influence of the Colonel's wine, given the intimation that he was going to resign. "Hang my tongue at both ends," said he, "this is a queer state of things. I never thought of resigning. But——"

"Ah, General, good morning; glad to see you," said Col. Jones, coming abruptly upon his superior. "Well, your intended resignation gives the boys a chance to manifest their regard for you. They are having a fine supper preparing, to come off to-morrow night, in your honor, and you must reserve all your fire."

The General laughed, slapped his friend, the Colonel, on the back, and said, "Certainly, Jones; the fire of the flint is here yet. Good for twenty years."

He did not dare to ask Jones for an explanation, because it would be an admission that he was weak headed and approaching towards dotage to acknowledge that he had been overcome by wine, and that was the only way by which he could account for the resignation which they spoke about. He had rather actually resign than labor under such a stigma as this, and accordingly he said—

"Well, Jones, you know I've been in the service a good while, and want a little quiet; so you see I think it is best to resign. The poetry of 'dying in harness' is very well, but hang me if I fancy it."

They shook hands and parted—the General in a whirl of perplexity, and the Colonel in a fever of fun at the success of the ruse.

The next night a splendid supper was prepared, and a large number of military guests invited, who attended in the tallest feather.—The General was there in full regimentals, his face glowing with the excitement of the moment and from other causes, and the whole affair, as the village paper said the next morning, was "splendidly gotten up, happiness waved her illumined wing over the scene, and the genius of cheerfulness rested in genial content on every heart and beamed on every countenance." The Colonel, to quote the same authority, "presided at the table with his usual dignity," and when the cloth was removed he called upon all to fill their glasses to respond to a sentiment which he had to offer, which he would preface by a few remarks.

"We have," said he, "as our honored guest this evening, our beloved General Hardun, whose long service has been fully appreciated by us in common with the whole community. We rejoice to meet with him on this occasion, although our meeting is not one of unalloyed festivity. There is one bitter ingredient in our cup: General Hardun has signified his intention of resigning! This announcement, I need not say, was as unexpected as it was painful. Our connection has been so long and intimate that parting seemed impossible, yet such is the decree of fate. But while you flag floats in triumph over our head will we remember the undying glory shed upon it by the illustrious man who now withdraws from its support. I pledge you the health and long continuance of our gallant friend, Gen. Hardun."

The speech was received with nine cheers, and a "Tiger," perhaps, but whether the growl which now resounds from all sorts of jungles was then known as a matter of doubt. The greatest enthusiasm was displayed, and his health was drunk in three brimming glasses, one after another. As soon as silence was restored the Generalissimo rose to respond.

"Friends," said he,—bobbing to the table, for his emotions made him unsteady, and his voice was husky, from the same cause,—"Friends, your kindness over-powers me. I never till this moment dreamed that I was half so much regarded by you. Gentlemen, fellow soldiers, brethren in arms—it gives me pleasure to meet with such good fellows. My association with you has been of the most pleasant, I may say glorious character. We have long served together on the tented field, and fought, bled and died, so to speak, or would have done so, at duty's call, cemented together like bricks in the deadly imminent breaches of war. With a full remembrance of this, I will say, that in view of all your regard and of the feeling you display about losing me, I should be an ingrate if I allowed a selfish consideration to inspire me. Therefore, whatever I may have said about resigning, I hereby retract and declare that I'll stick to you to the last. It will be impossible for me to leave such a glorious set of boys."

A shout of laughter responded to the speech, and Col. Jones gave an extended wink around the board very expressive of the belief which he at that moment entertained that they were all especially humbugged, and that the General wasn't. This impression continued till the next day, when the ones who ordered the supper had to pay the bills.

Where did that Man Go To?—In a certain hotel in this village, there is employed a certain bar-tender who is in the habit of taking his "tod" pretty freely, but always makes it a point never to drink in the presence of his employer. A few days ago, while he was in the act of drawing his "tod" preparatory to taking a drink, the employer came into the bar-room rather unexpectedly.—Finding himself caught in the act, he set the tumbler and its contents on the counter, and casting his eyes around with a look of surprise, exclaimed:—"*Where in thunder did the man that ordered this drink go to.*"—*Newburgh Telegraph.*

Lend Your Paper.—By all means lend your paper. Do not suffer a man who is too mean to buy it to go without it. He borrows it every week. Do lend it to him. Don't give him a hint to take it himself. He won't do it.—Be kind, lend it before you have read it, and then ask him if he would not like to borrow your cup of hot coffee.—*Exchange.*

☞ At an assembly of friends, a lady was apologised for by an acquaintance, who said she was detained by a little incident. "Ah, yes!" exclaimed Mrs. Clatterbell, "a beautiful little 'incident' it was, too—weighs just nine pounds and a half."

☞ An Irish woman, who had been convicted of illegally selling spirits, on receiving sentence, fervently clasped her hands and prayed that "his Honor might never live to see his wife a poor widow and obliged to sell rum to support the childer."

Bit of Advice.

Have you enemies? Go straight on and do not mind them. If they get in your way, walk around them, regardless of their spite. A man that has no enemies is seldom good for anything—he is made of that kind of material which is so easily worked that everybody has a hand in it. A sterling character—one who thinks for himself, and speaks what he thinks, is always sure to have enemies. They are as necessary to him as fresh air—they keep him alive and active. A celebrated character, who was surrounded by enemies, used to remark: "They are sparks, which if you do not blow will go out themselves." Let this be your feeling while endeavoring to live down the scandal of those who are bitter against you. If you stop to dispute, you do but as they desire, and open the way for more abuse. Let the poor fellows talk; there will be a reaction, if you but perform your duty, and hundreds now alienated from you, will flock to you and acknowledge their error.

A Source of Eloquence.—Daniel Webster, on being commended for his eloquence on a memorable occasion, is said to have replied:

"Sir, I am far from thinking that my poor effort the other day had the remotest claim to the panegyric you have been pleased to bestow upon it; but if anything I have ever said or written deserves the feeblest encomiums of my fellow-countrymen, I have no hesitation in declaring that for their partiality I am indebted, solely indebted, to the daily and attentive perusal of the Sacred Scriptures, the source of all true poetry and eloquence, as well as of all good and all comfort."

Mrs. Partington on Banks.—"Are you afraid of Banks failing?" asked the cashier, as Mrs. Partington went to draw her pension. "Banks failing!" said the dame. "I never had any idea about it at all. If he gets votes enough I don't see how he can fail, and if he don't I can't see how he is to help it." "I meant," said he, "the banks that furnish currency for the country." She stood a moment counting her bills.—"Oh, you did, did you?" said she; "Well, it's about the same thing. If they have money enough to redeem with—and Heaven knows there's need enough for redemption for a good many of them, and more grace than they allow their customers—they may stand it; but doubtful things are uncertain." She passed off like an exhalation and the cashier counted out one hundred and fifteen dollars and seventeen cents fifteen times while pondering what she said, in order to catch her meaning.—*Boston Gazette.*

Logical.—"John," inquired a dominie of a hopeful pupil, "what is a nailer?"

"A man who makes nails," replied hopeful, quite readily.

"Very good. Now what is a tailor?"

"One who makes trils?" was the equally quick reply.

"Oh! you blockhead," said the dominie, biting his lips—"a man who makes tails!—did you ever?"

"To be sure, sir," quoth hopeful—"if the tailor didn't put tails to the coats he made, they would all be *jackets!*"

"Eh!—ah!—well!—to be sure. I didn't think of that. Beats Watts' Logic. Go to the head of the class, John—you'll be President of the United States some day."

To Preserve Apples.—Weigh equal quantities of good brown sugar and apples. Peal, core, and mince them small. Boil the sugar, allowing to every three pounds a pint of water. Skim it well, and boil it pretty thick. Then add the apples, the grated peel of one or two lemons, and two or three pieces of white ginger. Boil till the apples fall, and look clear and yellow. Apples prepared in this way will keep for years.

☞ "Well," said his honor to an old negro, who had been hauled up for stealing a pullet, "what have you to say for yourself?" "Nuffin but dis, boss—I was crazy as a bedbug when I stole dat ar' pullet, cos I might hab stole de big rooster—and I neber done it. Dat shows 'clusively dat I was laboring under delirium tremendous."

☞ The following is the inscription on a tombstone in San Diego, California: "This year is sacred to the memory of William Henry Shrakden, who cam to his deth being shot with a Colts' revolver—one of the old kind, brass-mounted, and of such is the kingdom of heaven."

☞ Men who boast loudly that they never show quarter are certain in times of danger to show none but their hind ones.

☞ The Siamese twins, now about 45 years of age, have fourteen children. They are about to proceed to Cuba to exhibit themselves.

☞ "What are the chief ends of man?" asked a school-teacher of his pupils.—"Head and feet," was the prompt reply. The teacher fainted.

☞ Whenever you see a lady whom you think handsome, ask your wife's opinion on the subject. That is the way to get free, unbought opinion of the people.

☞ "I say, Pat, isn't one man as good as another?". "Of course he is, and a great dale bether."

☞ To resuscitate a drowned Englishman, broil beef under his nose.

Hard Times—A Remedy.

"Really, the times are so hard," says Mrs. Spendall, "I don't know what we are coming to. Mr. Spendall looks as blue as indigo if I hint at money, and talks of nothing but failure and ruin.—I can't understand it." We understand it, Mrs. Spendall; you constantly carry the solution of the problem about with you. Your costly and innumerable dresses, your costly handkerchiefs and collars, and your extravagant jewelry, plainly indicate what the trouble is.—Then there are your wasteful and ungoverned servants, and your own idleness and spendthrift habits generally. No wonder your husband looks blue, and "talks of failure and ruin." You are enough to ruin any man. And if you would avert the threatening calamity, *go to work.* Discharge your servants, sell your gewgaws, retrench expenses, stay at home, make yourself useful, save your husband from "failure and ruin," and be happy—which you never can be while you are simply ambitious to rival other women as stupid as yourself, in senseless display and stupendous selfishness.—*N. Y. Ledger.*

Don't Press.

There is a good deal of truth embodied in the following anecdote, which is worthy of special attention just now.—Don't press a creditor if you can possibly avoid it. Times are hard just now, and by and-by he may work through, if he has a reasonable chance.

It is related of a Frenchman who had deposited a sum of money for safe keeping with a friend, that hearing the latter was about to fail, he called upon him and said, "Sare, I wants my monie." "Certainly, sir," replied the other, drawing out his check book from which he was about to fill up a check, when the Frenchman said, "Stop, sare, you got ze monie?" "Why of course," said his friend, "I will give you a check for it immediately." "No, no," said the Frenchman, "if you got ze monie, I no want him, but if you no got him zen I wants him."

☞ It was rumored on Monday last that a "run" would probably be made on the Salina Bank, whereupon a crowd of "Salt Pointers" gathered around the doors of the institution, threatening personal chastisement and "riding on a rail" to all who attempted to embarrass the bank. The run was not made. Bank officers who are anxious to keep their specie will made a note of the example.

☞ One of the clergymen at a recent camp meeting in Tolland county, Ct., was opposed to the use of tobacco as incompatible with true piety! Speaking of the raising of tobacco in the Connecticut River valley, as connected with the worship of Mammon, he "wished that God Almighty would send a hail-storm and destroy the whole crop on the river!" An exemplary christian, that!

☞ There is a place in Pennsylvania known as Treverton Manor, which has been described as being covered with stones, and under each stone there were fifteen rattlesnakes, and nothing but hemlock knots and huckle berries were produced in addition to stones and rattlesnakes. Fremont had a majority there last fall.

☞ "Tom, you sot," said a temperance man to a tippling friend, "why do you drink such stuff as you do? Why the very hogs wouldn't touch that brandy?"

"That's 'cause they is brutes," said Tom. "Poor creatures! they dunno what's good."

☞ "Isn't it time to think about getting up?" said the wife as she rattled at the door.

"Yes, my dear, I have been thinking about it an hour and a half."

☞ We have no personal experience in the matter, but there seems no quackery in this recipe: "If you wish to cure a scolding wife, never fail to laugh at her with all your might until she ceases, then kiss her."

☞ "You've destroyed my peace of mind, Betsy," said a despairing lover to a truant lass.

"It can't do you much harm, John, for 'twas an amazing small piece you had, any way."

☞ In one of the Courts lately there was a long and learned discussion as to whether a witness should be allowed to answer the question "What did Mary say?" Three judges gave long and elaborate opinions in the affirmative, and the question being repeated, the answer was "Not a word."

☞ Some of the Western papers have placed their money columns in mourning, by inverting the column "rules" and putting an obituary head at the top.

Death at a Wedding.—A young man named White, who attended a wedding party in Lancaster county, Pa., last Thursday week, drank too much, and was found dead on the premises the next morning.

☞ At the Buffalo fair grounds a day or two since an Indian ran ten miles in 56 minutes and 19 seconds—a speed unprecedented.

☞ Poverty is no disgrace, save in the eyes of fools whose forefathers were paupers.

☞ The good heart, the tender feeling, and the pleasant disposition, make smiles, love and sunshine everywhere.

The Financial Pressure.

The present Bank crisis is leading to a general discussion of the banking system, and the current is running for a more enlarged specie basis, for further limitation of discount, and against bills under $10 or $20. The New York Courier has this view:

I. A limitation of bank circulation to three dollars for one of specie. II. No bills under five dollars for the present; and none under twenty dollars after January, 1859. III. Loans on all to be limited to five per cent of capital. IV. Long credits to be relinquished by our importers and jobbers—4 to 6 months to be substituted for 8 to 9 months.—V. No loans to be granted to Railroad companies except in extreme cases; no Railroad companies can be well managed whose expenditures exceed their receipts. VI. Abolish the usury laws, and let money be free between the borrower and lender.

Logical.

The Black Republicans are mixing up their old familiar cry of "Bleeding Kansas" with an occasional squeak about the "tariff of 1846," and ascribing all manner of results to that cause. A bank loans about half of its capital to speculators in sugar, molasses, &c., who are thereby enabled to monopolize the stock of those articles and raise the price, for months, upon every family, rich and poor, in the land. A diminished consumption and increased production causes this nice little scheme to "gang agley," the speculation fails, the speculators deservedly are badly bitten, they tumble in, the bank loses the amount loaned to them, it totters, suspends, fails—a panic arises—a run ensues upon the Philadelphia banks—*they* suspend—other banks follow suit—and then "scurvy politicians" avail themselves of the occasion to impress upon those who are shallow enough to be so gulled that it is all attributable to the tariff of 1846!—*York Gazette.*

The Filibusters.—It is stated that orders have been issued to the commander of the gulf squadron to arrest the filibustering expedition wherever it may be found. Lord Napier has ordered Captain Erskine, who is in command of the British squadron, to take them and deliver them to the American commander.

☞ In Petersburg, Virginia, the other day, two free negroes were ordered to be whipped for attempting to fight a duel. It seems that they were both enamored of a wise old widow, who promised to marry both, provided one kept the secret from the other by keeping it to himself, and, also, provided that one steal more flour for her benefit from the mill, in which they both were working, than the other. The trick was discovered by one of the party, and a duel was the inevitable consequence. But they were arrested before either had fired a shot.

☞ The *Journal of Commerce* says: "A friend of ours, who a year or two ago bought two life policies, from passengers who were about going to California and who found this the only means of paying their passage, will soon come into possession of $4,500, by virtue of these policies, which did not cost him above $500. The parties whose lives the policies covered were on board the Central America on her recent trip to New York, and are among the lost."

☞ The Chicago *Democrat* says that there is a large produce house in that city which realized some thousands of dollars by having agents in New York to purchase a few hundred bushels of corn at a high figure, and send these sales by telegraph as the *true* condition of the market. As soon as these high prices get wind on change, the uninitiated buy corn of the very house in Chicago which has caused the fictitious advance in New York. Such sharp transactions are but a fair sample of the gambling which pervades all branches of trade.

☞ Louis and Mena Heldenbert, brother and sister, died near Niagara Falls, N. Y., from the effects of a dose of morphine, given in mistake for quinine by a druggist, in Niagara city.—These drugs are precisely similar in appearance and taste.

☞ James Ward, of Chicago, who owns a large number of houses, has been to his tenants and reduced the rents, in view of hard times, about twenty per cent. The newspapers are handing around the name of this man with a soul, and want to know who will go and do likewise.

☞ In Rochester, women who wear the "Bloomer uniform" are warned to do military duty. A good idea. As they want their rights, let them take the first installment by carrying a fourteen pound musket through the mud all day.

☞ There is a chap out west with hair so red that when he goes out before daylight he is taken for sunrise, and the cocks begin to crow.

From Forney's Philadelphia Press of Wednesday week.

The Relief Bill A Law!

The passage of the relief bill is recorded in our correspondence from Harrisburg. Its provisions will be understood by the general reader, and require no elaboration at our hands.—We are gratified at this result. With the *principle* of legalizing suspensions was yielded, the *expediency* of fixing a time for resumption became comparatively subordinate. Our earnest hope is now, that the community of business men and the banks may once more act in concord and in confidence. The banks are on trial before the people, *and before the next Legislature.* We appreciate to the full all their difficulties. We know that they will be compelled to contract, in anticipation of the meeting of the new Legislature; but we think, and we are glad to believe, that that Legislature will not deal harshly by them, *should they honestly endeavor to sustain the solvent business men of Philadelphia.* Now, if ever, may they become great curses or great benefits to the working people. We are on the threshold of winter. Thousands of men have been thrown out of employment by the hard times. The worst apprehensions are entertained by the wisest men. The benevolent are preparing to extend support and comfort to the suffering poor. It is not, therefore, a question of politics, but of humanity, that animates us when we say that it will best become us, in times like these, to exert ourselves to lighten the common burden, by *confidence and by concession.* We postpone the subject of reform in the banks before the vastly and well-nigh subject of relief to the discharged laboring man. Let this sentiment inspire us in all our actions between now and the meeting of the new Legislature.

We deem this a proper occasion to allude to the efforts of a few of the Opposition prints and leaders on the subject of the action of the Legislature.—General PACKER was yesterday elected Governor of Pennsylvania by a great majority. The Legislature which is to commence its session in January will be overwhelmingly Democratic. The facts are patent and notorious. But they should invoke us to no emotions of Revenge, because such prints as the *North American* have sought to revive old party prejudices against the Democratic party, and to array the mechanics and manufactures of the State against the Democratic ticket—having, we regret to say, too well succeeded in their work of injustice. On the contrary, we must now *ignore* these miserable party partialities—these discreditable exhibitions of personal feelings, and go together as one man, resolved first to save the burning city, to rescue our threatened interests, and to pluck from the flames our fellowmen; and after this noble duty has been discharged, then to inquire who set the building on fire, and to punish him accordingly.—This will be the task of THE PRESS.—We shall labor faithfully and fearlessly to this end. We have no interests of our own to accomplish, beyond the love we bear to the State of our nativity.—We do not owe a dollar to any bank in the world. We are in favor of a new system of banking, as we believe this community is. We profoundly respect and will obediently follow the doctrines of the Democratic party. But we feel that we are now in the midst of an incredible Peril! For the present, party feelings must be postponed. There is a black cloud of ruin may hanging over us. The best men, the strongest houses, have gone down into the great deeps of financial disaster. Credit, heretofore unimpaired; character, heretofore impregnable, has failed to save thousands from ruin. In such an hour, we cease to be a politician, and remember only that we are a man; and we see our first great duty in the fulfilment of our obligations to those who in any emergency would command our confidence, but who in this, the crisis of their extremest woe, command and expect our warmest sympathy and most energetic support.

Hoarding.—Now is the time when gold dollars are hid in old stockings. Now is the time when sixpences are tucked away in snob nosed tea-pots. Now money is laid by in cupboards—for mice to nibble; thrust into corners—for thieves to rummage; carried in wallets for pickpockets to grab at; hid behind the wood work—for the next generation to find; and buried in the ground to be lost and forgotten. Now men frantic to draw cash out of safe places and put into unsafe ones. Now poor families loose five per cent. for the purpose of having their savings where they will keep them awake of nights. Now farmers hang up depositts in the shot pouch behind the door, house-wives sew up gold pieces in their skirts, and travelers weigh themselves down with body belts of coin. Now the unprofitable servant who hid his talent in a napkin is canonized into a bright and shining Scriptural example, while those who "put their money to the exchanges" are looked suspiciously upon, as rush speculators in Jewish Fancy Stocks. Now all money is distrusted but such as can be heard to chink. Now men privily put all their cash under lock and key, and then publicly lament that it has ceased to circulate. Now men with well filled pockets refuse either to pay their debts or forgive their debtors. Now the butcher must wait and the baker must go unpaid, and the printer must be put off for the nineteenth time. The era of hoarding has come round again with all its blind, unreasoning fears, and all its self-imposed curses of poverty, idleness, distrust and decay.—*Albany Journal.*

☞ Winter is coming.

The Compiler.



M. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, Oct. 26, 1857.

☞Hon. GEO. W. BREWER has our thanks for a copy of the fourth volume of the Transactions of the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society.

☞There is to be a grand military parade at Harrisburg on the inauguration of Gov. Packer.

☞We are glad to see our friend HODGSON, of the *Jeffersonian*, and the whole Democratic ticket elected in Chester county. Col. H. will make a capital member of the Legislature.

☞RUTHERFORD (B. R.) is elected Senator in the Dauphin district by a majority of only 12 votes! Our friend HALDEMAN, of the *Patriot*, the Democratic candidate, made an extraordinarily good run, but, he could not quite reach it. We are sorry for it. Last year the majority in that Senatorial district against the Democracy was 1560!

☞President BUCHANAN has directed one of the new Sloops of War, ordered by Congress, to be built at the Philadelphia Navy Yard. This will afford employment during the fall and winter to hundreds of mechanics.

Snow Storm.—It is stated that a snow storm occurred in Preble county, Ohio, on Thursday morning week, and that the ground was quite white with snow, which remained until melted by the sun. The previous night it both rained and hailed pretty severely.

☞The Russian 84 gunship La Forte was recently capsized between Reul and Cronstadt, in the gulf of Finland, and *fourteen hundred souls*, including three admirals and the wives and children of the crew, were all lost but six.

☞It is rumored that some of the leading New York banks are making arrangements for an early resumption of specie payments. Several of them are now paying specie both on checks and bills where it is needed for legitimate purposes and not for speculation.

☞Bank men are divided in opinion as to the bill passed at the Extra Session, and doubtless the question of its acceptance will give rise to earnest debate in more than one Board of Directors. But we apprehend few or no Banks will reject it.

☞Banks of issue are unknown in California. The currency is all hard money, and for large transactions drafts.

Sickly.—The Waynesboro' *Record* says chills and fever are at present alarmingly prevalent in the neighborhood of Waterloo, about four miles southeast of Waynesboro'.—Scarcely a family in that region has thus far escaped attack from the disease.

Two Children Poisoned.—On Thursday two children of John Cahill, of Jersey City, N. J., were taken with violent spasms from eating the seeds of the Jamestown weed. The elder, a boy six years old, died the next morning, and the other, a little girl, aged four years, will, it is hoped, recover.

Conspiracies in Mexico.—Advices from Mexico to the 1st inst. state that a deep laid conspiracy to overthrow the government had been discovered and several arrests made, including ex-President Gen. Salas. Various other pronunciamentos are mentioned.

Grain at Chicago.—It is stated that there is no less than 25,000,000 bushels of grain in store in Chicago, but not more than 1,000,000 will be brought forward previous to the closing of the canals, for want of money to send it on.

Sharp, But True.—The Albany *Argus* says "the traffic in free negroes, as a political commodity, must soon cease. We expect to announce among the bankruptcies in November, the following: Greeley & Co., dealers in human wool—suspended, owing to the short crop, and the fact that the clip now on hand has no sale."

A Royal Wedding.—The Berlin correspondent of the Manchester Guardian says that it is understood that the marriage of Prince Frederick William with the Princess Royal of England will be celebrated at Buckingham Palace on the 18th of January, and the royal couple will make their public entry into Berlin on the 3d of Feb.

☞THOMAS ALLIBONE, Esq., has resigned the Presidency of the Bank of Pennsylvania—reason, ill health!

☞On the Hoosac Mountain, in Massachusetts, on the 18th inst., snow lay six inches deep.

☞The Philadelphia Morning Times, a Republican paper, has ceased to exist.

The Last of the "Proviso."

When the Republican State Convention put David Wilmot in nomination for Governor, they did what every Democrat in Pennsylvania desired them to do. Mr. Wilmot was the author of the mischievous "Proviso" which bears his name, and which was the great issue of the last Presidential election. The principles of that "Proviso," Congressional interference in the domestic affairs of the Territories, was condemned by the people in the election of Mr. Buchanan. All that was wanted to complete the triumph of the defenders of the Constitution, was a verdict against the great agitator himself. That has now been had, and David Wilmot and his disunion doctrines will no longer trouble the true and loyal people of Pennsylvania. They have been sunk "deeper than plummet ever sounded," and with them has gone to the bottom all that was left of the great Republican party after the Presidential election. That party now sleeps a sleep from which no shriek for freedom can awake it. What we shall have in its stead is beyond our ken, but (remarks the Valley Spirit) it would be doing injustice to the Greeleys, the Chases and the Wilsons of the opposition, not to suppose that they will get up some other equally unpatriotic organization. But it will take them from now till the next Presidential election to get rightly under way again.

Exit Mr. Wilmot.

Mr. Wilmot, the candidate for Governor of the Republicans, departs the scene of his late troubles with little or dignity. We admonished him of his fate in advance, in the very kindest spirit. We foretold his fate. We implored him to desist from his labors. But he refused our counsel, and lo! he is almost as badly worsted as if he had started out to run for the fewest votes. There is a moral in the catastrophe. Mr. Wilmot was the author (putative or real) of the Proviso that bears his name. He has been a sort of trumpet of sedition ever since 1846, passing through various phases of politics since that time, and changing his coat and his name almost as often as the rider in the circus who starts out, like Mr. Wilmot, a very fat man, and ends a very lean one indeed. The only element to which he has been true in all his experience has been Abolitionism. But this has proved to be the saddest of all his speculations—it has weighed him down from the first, until it has sunk him, politically, deeper than plummet ever sounded. The place where he descended will be avoided by all aspiring politicians hereafter, as the fatal current is shunned by the cautious mariner. His overthrow ends the race of mere demagogues on the slavery question in this quarter. It stops the career of fanaticism in Pennsylvania. It completes and closes by such a popular decree as this nation has never yet seen, the career of a man, who, to gratify his own purposes, has for ten years disturbed and divided as happy a people as the sun, in all his course, has ever shone upon. There are larger lessons taught than this, but rarely one so forcible.—*Philadelphia "Press."*

Poetical---Political.

The following "refrain" is said to be "all the rage" with the party now preparing for a long voyage up Salt River:

"I never had a piece of bread,
Particularly large and wide,
But what it fell upon the floor,
And always on the buttered side!"

For particulars see result in this county.——Speaking poetically, by the by, we are inclined to think the politicians referred to above are a good deal in the same plight as the hapless wight who sings a lullaby to his own misfortunes in the following appropriate stanza:

"When I remember all
The girls I've met together,
I feel like a rooster in the fall,
Exposed to every weather:
I feel like one who treads alone
Some barn yard all deserted,
Whose oats are fled—whose hens are dead,
And off to market started."

Their "oats" have fled, *their* hens are dead, and off to market started, and a very poor market at that!

A Good Story Spoiled!

☞The following story was "going the rounds" in the Wilmot papers for several weeks before the election. They thought it "Good!"—"Capital!"—"Excellent!"

Are we Aground, Cuptug?—On the Mississippi once, not long since, there was a fellow passenger on a slow boat, a regular Varmounter, who looked as if he didn't know nothing, and allers did. He took notice of everything, and what was very remarkable for a Yankee, said very little. The Captain was a grum old specimen, who looked as if he were an old ship's figure head turned into life—a most forbidding sort of personage. The Yankee had once or twice signally failed to draw the Captain into a conversation, and looked as mortified as a Yankee usually does at a rebuff.

"Our boat" was a remarkably slow one, and presently, some miles astern, was descried a gallant steamer, which in a little while was nearly "neck and neck" with us—both going the same direction. In a few seconds the Peytona was leaving us far astern. The Varmounter quietly stepped up to the grum old Captain, and quietly said to him: "*Captug, ain't we aground?*".

The Captain made a threat to put the Yankee ashore, but he did not.

At the next election, some one, seeing the swiftness of the steamer David Wilmot, in the gubernatorial race, will say to the Captain of the steam tug Packer, *ain't we aground?—Philadelphia Sun.*

Well, it *is* rather a good story, *now!* Think of "the swiftness of the steamer David Wilmot!" We begin to see the cream of the thing!—*York Gazette.*

"A Note Made of" Adams.

From the Fulton Democrat

Adams County.—Our friend STAHLE, of the Gettysburg *Compiler*, sends us good news. The entire Democratic ticket, from top to bottom, is elected.—Packer's majority is 463! The Democratic candidate for the Legislature, Will, has cleaned out the great Musselman!

From the York Gazette.

☞Scarcely a county in the State was derelict to duty last Tuesday—Every where unexpectedly favorable results were attained. But we do not think that any where a better fight was made than that by which the sterling Democracy of our neighbor ADAMS achieved the election of their entire county ticket, and contributed the handsome majority of 463 to the brilliant victory of their brethren on the state ticket. Wilmot was in Adams, too!

We heartily congratulate our friend Stahle, of the *Compiler*, upon a result that must be so deeply gratifying to him, as an evidence of the ability and fidelity with which he has conducted that staunch Democratic journal.

☞We feel proud of our county—proud of her people—proud of the party to which we belong. Our opponents cannot have the lame excuse to offer that they were not united, for there was a perfect union of the Republicans and Know Nothings against the Democratic party.

Few counties in the State are entitled to more credit than the "Young Guard," Adams. Our majority, 463, is a brilliant one, and worthy of our sterling people. Let our Democratic friends of the different townships remain united, and let harmony prevail in all our counsels, and we will soon be able to give a much larger majority against our opponents, no difference what name they may hereafter fight under, or what principles they may advocate.

☞Your Jeremy Diddlers are always in earnest. One will rob a hen roost and appropriate the property to his own use with as grave unconcern as though it was the product of his own toil; and as to denying the theft, nobody can be more earnest—more innocent.

The *Star* is not unlike one of these fellows in *coolness*. It will assail with all the low epithets in its vocabulary the members of a prominent religious sect, as well as those of our citizens who first saw the light in another land; it will spit all the filth it can scrape up at respectable Democrats, and deal in the most extravagant laudations of the popularity of its own candidates. All this *before* election; but let the result be known and against its party, and then twit the editor playfully about it, and you have him tearing and pitching—complaining of "malevolence," "personal assaults," and so on, with all the *earnestness* imaginable—just as though he were sincere in what he was writing about! But it is sheer humbug from beginning to end, the coolness of which would be laughable, if it were not for the low state of political morals which it exhibits in the editor of that delectable sheet.

The *Star* to talk of "decency!" Satan might as well claim the purity of an angel.

☞The Opposition in this county appear to be in no little trouble to account for their *wholesale* defeat on Tuesday week. One wing contends that it was mainly owing to the *Star's* foolish harping on the "Molly Magnire" story; others that their ticket was lost by letting "*Sambo*" into the same harness with "*Sam*"—only to balk him; and still others insist that "*Sambo*" would *himself* have pulled the load through the mud, if it had not been for some of "*Sam's*" senseless conduct.

Whether the family quarrel will result in solving the problem to the satisfaction of all, managers and followers, is doubtful; but it is of no sort of consequence, at least so far as the Democracy are concerned. The Opposition ought to know by this time THE FACT that their principles are despised by the people of Adams county, and that all the cunning and underhand trickery of their leaders will avail nothing in view of it.

Their party might be run through a half dozen "Smut Machines," and if there should be anything clean left, it would be so small as to require microscopes to discover it. Badly, *very* badly *smutted!* But what else can be expected when "Sam" *and* "Sambo" *manage.*

☞"Where does BUSHEY stand?"—*Star.*

☞The people have elected him Prothonotary of Adams county, for three years, by the very handsome majority of 419! That's where he stands. Rather a comfortable position—and particularly *so* when compared with that of the opposition candidates.

"*Our* 'wheat' don't need cleaning."—*Star.*

☞Your wheat is like the old woman's cider—"*just all any more!*" It has been sprouting nothing but *chaff* for years, and now it seems to have run out altogether. Small loss to the public interests!

Steamer Sunk and Lives Lost.—ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—The steamer Tropic was sunk in the Missouri river on Thursday, when eight or ten lives were lost.

THE OLD KEYSTONE.

Tremendous Majority for Packer and the Whole State Ticket!!!

The official returns from all the counties of the State have not been received. We will publish a full table of the result next week. The *Bulletin* contains the official vote of thirty counties, and estimates that General PACKER'S majority will be OVER FORTY THOUSAND, as follows:

PACKER OVER WILMOT.	
Thirty Counties Official,	36,711
Twenty-one Counties Reported,	6,093
Packer's majority in 51 counties,	42,804
Thirteen Counties estimated to give a maj. for Wilmot of about	400
Probable majority for Packer	42,404

Although the vote on the Amendments to the Constitution is very small, the opposition to them throughout the State is quite insignificant, and they are adopted by a very large majority.

The Next Legislature.

The returns of the recent election in this State would indicate the following result:

	DEM.	K.N REP.	DOUBTFUL.
Senate,	20	12	1
House,	71	29	
	91	41	1

Dem. majority on joint ballot, 49.

Of the 33 members of the Senate—13 Democrats and 8 Republicans hold over from last year. Of the new members elected, 7 are Democrats, 4 Republicans, and 1 doubtful.

Elections.

Minnesota.—CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Returns from twenty-five counties in Minnesota give Sibley, the Democratic candidate for Governor, 1,700 majority. The fourteen counties to hear from will probably increase the majority.

Ohio.—CLEAVELAND, Oct. 22.—Official returns from 72 counties give Mr. Chase 2,027 maj The indications are that the Senate will stand 15 republicans, 18 Democrats, and the House 47 republicans, 57 Democrats.



DEMOCRATIC JOLLIFICATIONS.

Packer and the Whole Ticket!

☞The Democrats of Hamiltonban celebrated our Victory in the County and State, at FAIRFIELD, on Thursday evening last, in handsome style. Pineknot Bon Fires were kindled at five or six different points of the town, making it "as light as day" almost—a number of the dwellings were illuminated, and a procession with torches and stirring martial music marched from one end of the village to the other. When the procession reached the residence of Isaac Robinson, Esq., a halt was called, and a short speech was made by H. J. Stahle. The line again formed, and arriving at Shively's hotel, a very pretty display of Fire Works, on a small scale, was had. When concluded, three cheers were proposed for the success of PACKER AND THE WHOLE TICKET, and bravely given. The demonstration, which was in every respect gratifying, then closed.

☞The celebration of the Victory, on Saturday evening last, in GETTYSBURG, was a brilliant affair. Early in the evening, a Bon Fire was kindled in the Public Square, and a number of Transparencies with appropriate mottoes, were placed upon the long portico in front of Wattles's Hotel. Martial music then paraded the streets, and a large crowd assembling in front of the "Globe Inn," a speech of congratulation was made by E. B. Buehler, Esq. At the conclusion of his remarks the Fire Works were started in the Diamond, and continued an hour or more. The pieces consisted of verticle, illuminated and triangular wheels, battery, mines, rockets, bengolas, &c., eliciting throughout expressions of admiration from the large numbers of all ages and sexes, congregated in the vicinity. After the Display, a procession with martial music paraded nearly all the streets of the town, the most lively enthusiasm prevailing. Arrived at Wattles's, three cheers were given with a will in honor of the success of Packer and the whole ticket. S. J. Vandersloot made a brief speech, which ended the demonstration. Notwithstanding the "rainy" weather, the attendance was large, and the Fire Works "went off" very well.

☞The *Star* managers are determined that the editor of the *Compiler* shall be one of the "best abused" of men. We thank them for the compliment implied, and shall continue to pursue a straight-forward Democratic path, more firmly convinced than ever of the justice of our course and our cause. The "Maguires" will please consider us in their debt.

"It is rather a rich spectacle that of the editor of the *Compiler* assailing a man like John Scott."—*Star.*

☞Indeed! "On what meat doth *this* Cæsar feed, that *he* has grown so great?"

☞The Baltimore American, the most respectable Know Nothing paper in Maryland, in speaking of the Council Election in that City, says:

"The election for members of the First Branch of the City Council took place on Wednesday, and was, we regret to say, a mere mockery of the elective franchise, accompanied by riot and bloodshed."

☞Wilmot visited Adams during the late campaign. It is conceded that there are few abler exponents of the doctrines of which he is the embodiment. Look at the result of his visit:

For Packer,	2363
For Wilmot,	1900
Maj. for Packer,	463!!!

The Recent Election in Baltimore.

We have before alluded to the scenes of riot, mob-violence and murder which were enacted in Baltimore, at the recent election held in that city. They were such as to shame even the former apologists of that political party by whose adherents the polls were surrounded, and peaceable, quiet citizens refused the privilege of depositing their ballots. The Baltimore *Sun* says "the record of American suffrage, in the whole history of our country, contains nothing so humiliating as the transactions which took place in this city under the pretence of an election. To call the thing a 'farce' is to sport with the most vicious and demoralizeg political condition of this community. Moreover, disorder, riot and bloodshed have again disgraced the name of our city, and we stand in the record of yesterday's hideous proceedings a blot upon the escutcheon of popular liberty—a very mockery of political independence."

Let it be borne in mind that the Mayor of Baltimore is a Know Nothing, and all the police members of that order or the Ping Ugly Club, and the following notices of the events of the election day in that city will be fully understood. We copy from the local columns of the *Sun*, an independent paper:

* * * * * *

At an early hour in the morning it was evident that there would be trouble in some of the wards, but that was obviated by the withdrawal of some of the Democratic candidates.

* * * * * *

In the Fourth Ward there was *no opposition to the American candidates, and the day passed off quietly.*

* * * * * *

In the Fifth Ward William P. Lighter withdrew from the contest, and the Democratic Judge Hon. Joshua Vansant, left the polls. Afterwards all was quiet until the closing of the polls.

In the Sixth Ward *the Democratic voters were excluded from the polls as soon as the judges took their seats.* A man residing in Madison street, near Canal, attempted to vote, but was hurt badly about the head. Shortly after the Democratic candidate, Jacob Green, withdrew from the contest, and all became quiet.

In the Eleventh Ward there was some difficulty in the morning, and the police arrested Thomas Kilduff and Hugh McGarry. The Democrats *were early excluded from the polls, and the remainder of the day was quiet.*

These are some of the incidents of the day, but by no means the most startling or significant. In many of the wards the Democratic vote was reduced to a most insignificant figure, owing to the acts of Know Nothing bullies driving all men of that political party from the election ground with the pistol and the knife. In one instance the police arrested a Democratic candidate and placed him in prison for daring to uphold his right to freedom at the polls. The Know Nothing Marshal of Police, acting in accord with the band of ruffians to which he belongs, entered the office of a prominent journal of that city, and threatened to maltreat and murder a reporter for daring to place upon record, a plain and truthful account of the doings of himself and the officers under his charge on the day of election. For this murderous threat and intent, this head bully of the Ping Ugly police is now under bail, to answer at the criminal tribunal of that city. When all these facts are plainly set forth, well may the *Sun* call the election recently held in Baltimore, "a blot upon the escutcheon of popular liberty—a very mockery of political independence."—*Pennsylvanian.*

☞And yet Mayor Swann and such Know Nothing organs as the Gettysburg *Star* attempt to JUSTIFY the conduct of the Plugs and Blood Tubs on the day of the election! We would ask, in the name of Decency and Right, whether the deplorable rowdyism of the Dark Lantern Clubs of Baltimore does not demand the severe denunciation—*not* justification—of ALL parties?

Truth for Once.

It is not often we find a gain of truth in the New York *Herald*, but the following may be safely set down in that category. It is not the tariff, or any other measure of political economy, to which the country owes its present difficultics—but just what the *Herald* says—speculation, overtrading, and a wide spread demoralization among the business community. But to the *Herald* article itself:

Is it the Tariff?—Or is it the Banks and Stockjobbers?—The old Whig party has and cry against a low tariff is raised again as the cause of our late excessive importations. Even the late free trade David Wilmot, of Pennsylvania, takes up this cry against the low tariff of '46 as the cause of the present revulsion; but we cannot concur with these high tariff philosophers in this solution of the financial troubles that have so thickly come upon us. No. We cannot trace them to the tariff of '46; but we can trace them to the banks and stockjobbers, the railroad and land speculators, the fashions, flummeries, fopperies, nincompooperies, extravagances, vanities, licentiousness, rogueries, defalcations, embezzlements, forgeries, frauds, perjuries, and all the other rascalities of a wide-spread demoralization among men and women, saints and sinners—from puritanical Boston to Sabbath-breaking New Orleans. These are the potent causes of a revulsion, and a two hundred per cent. tariff against these terrible evils of the times would have been as powerless as a row boat in the rapids of Niagara. Millionaire railroad jobbers, stockjobbers, banks, speculators, peculators, and forgers, fast young men, fast old men, fast women, fast horses, brandy, billiards and faro, French gewgaws, fashionable rivalries in wasting money, and all such rubbish, stuff and abominations, have done the business. The tariff of '46 can't be made the scapegoat of the revulsion of '57. We have been enjoying a high carousal, and are now called upon to foot the bills. That's all.

Heavy Failure.

Our exchanges are unanimous in the opinion that the heaviest failure of this great season of failures, occurred on Tuesday the 13th, when the firm of Wilmot & Co. made a dead break. Wilmot and Co. were extensive dealers in *wool*, and the sudden decline in that commodity has ruined them.

Local Matters.

WE WANT WOOD!

☞Winter is approaching, and yet we have no Wood laid in to meet its rigors. Will not such of our patrons as design paying their subscriptions in that article, be good enough to bring it SOON? We "hanker" after that comfortable feeling which is produced by the possession of one's "winter wood."

LOST!

A small Medallion, containing daguerreotypes of two of the children of the editor of the *Compiler*, has been lost.—The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office.

Thanksgiving Day.

Gov. Pollock, of Pennsylvania, has issued his proclamation setting apart the 26th of November as thanksgiving day, which is the same day designated in Maryland, New York and New Hampshire.

Property Sold.

The property of Samuel Miller, deceased, 42 acres, in Mountpleasant township, about one mile from the Railroad, was sold on Saturday week, at public sale, at $74,62½ per acre. Mr. John Hanes purchaser. The one half in hand, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest.

Mr. Samuel Hildt, of same township, also about one mile from the Railroad, sold his farm lately, 71 acres, for $60 per acre. One half in hand, and the balance in four equal annual instalments, without interest. Philip Hemler buyer.

Mr. Peter Haverstock, in the same neighborhood, about 1 mile from the Railroad, lately sold his farm, 43 acres, for $1800—ten hundred in hand, and the balance in four equal annual payments, without interest. John Haverstock purchaser.

The brick dwelling, late of Gen. Reed, in Gettysburg, was sold on the 10th, by Wm. M. Watts, Esq., Guardian of John Reed, for $2,900—Capt. R. M'Curdy purchaser.

The following properties of Thos Warren were sold at public sale, on the 26th ult., by S. Weaver, Assignee:

Brick dwelling house on Carlisle street, to Shryock & M'Nair, for $2864—afterwards sold by them to D. M'Conaughy and John Horner, for $3000.

Brick dwellings on Chambersburg street, for $1575—Mathew Eichelberger purchaser.

Plastered house, corner of Chambersburg and West streets, $765—David Starner.

Lot adjoining above, $100—D. Troxel.
Lot do $100—P. Beitler.

Factory property in Freedom township, $1200—S. M'Nair.

Lot on West Middle street, $75—Waybright Ziegler.

5 acres near the College, $240—D. Kendlehart.

A Cunning Rogue.

A few weeks ago, a young man, pretending to be deaf and dumb, traversed the neighborhood between New Chester and New Oxford, asking charity by means of a printed paper; and, in the absence of the family, some of whom were a short distance from the house at the time, entered the dwelling of JACOB MELHORN, Esq., opened a bureau and took about $27 out of a pocket book, and a silver watch which was hanging in the room, and made his escape. The villain has not been heard of since.

Premiums to Adams County.

At the late Agricultural Fair in York, the following premiums were given to citizens of Adams county:—Christopher Rice, for a grey stallion, $12; Charles W. Griest, do. do., $3; Abraham Reiff, for a chesnut bay, $5; John R. Hersh, best boar under 2 years, $2—best breeding sow under 6 months, $1—best lot of pigs, $4; Joseph Shireman, best small seed planter, diploma and $2; the same, for best mower, diploma and $5.—*Sent.*

Death of Chester Case.

The gentleman whose sudden and violent death is noticed in the following paragraph, clipped from the *Reading Gazette*, was known to many of the citizens of this county, both in town and country, where and among whom he transacted business for many years and was well-esteemed:

"Chester Case, a silk pedlar, was killed at Cherryville, near Easton, Pa., on Friday last, while unhitching his horses. He had loosened the traces and was in the act of unloosening the tongue strap, when he fell, and the horses becoming frightened started off, and two wheels passed over his head, killing him instantly. He is well known throughout the country, and many in town had become acquainted with him, having been through this section very often. He was about sixty years of age, was a bachelor, and worth, it is said, about sixty thousand dollars.—From letters found in his pocket, it is supposed the deceased has a brother and sistor living in Hartford, Connecticut. He was buried at Cherryville."

Snow.

On Tuesday morning, the 20th inst., we had quite a sudden change of air, from the pleasant and balmy to the cold, blustering and bracing, in the midst of which there was a fair specimen of a snow storm—fair for the first.

☞Our friend W. Ross WHITE, Esq., of Freedom township, no doubt knowing something of our fondness for, and ability to make "a full hand" at, good things, sent us, the other day, a very fine Snapper—"alive and" *crawling*—one of the largest we have seen for years. Mr. W. has not only our thanks, but also those of the household.

The Amendments.

The following is the official report of the vote in Adams county on the Amendments to the Constitution of the State, which were not included in the published returns last week.

VOTE ON THE AMENDMENTS.

	1st		2nd		3rd		4th	
	For.	Against.	For.	Against.	For.	Against.	For.	Against.
Gettysburg,	318	21	314	24	319	23	314	22
Cumberland,	177	19	178	18	180	18	180	15
Littlestown,	89	44	80	44	23	99	77	44
Oxford,	46	12	45	11	47	12	44	14
York Springs,	236	30	227	32	239	29	227	31
Millerstown,	226	17	217	18	208	12	213	16
Berlin,	109	32	108	33	111	33	106	33
Menallen,	201	43	203	43	202	43	201	41
Hunterstown,	245	11	233	16	238	17	236	15
Franklin,	195	10	193	10	195	10	194	10
Conowago,	30	48	30	48	29	48	30	48
Heidlersburg,	118	5	115	6	112	6	111	5
Mountjoy,	154	13	153	13	151	13	155	12
Mt. Pleasant,	89	64	90	64	91	61	99	63
Hampton,	72	42	72	43	70	43	66	51
Berwick bor.,	41	4	39	3	40	3	40	4
Berwick tp.,	42	21	40	19	41	19	39	21
Freedom,	75	1	75	1	75	1	75	1
Union,	131	10	31	12	12	92	35	10
Butler,	75	45	76	44	75	41	77	42
Total,	2665	462	2522	502	2461	623	2525	503

Jurors---Nov. Term.

GRAND JURY.

Huntington—Jonas Johns, Jesse Johns.
Cumberland—Joseph Baily, Cornelius Lott.
Mountpleasant—Samuel Menges, Philip Hemler.
Hamilton—Michael Dellone.
Oxford—Alex. Hunes, John Stock, Henry Kuhn.
Conowago—John Rahu.
Mountjoy—David Zuck, Jacob Palmer.
Reading—Michael Bushey, Jacob Hains.
Germany—George Gonder, Rufus Dotterer.
Menallen—John McKendrick, Henry Beamer.
Union—Martin Grove.
Berwick—Daniel Bucher
Latimore—Christian Chronister.
Gettysburg—Samuel Weaver.
Liberty—Gregory P. Topper.

GENERAL JURY.

Huntington—Francis Coulson, Arnold Gardner, Leonard M'Elwee, Wm. B. Brandon, Jacob B. Miller, Wm. M'Geary, Thos. E. Gardner, Wm. B. Gardner, Warner Townsend.
Cumberland—David Horner, Jesse Sharretts, Wm. Ross, Daniel Heintzelman, Henry Butt, John F Currens, Wm. Allison.
Oxford—Peter Diehl,
Union—Enoch Lefever, Henry Gitelius, John Hostetter, jr.,
Germany—Geo Hesson, Abraham Rankert, Jacob Klunk,
Berwick—Michael Cline, David Hollinger, Henry Bittinger, Samuel Horner, Jeremiah Benner.
Menallen—Samuel Swope.
Gettysburg—Wm. Smith, Wm. Stallsmith, George Geyer.
Conowago—Jacob Dellone, John L. Gilenafor, Jesse Walkman.
Hamiltonban—Henry Landis, Wm. Bowling, John Bennett, James H Marshall.
Straban—Isaac F. Brinkerhoff, Edward Moritz.
Latimore—James Gardner, Allen Robinette
Hamilton—Jacob Hartman,
Mountpleasant—Samuel Hilt.
Tyrone—John Eicholtz.
Reading—Henry Rummell, James Townsend.

☞Capt. LIGHTNER has received his commission, and is now the Sheriff of Adams county. He will take up his quarters in the Jail building—*front* part—in a few days. That he will make in all respects an excellent officer, all who know the man must admit.

Sheriff THOMAS retires with the honor of having discharged his public duties promptly and faithfully. No one has had occasion to regret supporting him for the position three years ago.

Look to your Chimneys.

A little care now may prevent a fire, and may be, a destruction of property. See that your chimneys are cleansed of the soot that has accumulated there during the last winter, before you make a rattling fire in your stoves.

☞You that are given to "blues," read "A Plain Man's Philosophy," on our first page. To make the best use of the hints they contain, we would suggest that the stanzas be cut out and pasted in your hats. We'll warrant that with an occasional perusal, you'll "Manage to exist and to be glad, John Brown!"

☞Several columns of news matter will be found on the fourth page.

Communicated

"Molly Maguire"
Missed fire!

MR. EDITOR:—You must have in your town a sorely disappointed pack of Know Nothing politicians. One of them appears in yesterday's *Star*, over the name of "Junius," dealing in filthy abuse of yourself and your journal.—Surely it cannot be that all this bile has been stirred up by the laughable caricature of "Molly Maguire" which some of your town boys got up whilst at the Hunterstown Democratic Meeting, for the benefit of such chaps as "Junius." I cannot believe that he could have bottled his wrath since that time; but must be allowed to suspect that it all comes of the sound drubbing which the candidates of his party got at the late election! That's where the shoe pinches, most likely!

"Junius" may *pretend* to be indifferent to political matters, but his real partisan feelings *will* occasionally stick out. "Straws show."

Oct. 24. STRABAN.

A Chapter of Horrors.—BOSTON, Oct. 19.—On Saturday night an affray occurred here in which Henry L. Sutton killed John Hilton and also stabbed John Donovan, supposed mortally. Sutton was captured after a desperate resistance, in which he stabbed Jacob Todd, seriously. The same night policeman Hodgdon was killed by a pistol shot while arresting a suspected burglar.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A man named Jno. Swenson was killed on Saturday night by three rowdies, whilst walking the streets, accompanied by his wife.—The murderers escaped.

An Unlucky Operation.—A man in Brooklin, N. Y., last Saturday, fearing a Savings Bank in that city would "bust," drew out $200—all he possessed. He told all his friends of his good luck in getting the money, took several drinks, got "tight," and had his pocket picked of every dollar. He did not make much by that operation.

☞The man in white pants has left town.

A Glorious Victory.

The result of the election in Pennsylvania has overwhelmed the Black Republicans, and forever sealed the fate of the traitorous crew. The people of the old Keystone have thus, in thunder tones, proclaimed to the world their devotion to the Union, and the triumphant election of Gen. Packer and a Democratic Legislature has sounded the death-knell to the hopes of the Disunionists every where.

The majority for Governor Packer, and the State Officers generally, will not be probably less than 42,000 over Wilmot, and 12,000 over Wilmot and Hazlehurst combined.

The Democracy of Pennsylvania performed a great day's work on Tuesday.

Counterfeits.

The following description of a batch of counterfeit notes, which first made their appearance in Lancaster county a few weeks since, may be of some service to our citizens at the present time when *any kind* of money almost is eagerly taken. The dealers in counterfeit and bogus money will doubtless be on the alert in these pinching times to get rid of their rascally trash, and it would be well for every one to keep a sharp look out for them:

One—*Columbia Bank,* Columbia, Pa. Bank has no 1's.

Three—*Columbia Bank,* Pa.—Bank has no 3's.

Five—*York County Bank,* Pa.—Vig. man and horse plowing—Franklin's head on right—girl on left end.

Five—*York County Bank,* Pa.—Vig. two men, horses and plow: Franklin on right; boy, girl and dog on left.

Five—*Columbia Bank,* Pa., altered—Vig. three females reclining: portrait of Washington on the right; goddess of liberty on left.

Ten—*Harrisburg Bank,* Pa.—Vig. Washington and Rittenhouse; canal boat on one end, and a male and female on the other; unlike the genuine.

Horrible Tragedy in Arkansas.—We learn that, on last Monday night, the 12th instant, a widow lady, Mrs. Hill, and a negro woman, were murdered near Berlin, Arkansas, by two negro men. After perpetrating the horrible deed, the bodies of the victims were thrown into the house, which was set on fire and burned to the ground. It is supposed that the negro woman, from the evidences of the blood and brains near the well, was the first victim, and the rest of the hellish deed was perpetrated either to conceal the crime or for purposes of plunder. Several negroes were arrested a short time after the murders were committed, and it was not known who were the guilty parties until last Friday, when two negroes among the number who were arrested confessed that they had committed the most atrocious act. *A bon-fire was made and the miserable wretches were thrown into it.—Boston Advocate.*

Coin in Boston.—There is said to be plenty of small coin in circulation in Boston. The proprietor of a prominent exchange office in State street had the curiosity on Monday forenoon to note the amount of the sums of specie offered to him for sale within a few hours. The total was $13,518, in lots from $2,000 downward. The holders were somewhat indignant at the terms offered, which was one-half per cent., and refused to sell at so low a rate, as it would not repay them for the trouble for carrying their heavy burdens.

Convention of New York Country Banks.—Syracuse, Oct. 22.—The convention of the officers of the country banks of this State held here to-day resolved as follows: That it is their duty to prepare for the early resumption of specie payments; that before said resumption they will endeavor to keep their bills as near the specie basis as possible; that they will increase their line of discounts to the extent of their ability to aid in forwarding produce.—They also appointed a committee to effect an association of the country banks for mutual protection; to arrange a system for redemption and exchanges, and report to a future meeting.

☞A baggage car, mail and two passenger cars, with 60 passengers, were thrown down an embankment twenty feet, on the Central Railroad, west of Syracuse, N. Y., on Thursday week, in consequence of a piece of the road being washed away. A Miss Brown was drowned, a man named Brownson killed, and twenty others injured, some of them seriously.

The Great Fire and Loss of Life at Chicago.—The telegraph has already given the main particulars of the destructive fire and serious loss of life at Chicago on Monday morning. Nine buildings, occupied as stores, were consumed and eleven lives lost by the falling walls. The fire originated in the hardware store of Cormick, Cross & Co., on South Water street, whose loss is $42,000; insurance $32,000. Some of the bodies presented a most shocking spectacle. The Times says:

A Milwaukee fireman named Cooper was taken out of the ruins, after having been buried there for about two hours. He was insensible when first taken out, but soon revived and commenced *swearing at his rescuers for not digging him out sooner!*

☞It is conceded that the free State party have obtained a very small majority in the Kansas Legislature, but under circumstances and from causes which leave ample ground for the belief that the Democratic party has a majority in the Territory.

☞Information has been received from an official source to the effect that the constitutional convention of Kansas will submit the constitution to the legal voters of the territory for adoption or rejection.

☞B. Brandreth, the "pill doctor," is a candidate for the New York State Senate.

Paper from Chinese Sugar Cane.—The Boston Journal has seen a specimen of wrapping paper made from the fibre of the Chinese sugar cane, in Newton, Mass. It says the specimen proves conclusively that paper can be made from that plant.

How Prophetic!—The following is an extract from a speech made by President Buchanan, when in Congress, on the independent treasury bill:

"The evils of a redundant paper circulation are manifest to every eye. It alternately raises and sinks the value of every man's property. It makes a beggar of the man to-morrow who indulged in dreams of wealth to-day. It converts the business of society in a mere lottery, while those who distribute the prizes are wholly irresponsible to the people. When the collapse comes—as come it must—it casts laborers out of employment, crushes manufacturers and merchants, and ruins thousands of honest and industrious citizens."

☞*The Big Safe,* measuring 5½ feet high, by 4½ feet wide, and weighing 4,300 pounds, has been attracting much attention at the office of the Farmer's and Mechanic's Saving's Institution, in S. W. corner of the public square. Everybody nearly in town has been to see it. Our friends from the country have been and are still dropping in, to see this, *the largest Safe ever brought into the county.*

This Safe furnishes another ground for confidence to depositors. The *security* for the deposits they make is of the same character, and as extensive as those afforded by a bank to its depositors, the stockholders in the one and the other being in the same manner liable. The safe keeping of the monies and the security to depositors thus afford a *double safeguard* to those thinking of depositing their monies *where, instead of lying idle, they will produce interest—in the Saving's Institution.*

☞It is a most undoubted fact that Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, or Liver Remedy, is one of the greatest discoveries made in medicine the past century. It has been a study of the Dr. during twenty years' practice to find what particular organ, when diseased, caused the greatest number of ills or pains, and his conclusion is, that the liver is the greatest regulator of the system and the most liable to disease, while if kept free from disease is a preventative of Dyspepsia, Jaundice, general debility, &c., while last but far from least we mention consumption: for our experience is that more cases of consumption occur from diseased liver than from all other causes put together.

Taking this to be a correct hypothesis, we have but to find a remedy with which to correct the liver, and we have a cure of nearly all the diseases we are subject to by simply using a preventive. That the Invigorator is such a remedy, is beyond doubt to all who try it, for its virtues are such that for all complaints arising from liver derangements, it is an unfailing remedy, while as a family medicine, for all diseases of the stomach or bowels, which are caused in a greater or less degree by liver derangement, it is the safest, surest and most efficacious remedy known.

☞A. D. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg: Wm. Berlin, Hanover; and Charles R. Henry, Abbottstown. Oct. 19. 1m

☞*Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.*—In our advertising columns is to be found an advertisement of this popular restorative.—We know nothing of its merits save what we read, but that is sufficient, particularly when we see such testimonials of its efficacy as the following, which we clip from the Ottowa *Free Trader:*

"Having tried successively sundry highly recommended 'hair tonics' on our own half denuded crown, we about lost all confidence in nostrums of that sort, until a week ago we met a distinguished politician of this State whom we had seen three years ago with thin hair, and as 'gray as a rat,' but now boasting as fine a head of hair as one could wish.—We demanded the secret of his improved appearance, when he readily accounted for it by ascribing it to the virtues of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. We shall try that next.—*Rock River Democrat.*

Sold by all Druggists. Oct. 19. 2w

Market Reports.

Corrected from the latest Baltimore York & Hanover papers

Baltimore—Friday last.

Flour, per barrel,	$5 20	@	5 55
Wheat, per bushel,	1 06	@	1 40
Rye, "	58	@	70
Corn, "	50	@	68
Oats, "	26	@	38
Clover-seed, "	5 00	@	5 25
Timothy-seed, "	2 25	@	2 50
Beef Cattle, per hund.,	6 00	@	7 75
Hogs, "	8 00	@	9 00
Hay, per ton,	12 00	@	18 00
Whiskey, per gallon,	21	@	22
Guano, Peruvian, per ton,			65 00

Hanover—Thursday last.

Flour, per bbl., from wagons,			$5 50
Do. " from stores,			6 50
Wheat, per bushel,	1 10	@	1 20
Rye, "			65
Corn, "			60
Oats, "			30
Cloverseed, "			6 00
Timothy, "			2 50
Plaster, per ton,			6 50

York—Friday last.

Flour, per bbl., from wagons,			$5 25
Do., " from stores,			6 25
Wheat, per bushel,	1 08	@	1 20
Rye, "			65
Corn, "			55
Oats, "			30
Cloverseed, "			4 75
Timothy, "			2 50
Plaster, per ton,			6 50

Marriages.

On Tuesday last, at the Conowago Chapel, by the Rev. Father Enders, Mr. GEORGE A. CODORI, son of Mr. Nicholas Codori, of this place, to Miss JOSEPHINE SMITH, daughter of Dr. J. N. Smith, of Butler township, this county.

[☞The Printer has, of course, been handsomely remembered—nothing short of this was to have been expected from so clever a pair. We tender, with our thanks, sincere congratulations, and wish the happy couple uninterrupted happiness and prosperity throughout a long life.]

Deaths.

Suddenly, on Thursday last, at the residence of Mr. George Weaver, in Butler township, GEORGE, son of Mr. Jonathan Neely, aged about 3 years.

COBEAN & PAXTON have just returned from the city with, and are now opening the largest stock of *Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,* ever opened in Gettysburg, and are selling off at very low prices.

COBEAN & PAXTON have the Fall and Winter style of Black Silk Hats.

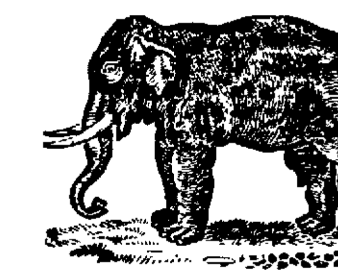
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES of all kinds, qualities, sizes, and shapes, for Men, Boys, Youths and Children, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

SEGARS & TOBACCO—best quality, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

OLD Quarters, Levies, Fips, and all other old coin, taken at full value, for Clothing and Notions, at SAMSON'S.

A SPLENDID lot of Buffalo Robes, Buffalo, Gum and Calf-Skin Overshoes, selling very cheap, at SAMSON'S.

THE Ladies are particularly invited to call at COBEAN & PAXTON'S, and examine their stock of Shoes, Gaiters, Boots and Slippers.



GRAND SHOW!

AT GETTYSBURG, PA.

M. Samson, Manager & Proprietor.

Doors open at 6 o'clock, A. M.—Performance to commence immediately after.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Adults, ... FREE.
Children, (under 12 years of age,) Half Price.

GRAND COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT TO THE PUBLIC!

The subscriber, thankful for past favors, respectfully informs the inhabitants of Gettysburg and surrounding country, of the fact that he has just received from the New York Auctions a

SPLENDID STOCK OF GOODS!

which he is determined to sell at astonishingly low rates for cash. In return for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him, he will give a Grand Complimentary Benefit, on which occasion will be presented

TWO MAGNIFICENT PIECES!

On Wednesday, October 28,
and every day until further notice, will be presented the very popular Tragedy of

GOOD FITS!

with the following unrivalled cast:—Fashionable Clothing, from the finest to the lowest priced qualities. Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, in great variety. Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., to suit all tastes.

An Intermission of Ten Minutes,
to allow those making large purchases time for Lunch, &c, &c.

The whole to conclude with M. Samson's successful Play, entitled

VARIETIES!

the beauty of which will cause great excitement among the Ladies and Gentlemen.
Oct. 26, 1857. tf

Assignee's Sale.

VALUABLE IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY & REAL ESTATE.

On Tuesday, the 17th day of November next,

THE subscriber, Assignee under a Deed of Voluntary Assignment for benefit of Creditors, by Thomas Warren and wife, will sell at Public Sale, at the Court-house, in Gettysburg, the following valuable Property, to wit:

No. 1. TWO LOTS OF GROUND, fronting on Railroad street, on which is erected a valuable Iron and Brass Foundry, known as the "GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY," with all the necessary apparatus, Steam Engine, Flasks, Patterns, Tools, &c. The Foundry is now in running order, and doing a first-rate business.

☞The Gettysburg Railroad passes immediately in front of the lots on which the Foundry is located.

No. 2. HALF LOT OF GROUND, on East Middle street, adjoining properties of Ephraim Hanaway and George Swope, on which is erected a good Two-story FRAME DWELLING, back-building, well of water, &c.

☞Sale will commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

SAMUEL WEAVER, *Assignee.*
Oct. 26, 1857. ts

Fresh Oysters, &c.

ANTHONY LITTLE most respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he will open, on the 2d of November, an OYSTER SALOON, in the rooms recently occupied by E. Ziegler as a Store, on South Baltimore street, between the *Compiler* and *Star* offices, where he will constantly keep prime fresh OYSTERS, and do them up in any desired style, as the tastes of customers may suggest. Tripe, Fruit, Nuts, &c., can also be had at his Saloon.

He hopes by strict attention to business, and an earnest desire to please, to merit and receive a share of public patronage. Give him a call—you will find everything gotten up in the most palatable manner.
Gettysburg, Oct 26, 1857. 4t

Poclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. Robert J. Fisher President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district, and David Ziegler and David Horner, Esqrs., Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 17th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, *on Monday, the 16th of November next;*

Notice is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroners and Constables within the said county of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

HENRY THOMAS, *Sheriff.*
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Aug. 25, 1857. td

Notice.

Bank of Gettysburg, Oct. 22, 1857.

THE Stockholders in the Bank of Gettysburg, are requested to meet at the Banking House of said Bank, *on Tuesday, November 3rd,* for the purpose of taking into consideration the Law passed by the Legislature on the 13th inst.

J. B. M'PHERSON, *Cashier.*
Oct. 26, 1857. td

To Collectors.

THE Collectors of Taxes in the different townships in Adams county are hereby notified that they are required to make collection of Taxes, and to pay the same over to the Treasurer of the county, on or before the *16th day of November next.*

☞After the first Monday in December no exonorations can be granted on Military Taxes.

GEORGE MYERS,
H. A. PICKING,
JOSIAH BENNER, } Com's.

Attest—J. M. Walter, *Clerk.*
Oct. 26, 1857. td

Prepare for Winter.

BUFFALO, Seal Skin, Lion Skin and Whirlpool Over Coats, Talmas, Raglans and Loops—in short, every new style of Over Coat; also Frock, Dress and Business Coats; Pants and Vests, of innumerable styles and patterns, suitable for old and plain men, as well as for the gay, and for boys. All these are to be had at the very lowest prices at
Oct. 26. SAMSON'S.

Estray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Cumberland township, about six weeks ago, a White Boar, weighing about 140 lbs. live weight—no special marks. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take it away.
AMOS PLANK.
Oct. 26, 1857. 3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN pursuance of sundry writs of *Venditioni Exponas* and alias *Fieri Facias,* issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Penna., and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court-house, in the borough of Gettysburg, on *Saturday, the 14th day of November,* 1857, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

A TRACT OF LAND, containing 10 Acres, more or less, situate in Latimore township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Abraham Ziegler, Jacob Forscht, and others, on which are erected a Two-story LOG HOUSE, a One-story Log Kitchen, Log Stable, and other out-buildings; also, Fruit-trees on said Tract. Taken in execution as the property of William Hinkle.

—ALSO—

A LOT OF GROUND, situate on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, adjoining lots of Dr. Huber, on the West, and George Geyer on the East, on which are erected a BRICK HOUSE, two story and an attic, with a two story weatherboarded Back Building, and a well of water near the door. Taken in execution as the property of Samuel Little.

—ALSO—

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in York street, Gettysburg, adjoining lots of Andrew Schick and Maria Winrott, on which are erected a two story BRICK HOUSE and a Brick Back Building, a Frame Barn and other out-buildings, a neverfailing well of water near the door. Also 15 Acres of Land, more or less, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Nicholas Codori, George Wilson and others. Taken in execution as the property of George C. Strickhouser.

—ALSO—

A LOT OF GROUND, situate on the corner of West and High streets, adjoining lot of the heirs of Daniel Herr, dec'd., on which is erected a one story Frame HOUSE, Frame Blacksmith Shop, and Stable, with a well of water near the door. Taken in execution as the property of Matthew Beck.

HENRY THOMAS, *Sheriff.*
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 26, 1857. ts

☞Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down, and on failure to comply therewith, the property will again be put up for sale.

PERSONAL PROPERTY AT

Public Sale.

WILL be sold at Public Sale, at the late residence of Jacob Boblitz, deceased, in Mountjoy township, Adams county, on the Turnpike leading from Gettysburg to Baltimore, about 4 miles from the former place, *on Thursday, the 29th day of October inst.,* the following property of said deceased, viz:

HORSES,

1 Colt, rising two years old; Cows and Young Cattle, Sheep, 3 Wagons, (one a light Two-horse,) Plough, Cultivators, Double Plough, 2 setts of Hay Ladders, Stone Bed, Rolling Screen, Corn Sheller, Winnowing Mill, Horse Gears, Cow Chains, Forks, Shovels, Grain Cradles, Mowing Sythes; a lot of Ash Plank and Oak Boards; Wheat, Rye, Oats and Corn, by the bushel; Hay by the ton, a lot of Corn-fodder, and Grain in the ground.—Also, a set of Blacksmith Tools, and a variety of Carpenter Tools, Paint Stone, Turning Plane, Mould-board Pattern; with a variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of Tables, Chairs, Beds and Bedding, Laubach Cooking Stove, Ten-plate Stove, Barrels, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A.M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

PETER BOBLITZ, *Adm'r.*
Oct. 19, 1857. ts

Election.

Bank of Gettysburg, October 19, 1857.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders in the Bank of Gettysburg, that an Election for THIRTEEN DIRECTORS, to serve one year, will be held at the Banking-house, on *Monday, the 16th day of November next.*

A general meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the same time.

J. B. M'PHERSON, *Cashier.*
Oct. 19, 1857. td

Administrator's Notice.

WILLIAM HARTZEL'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration, de bonis non, on the estate of William Hartzell, late of Mountjoy township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Cumberland township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB HANKEY,
Adm'r de bonis non.
Sept. 21, 1857. 6t

Strayed Away.

STRAYED away, on Tuesday evening last, from the residence of the subscribers, on the Railroad, in Straban township, a RED STEER, with one horn broken off. Any person returning said Steer, or giving information where he may be got, will be suitably rewarded.

Oct. 19, '57. 3t DOLAN & LANE.

Coffin-Making.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to make COFFINS, of all styles, at short notice, and at moderate rates. He is also provided with an excellent new HEARSE, which will enable him to convey corpses to any burial place desired. His establishment is located in Hamilton township, Adams county, near John Heagy's store, and about one and a half miles from New Oxford, where he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

THOMAS ALWINE.
Oct. 19, 1857. 3m

Notice.

I WOULD again remind all those indebted to me either by note or book account, that I am now settling up my old business.—Please call and pay, as longer indulgence cannot be given. GEO. ARNOLD.
Oct. 19, 1857.

$10 Reward.

A SET of Pump Augers, eight in number, were recently stolen from the subscriber, residing near Littlestown, for the return of which he will pay a reward of ten dollars.

HENRY BITTLE.
Oct. 19, 1857. 3t

Money Found.

A SUM of money was found in front of the Post-office, in this place, on Tuesday last. The owner can have it by identifying it and paying for this advertisement. Enquire at the Post-office. Oct. 19, '57.

FLOUR, CORN & OATS bought at all times by J. NORBECK, corner of Baltimore and High streets.

COBEAN & PAXTON have all the latest Styles of Plush, Fur, and Cloth Caps.

COBEAN & PAXTON have all kinds of Silk, Fur, Felt and Wool Hats, for Men, Boys, and Children.

LADIES, Misses and Children's Gaiters, Boots, Buskins and Slippers, of all kinds, styles and prices, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

SHIRTS, Colars and Bosoms, wool and cotton Under-Shirts and Drawers, Hosiery, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Umbrellas and Walking Canes—not to be beat in quality or price. Call at SAMSON'S.

BOOTS, Shoes, Hats and Caps, Carpet Bags, Trunks, Velices,—an immense lot, and selling low, to make room, at SAMSON'S.

Call at Picking's

IF YOU WANT BARGAINS!

New Clothing & Variety Store.

FRANKLIN B. PICKING has the pleasure of announcing to the citizens of Adams county, that he has opened a **New Store,** in the room formerly occupied by D. Middlecoff, on Chambersburg street, a few doors east of the "Eagle Hotel," and immediately opposite the English Lutheran Church, where he will be pleased to see his friends. I have just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore with the *largest* and *best* assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, ever opened in Gettysburg, which I am prepared to sell at prices so low as to astonish. My stock consists in part of Over Coats, Frock Coats and Dress Coats of every description and variety, Pantaloons and Vests of all kinds and prices, for Men's and Boy's wear, Monkey Jackets, Shirts, Bosoms, Colars, Under Shirts, Drawers, Buckskin, Woollen and Cotton Gloves; Hosiery of all kinds, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Trunks, Buffalo Over-shoes, Gum-shoes, eight-day and 30 hour Clocks, Guitars, Accordeons, Violins, a large assortment of JEWELRY, choice Segars and Tobacco, Canes,—in short everything belonging to a well assorted Clothing & Variety Store.

☞Call and see me. No trouble to show Goods. All I ask is an examination of my Goods and prices. F. B. PICKING.
Gettysburg, Oct. 19, 1857. tf

Fall & Winter Goods,

FOR 1857.

J. L. SCHICK would avail himself of this medium of announcing to the community and public in general, that he has received from the cities the largest and most complete stock of DRY GOODS, that it has ever been your pleasure to examine in this place, all of which has been selected with time, the utmost care, and with particular reference to the tastes and wants of the people of this locality, and which for beauty of style and cheapness, he challenges competition. In the LADIES' DEPARTMENT, he has all styles, qualities, shades, and colors of Goods, suitable for the season. He invites the Ladies to call and take a look through his selections at their earliest convenience. FOR THE GENTLEMEN, he has a choice stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., &c., all good and cheap.

Don't pass by Schick's—he will always be found ready to show Goods and sell cheap—among the very cheapest.
Gettysburg, Oct. 19, '57.

Great Excitement!

BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH STILL AHEAD!

TAKE NOTICE that we have just received a new and splendid lot of *HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES,* which we offer to the public CHEAPER than ever, having put down our stock to the *lowest* living profits.—Under these arrangements we can put our goods within the reach of ALL, as to style, quality and PRICE. Our motto is quick sales and small profits. Call and examine our stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the sign of the "BIG BOOT," Chambersburg street, below Buehler's Drug Store.

☞Boots and Shoes made upon the shortest notice and by the best of workmen.
October 19, 1857.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the *Administration Accounts* hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on *Monday, the 16th day of November next,* viz: (These are a portion of those to be presented.)

288. The first account of John A. Myers, Executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Myers, deceased.

290. The first account of Samuel Hohf, Guardian of the person and estate of Henry Slothour, minor son of George Slothour, deceased, settled by Frederick Quickle, Administrator of the estate of the said Samuel Hohf, deceased.

291. The first and final account of Wm. T. Reed, Executor of Sally Reed, deceased.

292. The first and final account of John Busbey, Executor of the estate of Henry Small, deceased.

300. The account of Cornelius Jacobs, one of the Administrators of John Jacobs, who was Administrator of Elias Jacobs, deceased.

301. The first and final account of Jacob Benner, Administrator of Magdalena Miller, deceased.

302. The second and final account of William Leas and Jacob King, Executors of the last will and testament of John Leas, dec'd.

WM. F. WALTER, *Register,*
Per Daniel Plank, *Deputy.*
Register's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 19, 1857. td

Littlestown Railroad!

THE Sixth Monthly Instalment of Five Dollars per Share on the Stock subscribed, will be due and payable to the Treasurer of said Company, *on the 28th day of Oct. inst.*

☞By a Resolution of the Board of Directors, passed on Saturday, July 25th, all persons in arrears after Aug. 25th will be charged interest at the rate of one per cent. a month on their back payments, in accordance with the Act of Assembly. E. F. SHORB,
Secretary of the Board.
Oct. 5, 1857. td

N. B.—Any of the Directors will receipt for payments on Stock.

Executors' Notice.

ABRAHAM SNYDER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Abraham Snyder, late of Tyrone township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, the first named residing in Hamilton township and the last named residing in Straban township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SNYDER,
FREDERICK HOLTZ,
Oct. 5, 1857. 6t *Executors.*

Administrator's Notice.

DANIEL HOLLINGER'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Daniel Hollinger, late of Tyrone township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Huntington township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN STARRY, *Adm'r.*
Sept. 28, 1857. 6w

Administrator's Notice.

WILLIAM LIGHTNER'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the estate of William Lightner, late of Germany township, Adams county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Union township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH L. SHORB,
Adm'r with the will annexed.
Sept. 28, 1857. 6t

Notice.

THE Notes of John Neely, formerly of Freedom township, Adams county, having been placed in the hands of the subscriber, residing in the same township, for collection, he hereby gives notice that they will be due on the *3rd of November next,* when if not paid, they will bear interest from date.

JOHN McCLEARY.
Oct. 19, '57. td

JEWELRY, Watches, Pistols, Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Harmonicans, Eight-day, Thirty-hour and Alarm Clocks, at all prices, to be had at SAMSON'S.

COBEAN & PAXTON have a large Stock of Gum Shoes and Buffalo Socks for Ladies and Gentlemen, of the best quality.

TRUNKS, Umbrellas and Carpet Bags, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT

PUBLIC SALE.

THE Subscribers, Executors of Abraham Snyder, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 31st day of October inst.,* on the premises, that

DESIRABLE FARM,

on which decedent resided upwards of twenty years, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, adjoining lands of George Meckley, Heirs of John Flickinger, Jr., Anthony Deardorff, Samuel Deardorff, and David Hoover, containing 202 ACRES, more or less, with good proportions of Timber and Meadow. The improvements consist of a Two-story Weatherboarded Dwelling HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib attached, Cooper Shop, and other out-buildings; 2 never-failing wells of water, one at the house, the other at the barn; and an excellent Apple ORCHARD, with a variety of other choice fruit. Conowago Creek runs through the Farm, and there are also two springs on the property. The fences, mostly of chesnut rails, are good, and the land is in a good state of cultivation, two-thirds of it having been limed. Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call at the dwelling thereon.

Also, at the same time and place, will be offered, A TRACT OF MOUNTAIN LAND, containing 7 acres, more or less, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, adjoining lands of George Meckley, Jacob Gulden, and others.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN SNYDER,
FREDERICK HOLTZ.
Oct. 5, 1857. ts *Executors.*

☞If not sold, the Farm will be Rented, on said day.

Public Sale.

THE Subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Butler township, Adams county, one mile from Arendtsville, *on Friday, the 13th day of November next,* the following Personal Property, viz:

TWO HORSES,

1 Yearling Colt, 4 Cows, 4 head of Young Cattle, 5 Fat Hogs, 6 Shoats, Sow and Pigs, 9 head of first-rate Sheep; Winnowing Mill, Ploughs and Harrow, Shovel Ploughs, Corn Fork, Hay Carriage, Seeds; Corn by the bushel, and Hay by the ton.

Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, a first-rate Hathaway Cooking Stove, a Ton-plate Stove, Iron Kettle, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

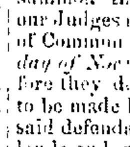
☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN HOFFMAN.
Oct. 12, 1857. ts

Summons in Partition.

Noah Worman, Plaintiff. vs. Susannah Balle, Rebecca Myers, Juliana Hoke, John Myers, Jesse Myers, Wesley Myers, Mary Ann Hoopes, Mary Catharine Hartsock, Juliana Hartsock, John Wesley Hartsock, Martin Luther Hartsock, Jesse Marshall Hartsock, Rachel Ann Hartsock, Defendants. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, No. 9, November T. 1857. Summons in Partition.

ADAMS COUNTY, SS.



The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, Greeting:—If Noah Worman make you secure of prosecuting his claim, then we command you that you summon the defendants to appear before our Judges at Gettysburg at our County Court of Common Pleas, there to be held, the *16th day of November next,* (1857,) to shew wherefore they deny and do not permit partition to be made between the said plaintiff and the said defendants, of the following described lands and premises which together and undivided they now do hold, to wit: A certain Plantation or Tract of Land, situate in the townships of Mountpleasant and Oxford in said county, adjoining lands of Michael Levinstine, Christian Zinn, Joseph Stough, Charles Smith, and others, containing Two Hundred and Five Acres, more or less, with appurtenances. Witness the Honorable Robert J. Fisher, President Judge of our said Court, at Gettysburg, the 11th day of September, A. D., 1857.

JOHN PICKING, *Proth'y.*
HENRY THOMAS, *Sheriff.*
Oct. 5, 1857. td

NOTICE

To Retailers and Distillers.

THE Retailers of Goods, Wares and Merchandise, as well as the Distillers, in Adams county, who have not yet lifted their Licenses are requested to do so before the November Court, without fail. The law binds me to urge this matter upon delinquents, and it is hoped that no further steps will be necessary to induce them to comply immediately. J. L. SCHICK,
Oct. 19, 1857. *County Treasurer.*

Cheap Clothing.

GEORGE ARNOLD & CO. have now on hand, at their Clothing Emporium, a large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, all of our own getting up, made out of our own cloths, and warranted to be made in the very best manner and style, among which are Dress Coats of every variety, Over-coats, Pantaloons, Vests, Monkey Jackets, &c., also Black, Blue, Olive, Brown, Claret, Drab and Green Cloths, for Over-coats, with trimmings to suit, sold cheap; also cheap Cassimeres, Cassinets, Jeans, Cords and men's wear generally. We have just received the fall fashions, and have hands constantly employed cutting out and making up, and if we cannot please you in a garment ready made, we will take your measure and make you a suit on short notice. Call and see us. The above goods will be sold cheap for cash.
Oct. 12, 1857.

New Goods! New Goods!

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS, have just received their usual large supply of Fall and Winter Goods, to which they invite the attention of the public. The Goods were purchased low, and will be sold very cheap. Call and examine at the Sign of the Red Front. Oct. 5.

New Goods.

GEO. ARNOLD & CO. have just received a large stock of New Goods, among which are Ladies' Dress Goods in great variety, cheap Cloths, Over-coatings, Cassimers, Jeans, Satinets, Cords, Vestings, Flannels, Shawls, Carpets, and Domestics generally, with a large stock of Ready-Made Clothing, all of our own making; warranted to be well made and to fit well, also a large stock of Groceries, all of which will be sold cheap for cash. Call and see us.
Oct. 12, 1857.

☞A few STOVES on hand will be sold cheap.

New Goods!

J. HOKE has just returned with a large stock of FALL & WINTER GOODS, which he will sell low for cash or country produce. Please give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as you will find it to your interest to do so. ☞All Goods cut free of charge. JOHN HOKE.
Oct. 12, 1857.

Fall Millinery.

MISS McCREARY invites the ladies to call and examine her large and fashionable stock of Fall and Winter Millinery, consisting of Bonnets, Bonnet Velvets and Silks, with Feathers, Flowers and Ribbons to match, Lace, Nets and Sashes, Veils, Mohair Caps and Fancy Head Dresses, Bonnet Frames of all kinds and sizes and of the latest styles. Also, Mantillas and Fancy Goods of every description—all of which she will sell at the lowest cash prices.

☞Milliners who wish to buy to sell again, will find it greatly to their advantage to give her a call. Oct. 19, 1857. 3t

A VERY VALUABLE FARM AT

PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, desiring to quit farming, offers for sale the FARM on which he resides, situate in Straban township, Adams county, on the road leading from Hunterstown to Chambersburg, 2 miles west of the former place, and 4½ miles north east of Gettysburg, adjoining lands of David Shriver, [formerly Minnich's,] William Wirt and others, containing about 108 Acres of Patented Land, about 18 acres of which are well Timbered, about 15 acres of Meadow. The rest is cleared and in an excellent state of cultivation, and the whole under good chesnut rail fence. The improvements are a large two story Log Dwelling HOUSE, part weatherboarded, with a one story Kitchen attached, two neverfailing Springs and Spring House, a Bank Barn, as good as new, with wagon shed and corn crib attached, carriage house, hog stable, shop, and other outbuildings; a neverfailing well of water at the barn yard, with a chain pump in it; also an Apple and Peach Orchard, with a variety of other fruit. ☞It is certainly one of the most desirable Farms now in market, and demands the attention of capitalists.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing thereon.

MICHAEL HOMF.
Oct. 5, 1857. 4t

A VALUABLE LIMESTONE FARM,

At Public Sale.

THE Heirs of James Blythe, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Wednesday, the 11th day of November next,* at 1 o'clock, P. M.,

THE FARM,

of said deceased, situated in Carroll's Tract, Adams county, Pa., 8 miles west of Gettysburg and 2 miles north of Fairfield, adjoining lands of John and Daniel Mickley, James Donaldson, John Rhea, and others, containing 127 ACRES and 132 PERCHES, of Patented Land, with a fair proportion of Meadow and Timber land. The improvements consist of a Two-story STONE HOUSE, with Back-building, and a well of neverfailing water at the door; Blacksmith Shop; a Double Log Barn with Sheds, Corn Crib, and a well in the Yard—also, running water through the Farm. There is a variety of fruit trees and an excellent ORCHARD on the premises. The land is in a good state of cultivation, being principally a Limestone soil, with an abundant quarry of stone and a substantial lime kiln but recently erected.

☞Persons wishing to examine the property prior to the sale will call upon one of the heirs, residing thereon.

☞Terms made known on day of sale.
Oct. 5, 1857. ts THE HEIRS.

New Cheap Cash Store.

THE subscribers having entered into partnership under the style and firm of H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH, respectfully inform the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that they have opened a new, large and well-selected assortment of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

at the old-established stand, on South East corner of the Diamond, formerly called the Jew's corner, comprising every variety, style and price. In part of **Dry Goods.**—Black Silks, Black Alpaccas, plain and fancy Delaines, Bereges, Ginghams, plain and fancy Jaconets, plain and dotted Swiss Victorines, Lawn, Mull, Mouslins, blue and unbleached Shirtings, Osnaburg, Bed Ticking, Jaquered Diaper.

Gents' and Boy's Wear.—Black Cloth, Black Cassimeres, fancy and plain Cassimeres, silk and fancy Vesting, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Denims, Cottonades, Farmer's Drill—every style and price. A fine assortment of Gloves and Hosiery of every style and quality.

Groceries.—Brown, Crushed, Granulated, Pulverized, and Clerified Sugar, D. & W. Syrup, New Orleans Molasses, Ground Alum and fine Salts, Dairy do., Queensware, Glassware, Cutlery, Cedar-ware, and every other article found in a well-conducted Dry Goods and Grocery Store.

Having selected their stock with care, they are enabled to sell cheap for Cash, and respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

☞All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.

H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH.
Oct. 5, 1857.

Stauffer & Harley.

Cheap Watches and Jewelry.

WHOLESALE and Retail, at the Philadelphia Watch and Jewelry Store, No. 148 (Old No. 96) North Second street, corner of Quarry, Philadelphia.

Gold Lever Watches, full jeweled, 18 carat cases, $28 00; Gold Lepines, 18 carat, $24 00; Silver Levers, full jeweled, $12 00; Silver Lepines, jewels, $9 00; superior Quartiers, $7 00; Gold Spectacles, $7 00; fine Silver do. $1 50; Gold Bracelets, $3 00; Ladies' Gold Pencils, $1 00; Silver Tea Spoons, set, $5 00; Gold Pens, with pencil and silver holder, $1 00.

Gold Finger Rings, 37½ cents to $80; Watch Glasses, plain, 12½ cents; patent 18¾; Lunet 25; other articles in proportion. All goods warranted to be what they are sold for.

STAUFFER & HARLEY.

On hand, some gold and silver Levers and Lepines, still lower than the above prices.
Oct. 12, 1857. 1y

Fall Millinery.

MISS SOPHORA HOWARD, at the residence of T. F. Frazer, Baltimore street, one door South of the *Compiler* office, Gettysburg, has just received from the city an unusually large assortment of FALL MILLINERY, with the Fashions for the season, to which she calls the attention of the Ladies, confident that they will be pleased by an examination of the Goods.

☞Prices as low as the lowest—both for Goods and Millinery work.
Oct. 5, 1857. 3m

Administrator's Notice.

MARGARET GALBRAITH'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Margaret Galbraith, late of Menallen township, (now Butler) Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Butler township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN B. GALBRAITH, *Adm'r.*
Sept. 28, 1857. 6t

Administrator's Notice.

JANE BELL GALBRAITH'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jane Bell Galbraith, late of Butler township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN B. GALBRAITH, *Adm'r.*
Sept. 28, 1857. 6t

Administrator's Notice.

ANN GALBRAITH'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Ann Galbraith, late of Butler township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOHN B. GALBRAITH, *Adm'r.*
Sept. 28, 1857. 6t

GAS BURNERS.—A new and excellent style of Coal Stoves, for Parlor or Chamber use. It is especially intended for chambers, as it consumes the gas, and thus removes one of the objections to the use of coal. A scuttle of coal will burn for 18 hours without regulating. Call and see it.

SHEADS & BUEHLER.

Dreadful Murder in Montgomery County,

A Woman Nearly Decapitated by her Husband—Arrest and Confession of the Murderer,

One of the most shocking tragedies that we have heard of for a long time, occurred yesterday morning in Upper Merion township, Montgomery county, about one mile west of Norristown. The scene of it is a tenant house belonging to Capt A. Shaneline, and occupied by a man named Thomas Kilby, his wife, Mary Kilby, and three young children.

At an early hour in the morning Kilby went to the house of some neighbors and aroused them, telling them that his wife had been murdered by three negroes. He also went himself in search of a constable to arrest the alleged murderers. The neighbors hurried to the house, and there a shocking sight presented itself. The body of Mrs. Kilby was found lying on the bed, with the head nearly severed from the body, from a blow with an axe. There were two beds upon the bedstead, both of which were completely saturated with the blood of the murdered woman.

Kilby declared that three negroes had come to the house, forced their way in, and had committed the dreadful deed; but the suspicions of the neighbors were aroused, and, upon questioning him further, he contradicted himself, and finally he admitted that he himself had slain his wife, in order to prevent the negroes from doing it. There can be no doubt that the story about the negroes is all a fiction, and that Kilby alone committed the crime. A Coroner's inquest was held; after a full examination, Kilby was arrested and lodged in the prison at Norristown.

It appears that Kilby, who is a quiet and inoffensive man when sober, has been intemperate in his habits, and when in a state of intoxication has been very violent towards his wife. Lately he has threatened her repeatedly, and she has been frequently in fear of her life. It is presumed he was drunk when he committed the murder, though he showed but little sign of it after the crime was discovered. The axe with which the murder was committed was found on the premises, showing the marks of blood which had been partially wiped off by the murderer.

Mrs. Kilby was an interesting young woman, of an English family, and we believe had no blood relatives in this country, except the three young children who are more than orphaned by this horrible tragedy. The trial of Kilby will take place in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Montgomery county, which meets at Norristown on the third Monday of November.—*Evening Bulletin.*

A Little Girl attacked by Hydrophobia.

Our citizens will remember that a few weeks ago we chronicled the fact that a little girl was bitten by a rabid dog on Jackson street. We have now the sad office to speak of her again, since that terrible malady, hydrophobia, has taken hold of her with all of its horrible malignity. On Wednesday her agonies were such that physicians who have become veterans in their profession, men who have stood at the bed-sides of those suffering under almost all manner of diseases, and witnessed many heart-rending death scenes, shuddered at the sight of that little girl's convulsed form. Her sufferings were most piteous. Frothing at the mouth, she would bend backward until her head would almost reach her heels so intense was the pain, and only recovered to be convulsed again. Medicines were administered, and even that powerful remedy, chloroform, without avail, and only when nature became exhausted did her convulsions cease. Yesterday morning she was quite low; her attending physician, Dr. Dorn, did not expect her to live out the day, and we suppose that now, while the reader is glancing over this account, her little spirit has taken leave of its earthly tabernacle.—*Dubuque Express and Herald.*

Horrible Murder.—A most horrible murder was committed near Princess Anne, Md., on Wednesday week. The Snow Hill Shield says:

A negro man, who has been sometime attempting to pass himself as partially deranged, met on the road after night a white woman whom he attacked, cut open her bowels, strewed them by the roadside, and otherwise horribly mutilated the body. He also cut off the right hand at the wrist, which cannot be found. The demon was arrested, confessed the deed, and gave as a reason for the act that a conjuress named Pusey had told him that if he could get the right hand of a female corpse and wear it about his person, he would at all times be able to overcome his enemies. He is represented as a desperate, dangerous negro, and has for a long time escaped just punishment for his villainies by feigning insanity.

Caution to Ladies.—A lady residing in the village of Stamford, Conn., was very severely burned on Friday last in the following manner: She had been applying to her hair a mixture of castor oil and alcohol, and approaching too near a lighted lamp, her head became enveloped in a blaze, and the flame was not extinguished until the lady was so severely burned that she is now considered to be in a critical situation.

The Odd Cent.—Some days ago a produce dealer in one of our markets sold a customer a half peck of potatoes for a levy, and in taking his pay from a quarter dollar, returned twelve cents change. This the customer declined to receive, claiming thirteen cents as his due. A dispute ensued, which ended in the customer getting out a warrant for the odd cent, and, the case being tried, he recovered it.—*Washington Star.*

A coffin-maker having apartments to let, posted his bills announcing the same upon the coffins in the window—"Lodgings for single gentlemen."

Says the lovely Clementina to the bewitching Fanny, "Why is a new baby like a cow's tail?" Fanny blushed and answered: "Because it was never seen before."

A bachelor advertised for a helpmate, one who would prove "a companion for his hand, his heart, and his lot." A fair one replying, asked very earnestly, "How big is a lot?"

The Crash.

An Exciting Day in New York—Heavy Run on the Banks—Suspension of Specie Payments by Eighteen Banks—Others Holding Out, &c.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Wall street has been blocked to-day. The excitement was intense and all business paralyzed. The Post of this afternoon says:

There has been some drawing by depositors from the city banks generally for a number of days past, though it was carried on quietly. Yesterday there was the first decided manifestation of a systematic run. It was directed particularly against the North River, Ocean and Merchants' Exchange Banks. The first named was reduced $10,000 in coin at three o'clock. A conference was then had with some of the officers of the leading banks as to the proper course to be pursued. If the run re-commenced this morning the advice was to close the doors at once.

As soon as the hour for drawing checks arrived this morning the depositors showed an unmistakable determination to withdraw their balances in gold. They were paid long enough to assure the officers that the process would go on, and that an exhaustion of their means was only a question of a few hours.

The North River, the Merchants' Exchange and the Ocean banks resolved to close immediately. The intelligence spread over the city as rapidly as an alarm of fire. In an hour more the Marine Bank was added to the list. Knots of bank directors and other officers were seen in consultation in every banking room. The alarm was now an established epidemic. Residents who yesterday would not admit the possibility of a suspension, began to share in the common consternation.

Soon after the St. Nicholas, the People's, Butchers and Drovers', Bull's Head, Bank of New York, Irving, Market, Chatham, Tradesmen's and New York Exchange Banks all announced their inability to continue specie payments. Heavy runs also upon the Continental, Metropolitan, American Exchange, Nassau and Phenix banks followed, but all of them met the demands.

David Leavitt, Esq., of the American Exchange Bank, made a speech to the crowd, declaring his determination to pay to the last dollar. He also announced that an agreement had been made with several of the strongest banks to go through without suspending.

The officers of one of the principal Wall street banks advised its dealers yesterday that it would not take certified checks on deposit without reserving the right to return them if not made good at the clearing-house. The consequence was that gold was drawn from all the banks that were not likely to go through another day. This aggravated the excitement among dealers; and it is understood that some of the heaviest houses have drawn gold and replaced it as special deposit, with the understanding that it might be counted in the average.

Latest—Great Run on the Banks and Failure of Some of the Strongest in the City.

The run upon the Mechanics' Bank of America, Manhattan and American Banks was very severe, and continued up to the close of business.

The Broadway Bank held out till nearly 3 o'clock and paid out $140,000 in specie, when it gave out.

The Leather Manufacturers' Bank subsequently closed its doors.

The Seventh Ward and Fulton Banks held out under a tremendous pressure.

The People's Bank closed at 2 o'clock, after paying out $10,0000 in specie during the day.

The Bank of the State of New York paid out its last dollar and certified all checks presented, and then yielded.

The American Exchange Bank paid all demands upon it, but several others shut out their customers at 3 o'clock.

The Bank of North America suffered protest this afternoon.

The Corn Exchange Bank refused to pay specie or bills, but certified checks.

The Oriental, Mechanics and Traders', Bowery Savings, Shoe and Leather, Continental, American Exchange and Metropolitan paid every demand up to the usual hour of closing.

A bank meeting was held this afternoon, at which it is understood the proposition of a general suspension was to be discussed, as also the propriety of urging the Governor to convene an extra session of the Legislature.

At the second board of the stock exchange, stocks took a rise, under the belief that the banks will suspend specie payments to-morrow.

Still Later—The Banks Resolved to Suspend.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13—11 P. M.—The following official announcement has been made from the bank meeting:

The banks hav all resolv d to suspend specie paym nts, as far as paying at the counter i concerned, and to make a regular exchange of each other's bills at the Clearing House. It has also been resolved to send a committee to confer with the Governor in reference to calling a meeting of the Legislature. The committee will leave for Albany to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

It appears that the Marine Bank was stopped by an injunction, at the instance of one of its customers. It is presumed that the other stoppages were effected in the same way. By this means the penalty of winding up which attaches to suspension under the banking laws of this State is evaded, and it is rendered probable that the suspension in most cases is only temporary. This understanding relieves the excitement.

A Corpse with a Life-Preserver on.—On Saturday about noon, the Star of the West passed the dead body of a man floating upon the surface supported by a life-preserver. It was off the capes of Virginia, and the sea was rough at the time. It was supposed to be one of the passengers of the Central America.

Shocking Catastrophe.—A romantic father whose name was Rose, called his daughter "Wild" so that she grew up under the appellation of "Wild Rose." But in a few years the girl fell in love with a man named Bull, which sadly interfered with the romance of the lady's name, "Wild Bull."

The Franklin House,
(FORMERLY THE GOLDEN HORSE.)
Corner of Franklin and Howard Streets,
BALTIMORE.
DANIEL McCOY, PROPRIETOR.

Permanent and Transient Boarders accommodated with First-Class Board and Pleasant Rooms. CHARGES MODERATE.

H. K. CADY.
Sept. 28. General Superintendent.

WHY IS IT THAT
MARCUS SAMSON

CAN sell cheaper than anybody else?—Because he buys at auction, for cash.

Look at his Hats, that he sells hundreds of. Gentlemen have bought and paid for such Hats from $3 50 to $4 00—but Samson sells them at $2 25. And why does he sell them so cheap? Because he bought at auction.

Look at his Boots and Shoes—look at his Gaiters—the same kind sold at other places at from $3 00 to $4 50, he sells at $1 87½ to $2 87½. And why? Because he bought at auction.

Look at his Clothing, and, in fact, everything in his line. He will sell a Coat, Pants and Vest, some linen and some cotton, for from $1 75 to $2 00 per full suit. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

Also, black Summer Cloth Coat, Pants and Vest, he sells for $3 00. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

I am confident that my old friends and customers will bear me out in the above.—I would say to those who live at a distance from town, suppose you need but a Hat, or pair of Gaiters. Why don't you come to my establishment? Even if you lose a whole day by so doing, you will be saving from $1 12½ to $1 75 in the purchase of either—and that is as much as most of men make a day by hard work. Beside this, you can save much more in the purchase of such other articles as you may need. Recollect, my stock is a large and varied one, and all articles sold astonishingly low. Come to town, get your dinners and horses fed, and you can never fail of saving the price of a day's labor by buying at the Cheap One-Price Store of M. SAMSON,
July 13, 1857. opposite the Bank.

WM. GILLESPIE. HENRY THOMAS.
Family Grocery & Provision Store.

GILLESPIE & THOMAS respectfully inform the people of Gettysburg and the public generally, that they have just returned from the city with a general assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and VEGETABLES which they are prepared to sell as low as the lowest. FLOUR and FEED always on hand, and sold at small profits.

Store on York street, one door east of Watles' Hotel.

Gettysburg, Aug 3, 1857.

One of the Best Farms,
FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, his FARM, situate in Straban township, Adams county, on the Hanover road, and adjoining the Gettysburg Borough line. The farm contains 154 Acres, more or less, the land being of the best quality, much of it "granite"—with fair proportions of meadow and timber. Fences good and the soil in excellent cultivation. The improvements are a comfortable Stone Dwelling HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn crib, &c.—first rate Apple Orchard, a never-failing well of water at the door, and a number of springs upon the tract. It is certainly one of the most desirable farms now in market in this county, and demands the attention of capitalists.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing thereon. DANIEL BENNER.
July 13, 1857. 3m

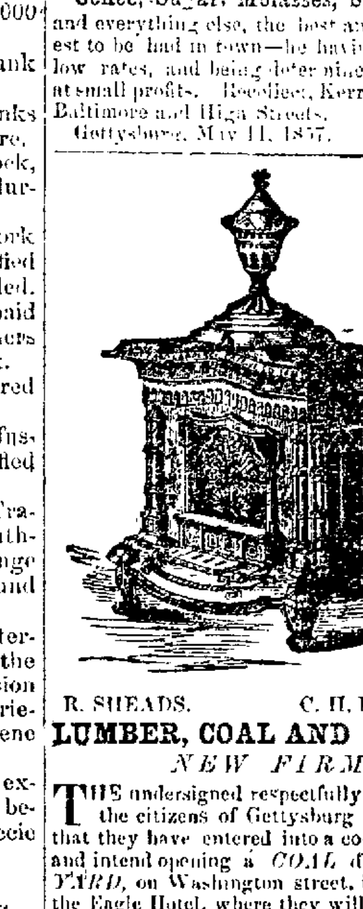
JUST FROM THE CITY,
With a Larger Stock than Ever

JACOB NORBECK has just received from the city a large stock of GROCERIES, FISH, &c.,—the largest he has yet offered to the public, and which he is now opening, at his new mansion, *Kerr's Corner*, on Baltimore street. Give him a call! You will find his

Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Teas,

and everything else, the best and the cheapest to be had in town—he having bought at low rates, and being determined to sell fast at small profits. Recollect, Kerr's old corner, Baltimore and High Streets.

Gettysburg, May 11, 1857.



R. SHEADS. C. H. BUEHLER.
LUMBER, COAL AND STOVES!
NEW FIRM!

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that they have entered into a co-partnership, and intend opening a *COAL & LUMBER YARD*, on Washington street, in the rear of the Eagle Hotel, where they will be happy to see all who may favor them with a call. They will furnish every variety of *Stove, Blacksmith and Limeburner's COAL*, at the lowest possible wholesale rates, in order to introduce it into general use. They also intend keeping a full and general assortment of LUMBER, as soon as the Railroad is completed. They will keep constantly on hand every variety of COAL and WOOD STOVES, among which are the celebrated William Penn, Noble Cook, Royal Cook and Sea Shell Cook Stoves. Also the Charm, Capitol, Victor, Planter, Premium and Parlor Cook Stoves, Air-tight, Star, Franklin, Hot-air Parlor Grate, Lady Washington, Oak, Magnolia, Union, Air-tight Bare Cylinder, Tropic and Harp Cannon Stoves.

Persons wishing to examine their stock will please call at their Stove Ware Room, on West Middle street, at the residence of Robert Sheads.

☞Orders promptly attended to.
ROBERT SHEADS,
C. HENRY BUEHLER.
Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1857.

A LARGE lot of SUMMER CLOTHING, selling at very small profits at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

FOR anything in the Flour, Grocery and Provision line, call at GILLESPIE & THOMAS'.

2,000 PIECES OF WALL PAPER just received and for sale at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

ORANGES, Lemons, Candies, Crackers, Spices of all kinds, Fancy and Common Soap, Hair Oils, &c., at NORBECK'S.

TRUNKS, Carpet Bags, Velices, &c., of best quality, and low rates, at SAMSON'S.

JEWELRY & STATIONERY—any quantity and the best stock ever brought to this place. If you doubt it, call in and see for yourselves—at SCHICK'S.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Parasols and Shawls, to be had very cheap at FAHNESTOCKS'.

A SUPERIOR article of Black Lead for blackening Stoves, for sale by SHEADS & BUEHLER.

ADAMS COUNTY
Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
Incorporated March 18, 1851.
OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—David M'Creary.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS.—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. M'Curdy, Jacob King, A. Heintzelman, D. M'Creary, J. J. Kerr, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, A. B. Kurtz, Andrew Polley, S. Fahnestock, Wm. B. Wilson, H. A. Picking, Wm. B. M'Clellan, John Wolford, R. G. McCreary, John Horner, E. W. Stahle, J. Aughinbaugh, Abdiel F. Gitt.

This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, *without any assessment*, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2, P. M.

Sept. 28, 1857.

FULL STOCK OF
Fall Dry Goods.

EYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH & ARCH streets, Philadelphia, respectfully request *Cash Buyers* to examine a fine stock of SEASONABLE GOODS, adapted to Best PENNSYLVANIA TRADE.

Full Line of Fall Dress Goods,
New Designs of Fall Shawls,
Rich Silks of Newest Styles,
Good Black Silks of all widths,
4 Cases assorted French Merinoes,
7 " Poil de Shevres, New Goods,
British and American Dark Prints,
Satinetts, Cassimeres, Cloths and Vestings,
Muslins, Lineos, Flannels, Blankets, &c.

N. B. Auction Bargains from New York and this City daily received. Particular attention given to Country orders for Desirable Goods. Terms NETT CASH.

August 31, 1857. 3m

REMOVAL,
AND NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Cabinet and Chair-making business, in Baltimore street, near Middle, where they will manufacture all kinds of FURNITURE, such as Dressing and Common Bureaus, Tables of various descriptions, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Stands, and every other article in their line—ALL of the best workmanship and good materials, which will enable them to warrant their work. Also, every variety of CHAIRS.

COFFINS made at short notice, and in the various styles.

House Painting and Papering attended to, and done in the best manner.

Their prices will be as low as the lowest, as all who may patronize them will acknowledge.

☞Lumber and country produce taken in exchange for work.

NORBECK & REILLEY.
Gettysburg, Feb. 23, 1857. 1y

Still Another Arrival of
NEW GOODS,

AT JACOBS & BRO'S, Baltimore street, near the Diamond, where greater bargains than ever can be secured. "Quick sales and small profit"—always better for seller and buyer—is the motto they *practice* as well as preach. Give them a call for anything in the Merchant Tailoring line—you won't regret it.

Gettysburg, July 13, 1857.

New Hardware Store.

THE subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public that they have opened a Hardware Store, in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of David Ziegler, Gettysburg, in which they always intend to offer to the public a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel, Groceries,
CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS,
SPRINGS, AXLES,
SADDLERY
Cedar-ware, Shoe Findings,
Paints, Oils, and Dye-stuffs

in general including every description of articles in the above line of business, to which they invite the attention of Coach-makers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoe-makers, Saddlers, and the public generally. Our stock having been selected with great care and purchased for cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased anywhere.

We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, June 9, 1851. tf

Removed to Hanover.

FRANCIS J. WILSON, late of the Washington House at Abbottstown, has taken HERSHEY'S OLD AND POPULAR STAND, in Hanover, where he will be happy to entertain all who may patronize him. His Table is supplied with the best the market and garden can afford, and his Bar with the choicest of liquors. His Stables are commodious, and attended by careful Ostlers. Give him a call. You will always find FRANK on the spot, ready and willing to make everybody comfortable. [April 27, 1857.

Hanover B. Railroad.

TRAINS over the Hanover Branch Railroad now run as follows:

First Train leaves Hanover at 9 A. M., with Passengers for York, Harrisburg, Columbia and Philadelphia. This Train also connects with the Express for Baltimore, arriving there at 12 M.

Second Train leaves at 2.15 P. M., with Passengers for Baltimore and intermediate places, and returns with passengers from York, &c.

Aug. 3. J. LEIB, Agent.

Stone Peach & Tomato Bottles.

WE have just received a large lot of Peach and Tomato Stone Jars—an excellent article for preserving fruit. If you want something that will not rust and injure the fruit, by all means use stone ware.—There is nothing equal to it. Call and see them at FAHNESTOCKS'.

Hover's Liquid Hair Dye.

THE following, from that eminent Physician of Philadelphia, Dr. Brinckle, added to the testimony of Professor Booth, only confirms what is evidenced by thousands who have used Hover's Dye:

"Girard Row, Chesnut street, }
Philadelphia, Dec. 22, 1853. }

"In regard to *Hover's Hair Dye*, I can state, unhesitatingly that it contains no deleterious ingredients, and may be used with entire safety, and the utmost confidence and *success*."

W. D. BRINCKLE, M. D.

Hover's Writing and Indelible Inks are so well and widely known, as to require no eulogy of their merits, it is only necessary to say, that the steady and increasing demand, gives the best evidence that they maintain their character for superiority which distinguished them when first introduced, *yeaks ago*. Orders addressed to the Manufactory, No. 416 RACE street, above Fourth, (old No. 144) Philadelphia, will receive prompt attention by

JOSEPH E. HOVER, *Manufacturer.*
Sept. 7. [April 13. 1y)

QUEENSWARE, China, Glass and Stoneware—a large assortment and selling cheap, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

McREA'S
Celebrated Liquid Glue,

THE GREAT ADHESIVE.—Most useful article ever invented, for house, store and office, surpassing in utility every other glue, gum, mucilage, paste or cement ever known. *Always Ready for Application.* Adhesive on Paper, Cloth, Leather, Furniture, Porcelain, China, Marble or Glass. For manufacturing Fancy Articles, Toys, etc., it has no superior, not only possessing greater strength than any other known article, but adheres more quickly, leaving no stain where the parts are joined. NEVER FAILS.

Within the last three years upwards of 250,000 bottles of this justly celebrated LIQUID GLUE have been sold, and the great convenience which it has proved in every case, has deservedly secured for it a demand which the manufacturer has found it, at times, difficult to meet; acknowledged by all who have used it, that its merits are far above any similar article or imitation ever offered to the public.

This GLUE is extensively counterfeited—observe the label "McRea's Celebrated Liquid Glue, the Great Adhesive." Take no other.—TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

Manufactured and Sold, Wholesale and Retail, by

WM. C. McREA, *Stationer*,
No. 907 Chesnut St., Philadelphia

Liberal inducements offered to persons desirous of selling the above article.

Sept. 28, 1857. 1y

THE FARMERS' & MECHANICS'
Savings Institution of Adams Co.

THIS Institution receives deposites for which it pays interest as follows:

For over 10 months, 4 per cent. per annum. For 3 and not over 10 months, 3 per cent. per annum. For transient deposites, not less than 30 days, 2 per cent. per annum, payable on demand without notice.

A joint fund (capital) of $10,000 has been paid in.

For loans apply on Wednesday.

Sums received on deposite as low as a dime. Interest to be allowed whenever the deposites amount to $5,00, and on each additional $5,00 and upwards.

Office in South West Corner of Public Square, next to George Arnold's store. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and for receiving deposites every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

President,
GEORGE THRONE.
Treasurer & Secretary,
GEORGE ARNOLD.
Directors,

John Brough,	John Horner,
Samuel Durboraw,	George Arnold,
A. Heintzelman,	Jacob Musselman,
D. McCreary,	D. McConaughy,
William Culp,	John Mickley,
Robert Horner,	John Throne.

April 6, 1857.

Carriages, Buggies, &c.
GOOD AND CHEAP!

THE under-signed would inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his establishment, in East Middle Street, (near the east end,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he has on hand a first-rate lot of work, and is prepared to put up to order whatever may be desired in his line, viz:—Rockaway and Boat-Body *Carriages; Falling-Top, Rockaway & Trotting Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.*

With good workmen and good materials, he can pledge his work to be of the best quality—and his prices are among the lowest.

Repairing done at short notice, and at reasonable rates. Country produce taken in exchange for work. Call!

JACOB TROXEL.
June 15, 1857.

Fancy Furs for Ladies.

JOHN FAREIRA & CO., (New No.) 818 MARKET Street, above Eighth, Philadelphia. Importers, Manufacturers and dealers in Ladies', Gentlemen and Children's FANCY FURS Wholesale and Retail. J. F. & Co., would call the attention of Dealers and the public generally to their immense Stock of Fancy Furs for Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children: their assortment embraces every article and kind of *Fancy Furs*, that will be worn during the Season—such as Full Capes, Half Capes, Quarter Capes, Talmas, Victorines, Boas, Muffs and Muffatees, from the *finest Russian Sable* to the lowest price Domestic Furs.

For Gentlemen the largest assortment of Fur Collars, Gloves, Gauntlets, &c.; being the direct Importers of all our Furs and Manufacturers of them under our own supervision, we feel satisfied we can offer better inducements to dealers and the public generally than any other house, having an immense assortment to select from and at the Manufacturers' prices. *We only ask a call.*

JOHN FAREIRA & CO.,
No. 818 Market Street, above Eighth, Phild'a.
Sept. 21, 1857. 4m

25 WITNESSES;
OR,
THE FORGER CONVICTED.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. CIRCULATION OVER 100,000 COPIES WEEKLY.

JOHN S. DYE IS THE AUTHOR,
Who has had 10 years experience as a Banker and Publisher, and author of
A Series of Lectures at the Broadway Tabernacle,
when, for 10 successive nights, over
☞ 50,000 People ☜
Greeted him with rounds of applause, while he exhibited the manner in which Counterfeiters execute their frauds, and the surest and shortest means of
Detecting them!
The Bank Note Engravers all say he is the greatest Judge of Paper Money living.

GREATEST DISCOVERY
OF THE PRESENT CENTURY FOR
DETECTING COUNTERFEIT BANK NOTES.
Describing every Genuine Bill in existence, and exhibiting, at a glance, every Counterfeit in Circulation!
Arranged so admirably that REFERENCE IS EASY AND DETECTION INSTANTANEOUS.
☞No index to examine! No pages to hunt up! But so simplified and arranged that the Merchant, the Banker and Business man can see *all at a Glance.*

English, French and German.
THUS EACH MAY READ THE SAME IN HIS OWN NATIVE TONGUE.
MOST PERFECT BANK NOTE LIST PUBLISHED
Also, a list of
ALL THE PRIVATE BANKERS IN AMERICA!
A Complete Summary of the Finance of Europe and America will be published in each edition, together with all the important News of the day. Also,
A SERIES OF TALES,
From an old Manuscript found in the East. It furnishes the most Complete History of
ORIENTAL LIFE,
Describing the most Perplexing Situations in which the Ladies and Gentlemen of that country have been so often found. These Stories will continue throughout the whole year, and will prove the most entertaining ever offered to the public.

☞Furnished Weekly to Subscribers only, at $1 a year. All letters must be addressed to

JOHN S. DYE, Broker,
Publisher and Proprietor, 70 Wall street,
April 27, 1857. 1y New York.

REMOVAL.
Alex. Frazer, Watch and Clock-maker,

HAS removed his shop to Carlisle street, below Hoke's store, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.

Gettysburg, May 18, 1857.

TOBACCO & SEGARS, of best brands, and at astonishingly low rates these high times, at the Flour, Provision and Grocery Store of GILLESPIE & THOMAS.

NEW FIRM.
Family Groceries and Confections.

THE undersigned have purchased the Grocery Store of E. H. MINNIGH, on the Northwest corner of the Diamond, formerly occupied by A. B. Kurtz, where they invite the attention of all who may wish Groceries, Confections, Fruits—Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Starch, Soda, Spices of all kinds, Lemons, Figs, Almonds, &c. Also, a fine assortment of chewing and smoking Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c. ☞Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

WM. BOYER & SON.
September 7, 1857.

JUST IN SEASON
AND NEVER OUT OF SEASON!

FARMERS, read this, and then come and buy, for we still have "a few more left!" The subscriber takes this method of calling the attention of the public in general to that valuable piece of machinery, styled

Hersh's Patent Hay Hoister and Manure Excavator.

Having the right of all Adams county, he will sell either machines or township rights.

H. G. CARR.

Also, at the same place, you can be accommodated with as fine BUGGIES as can be got up in the State for the same money—constantly kept on hand.

Repairing done, neatly and cheaply, at short notice. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 18, 1857 6m

The Rev. C. S. Burnett,

WHILE laboring as a Missionary in Southern Asia, discovered a simple and certain Cure for *Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Nervous Debility*, and all impurities of the *Blood*; also, an easy and effectual mode of Inhaling the *Remedy*. Actuated by a desire to benefit his suffering fellows, he will cheerfully send the Recipe (free) to such as desire it, with full and explicit directions for preparing and successfully using the Medicine. Address

REV. C. S. BURNETT,
831 Broadway, N. Y. City.
August 3, 1857. 6m

Important Discovery.

CONSUMPTION
And all Diseases of the Lungs and Throat are Positively Curable by Inhalation,

WHICH conveys the remedies to the cavities in the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent. in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent, for the Lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill—Even, however, in the last stages, Inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge, which annually destroys ninety-five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.

Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful and the gifted. By the help of that Supreme Being from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate effect produced by their deposition in the lungs is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire system. Then surely it is more rational to expect greater good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy, after Inhaling remedies. Thus, Inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain; inhaling the ordinary burning gas will destroy life in a few hours.

The inhalation of ammonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead.—The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled, and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the fact that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air—is not this positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs should produce the happiest results? During eighteen years' practice, many thousands suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat, have been under my care, and I have effected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is no longer a fatal disease. My treatment of consumption is original, and founded on long experience and a thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tubercles, &c., enables me to distinguish readily, the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and apply the proper remedies, rarely being mistaken even in a single case. This familiarity, in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enables me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted chests, to enlarge the chest, purify the blood, impart to it renewed vitality, giving energy and tone to the entire system.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States and Canadas by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. But the cure would be more certain if the patient should pay me a visit, which would give me an opportunity to examine the lungs and enable me to prescribe with much greater certainty, and then the cure could be effected without my seeing the patient again.

G. W. GRAHAM, M. D.,
Office, 1131 Filbert St., (old No. 109,) below 12th,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
July 20, 1857. 1y

300 Doz. Knives and Forks.

HAVING just received of our own importation, from England, a large and extensive assortment of Cutlery, we invite the attention of those in want of any style of Knives and Forks, Carvers, Nut Picks, &c., to come and examine. We will sell at such prices as will defy competition. Also, a large assortment of Table Forks, which will be sold separately. Don't forget to examine the stock at FAHNESTOCKS'.

Country Merchants can be supplied at a small advance. May 18.

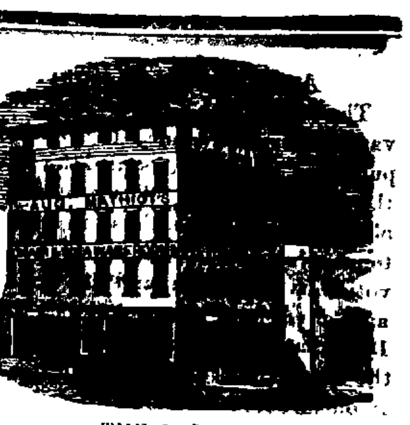
THE PERRY COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE
Insurance Company,

CAPITAL $139,586—effects insurances in any part of the State, against loss by fire; prudently adapts its operations to its resources; affords ample indemnity, and promptly adjusts its losses.

Adams county is represented in the Board of Managers by Hon. MOSES McCLEAN,
WM. McCLEAN, *Agent.*
Office of M. & W. McClean, Gettysburg.
May 26, 1856.

COAL!—Persons desiring to lay in their Winter's supply of Coal, will please send in their orders at once, as it can be furnished cheaper from wagons than from the Yard.—Office in West Middle street.

SHEADS & BUEHLER.



THE LARGEST
Chair & Furniture Establishment
In Baltimore.

MATHIOT'S GAY ST. WAREROOMS, *No. 25 North Gay street*, near Fayette, where are kept always on hand, or made to order, every style of French TETE-A-TETES, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle,

French Full Stuff and Medallion Parlor ARM CHAIRS, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

French Full Stuff Carved PARLOR CHAIRS, in sets, with Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

SOFAS, half French Spring Mahogany and Walnut Parlor CHAIRS, in Hair, Cloth or Plush.

ROCKING CHAIRS—various designs, in Hair, Cloth and Plush.

Stuff Spring LOUNGES—a large assortment always on hand, or any pattern made or covered with any goods to order.

CHAMBER SUITS—in Mahogany or Walnut, complete, from $34 up.

CANE CHAIRS and Rocking do.—the largest assortment ready made in any one house in the United States—from $12 a dozen up.

Bar Room, Office and Dining CHAIRS, in Oak, Walnut or Mahogany, with Cane, Wood or Stuffed Seats—an assortment embracing over 50 dozen.

Wood seat CHAIRS and SETTEES and Rocking Chairs—over 100 dozen.

A. MATHIOT, 25 North Gay Street, near Fayette street.

May 18, 1857. 1y

CHOICE FARM LANDS
FOR SALE.

THE Illinois Central Railroad Company is now prepared to sell about

1,500,000 Acres of
CHOICE FARMING LANDS,

in tracts of about FORTY ACRES, *on long credits and at low rates of interests.*

These lands were granted by the Government to aid in the construction of this Road, and are among the richest and most fertile in the world. They extend from North East and North West, through the middle of the State, to the extreme South, and include every variety of climate and productions found between those parallels of latitude. The Northern portion is chiefly prairie, interspersed with fine groves, and in the middle and Southern sections timber predominates, alternating with beautiful prairies and openings.

The climate is more healthy, mild and equable, than any other part of the country—the air is pure and bracing, while living streams and springs of excellent water abound.

Bituminous Coal is extensively mined, and supplies a cheap and desirable fuel, being furnished at many points at $2 to $4 per ton—and wood can be had at the same rate per cord.

Building Stone of excellent quality also abounds, which can be procured for little more than the expense of transportation.

The great fertility of these lands, which are a black rich mould from two to five feet deep, and gently rolling,—their contiguity to this Road, by which every facility is furnished for travel and transportation, to the principal markets North, South, East and West, and the economy with which they can be cultivated, render them the most valuable investment that can be found; and present the most favorable opportunity, for persons of industrious habits and small means, to acquire a comfortable independence in a few years.

Chicago is the greatest grain market in the world—and the facility and economy with which the products of these lands can be transported to that market, make them much more profitable, at the prices asked, than those more remote at government rates,—as the additional cost of transportation is a perpetual tax on the latter, which must be borne by the producer, in the reduced price he receives for his grain, &c.

The Title is Perfect—and when the final payments are made, Deeds are executed by the Trustees appointed by the State, and in whom the title is vested, to the purchasers, which convey to them absolute titles in Fee Simple, free and clear of every incumbrance, lien or mortgage.

The Prices are from $6 to $30; Interest only 3 per cent. Twenty per cent. will be deducted from the credit price for Cash.

Those who purchase on long credit, give notes payable in 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 years after date, and are required to improve one-tenth annually for five years, so as to have one-half the land in cultivation, at the end of that time.

Competent Surveyors will accompany those who wish to examine these Lands, free of charge, and aid them in making selections.

The Lands remaining unsold are as rich and valuable as those which have been disposed of.

☞*Sectional Maps* will be sent to anyone who will enclose fifty cents in Postage Stamps, and Books or Pamphlets, containing numerous instances of successful farming, signed by respectable and well known farmers living in the neighborhood of Railroad Lands, throughout the State—also the cost of fencing, price of cattle, expense of harvesting, threshing, etc.—or any information—will be cheerfully given on application, either personally or by letter, in English, French or German, addressed to

JOHN WILSON,
Land Commissioner of the Illinois Central R. R. Co.
☞Office in Illinois Central Railroad Depot, Chicago, Illinois.
April 20, 1857. 6m

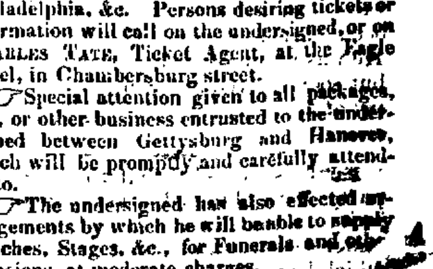
TWO DAILY LINES
TO HANOVER.

EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.—The undersigned returns his thanks to the public for the encouragement heretofore extended to him, and takes pleasure in announcing that he has completed arrangements by which TWO DAILY LINES of Coaches will run between Gettysburg and Hanover, to connect with the trains to and from Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c. Persons desiring tickets or information will call on the undersigned, or on CHARLES TATE, Ticket Agent, at the Eagle Hotel, in Chambersburg street.

☞Special attention given to all packages, &c., or other business entrusted to the undersigned between Gettysburg and Hanover, which will be promptly and carefully attended to.

☞The undersigned has also effected arrangements by which he will be able to supply Coaches, Stages, &c., for Funerals and other occasions, at moderate charges.

NICHOLAS WEAVER.
Gettysburg, April 13, 1857.



CANDLES AT 16 CENTS.—A fine article of Mould Candles can be had, at 16 cents per pound, at NORBECK'S, Kerr's old corner.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com